

IOWA

Caltech



UNIVERSITY
of VIRGINIA



UNIVERSITY OF
NOTRE DAME

RADiCAL

a Radiation Hard Innovative EM Calorimeter

JAMES WETZEL



Caltech
IOWA



Beam Test Results of the RADiCAL

a Radiation Hard Innovative EM Calorimeter

RADiCAL Collaboration

IOWA

U. Akgun, P. Debbins, D. Blend, M. Herrmann, G. Karaman, O. Koseyan, M. Mohammed, Y. Onel, and J. Wetzel

Caltech

C. Hu, L. Zhang and R-Y. Zhu



T. Anderson, N. Chigapurupati, B. Cox, M. Dubnowski, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy and C. Perez Lara



T. Barbera, K. Ford, A. Heering, C. Jessop, Yu. Musienko, R. Ruchti, D. Ruggiero, D. Smith, M. Vigneault, Y. Wan and M. Wayne

A RADiCAL Module



Motivation for RADiCAL

Motivation for RADiCAL

- Goal is to develop a detector module that can:

Motivation for RADiCAL

- Goal is to develop a detector module that can:
 - Survive the unprecedented luminosity provided at a future circular collider, like the FCC-hh proposed at CERN.

Motivation for RADiCAL

- Goal is to develop a detector module that can:
 - Survive the unprecedented luminosity provided at a future circular collider, like the FCC-hh proposed at CERN.
 - While also providing:

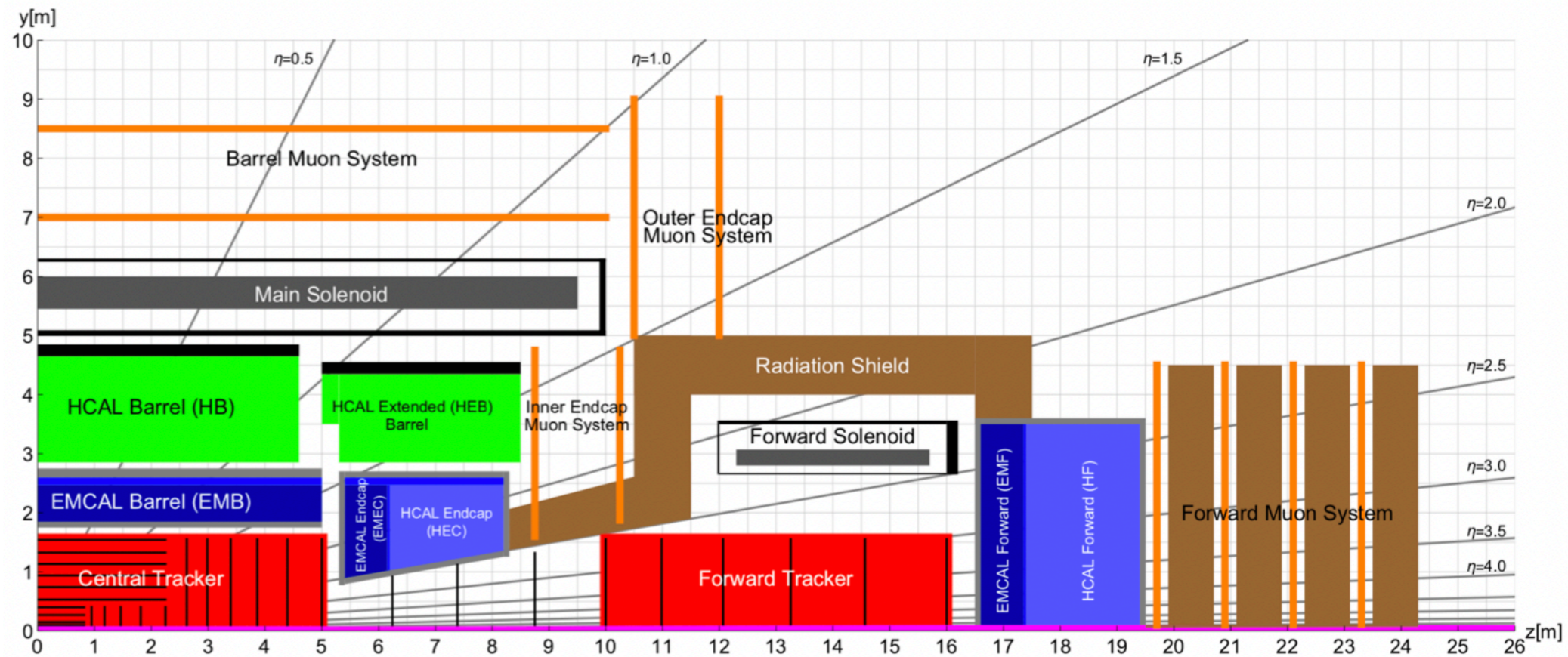
Motivation for RADiCAL

- Goal is to develop a detector module that can:
 - Survive the unprecedented luminosity provided at a future circular collider, like the FCC-hh proposed at CERN.
 - While also providing:
 - precise timing resolution.

Motivation for RADiCAL

- Goal is to develop a detector module that can:
 - Survive the unprecedented luminosity provided at a future circular collider, like the FCC-hh proposed at CERN.
 - While also providing:
 - precise timing resolution.
 - precise energy measurement resolution.

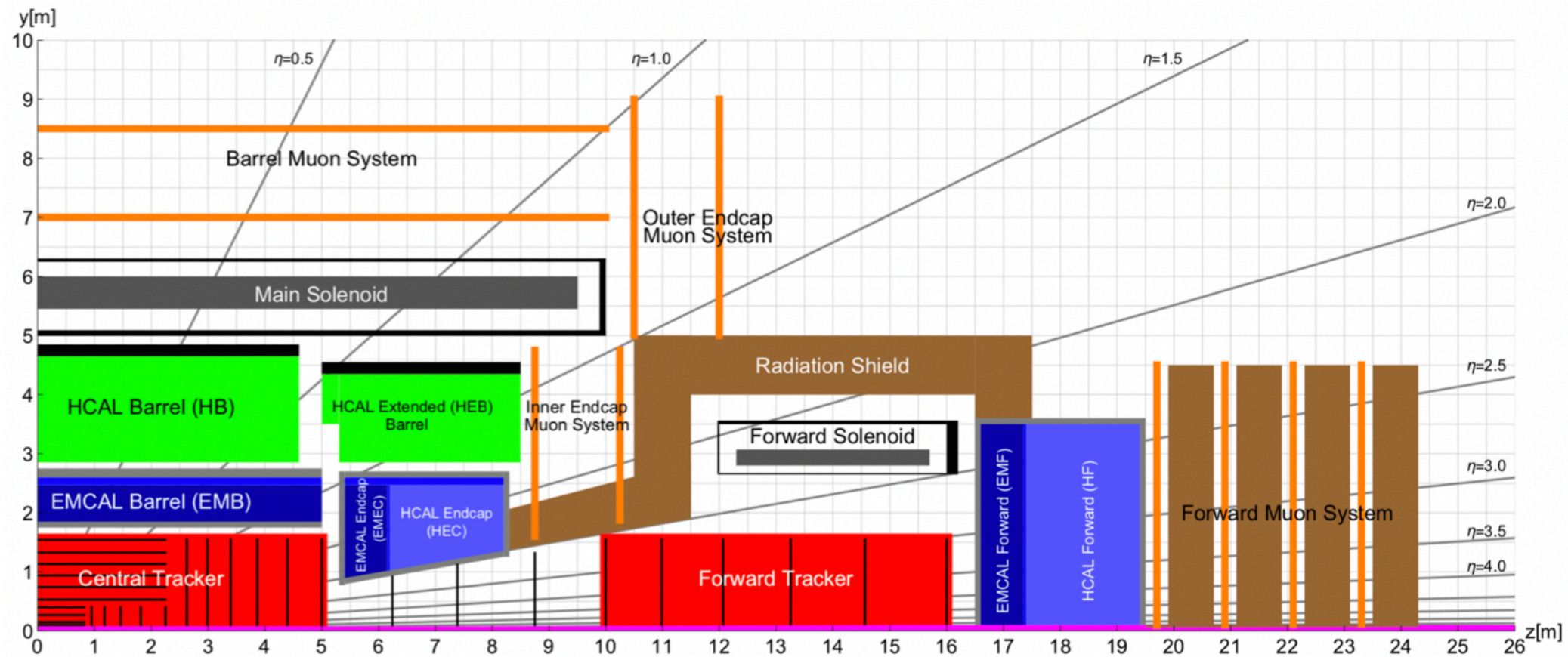
An example FCC-hh Detector



	R_{min}	R_{max}	z coverage	η coverage	Dose	1 MeV n_{eq} fluence
Unit	m	m	m		MGy	$\times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
EMB	1.75	2.75	$ z < 5$	$ \eta < 1.67$	0.1	5
EMEC	0.82–0.96	2.7	$5.3 < z < 6.05$	$1.48 < \eta < 2.50$	1	30
EMF	0.062–0.065	3.6	$16.5 < z < 17.15$	$2.26 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000
HB	2.85	4.89	$ z < 4.6$	$ \eta < 1.26$	0.006	0.3
HEB	2.85	4.59	$4.5 < z < 8.3$	$0.94 < \eta < 1.81$	0.008	0.3
HEC	0.96–1.32	2.7	$6.05 < z < 8.3$	$1.59 < \eta < 2.50$	1	20
HF	0.065–0.077	3.6	$17.15 < z < 19.5$	$2.29 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000

Calorimeters for the FCC-hh, M. Aleksa et al. CERN-FCC-PHYS- 2019-0003, 23 December 2019

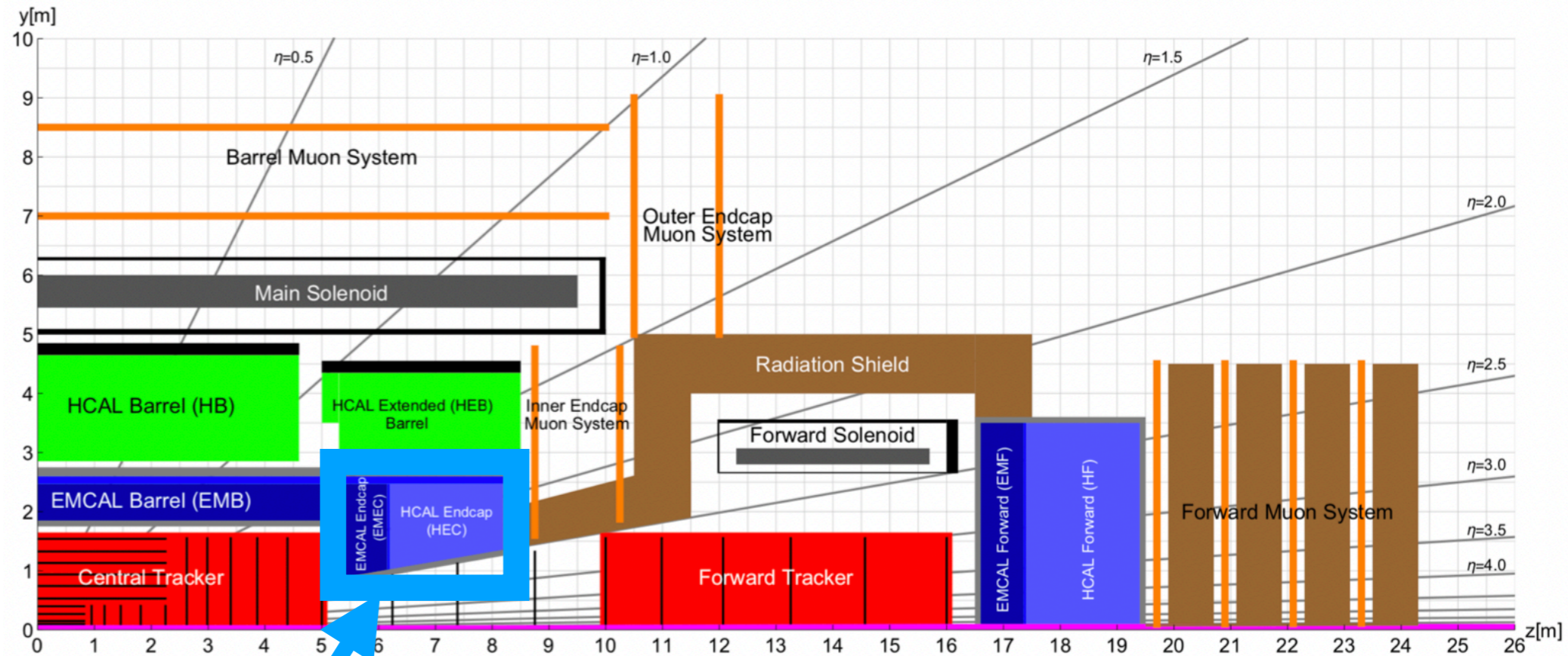
An example FCC-hh Detector



	R_{min}	R_{max}	z coverage	η coverage	Dose	1 MeV n_{eq} fluence
Unit	m	m	m		MGy	$\times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
EMB	1.75	2.75	$ z < 5$	$ \eta < 1.67$	0.1	5
EMEC	0.82–0.96	2.7	$5.3 < z < 6.05$	$1.48 < \eta < 2.50$	1	30
EMF	0.062–0.065	3.6	$16.5 < z < 17.15$	$2.26 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000
HB	2.85	4.89	$ z < 4.6$	$ \eta < 1.26$	0.006	0.3
HEB	2.85	4.59	$4.5 < z < 8.3$	$0.94 < \eta < 1.81$	0.008	0.3
HEC	0.96–1.32	2.7	$6.05 < z < 8.3$	$1.59 < \eta < 2.50$	1	20
HF	0.065–0.077	3.6	$17.15 < z < 19.5$	$2.29 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000

Calorimeters for the FCC-hh, M. Aleksa et al. CERN-FCC-PHYS- 2019-0003, 23 December 2019

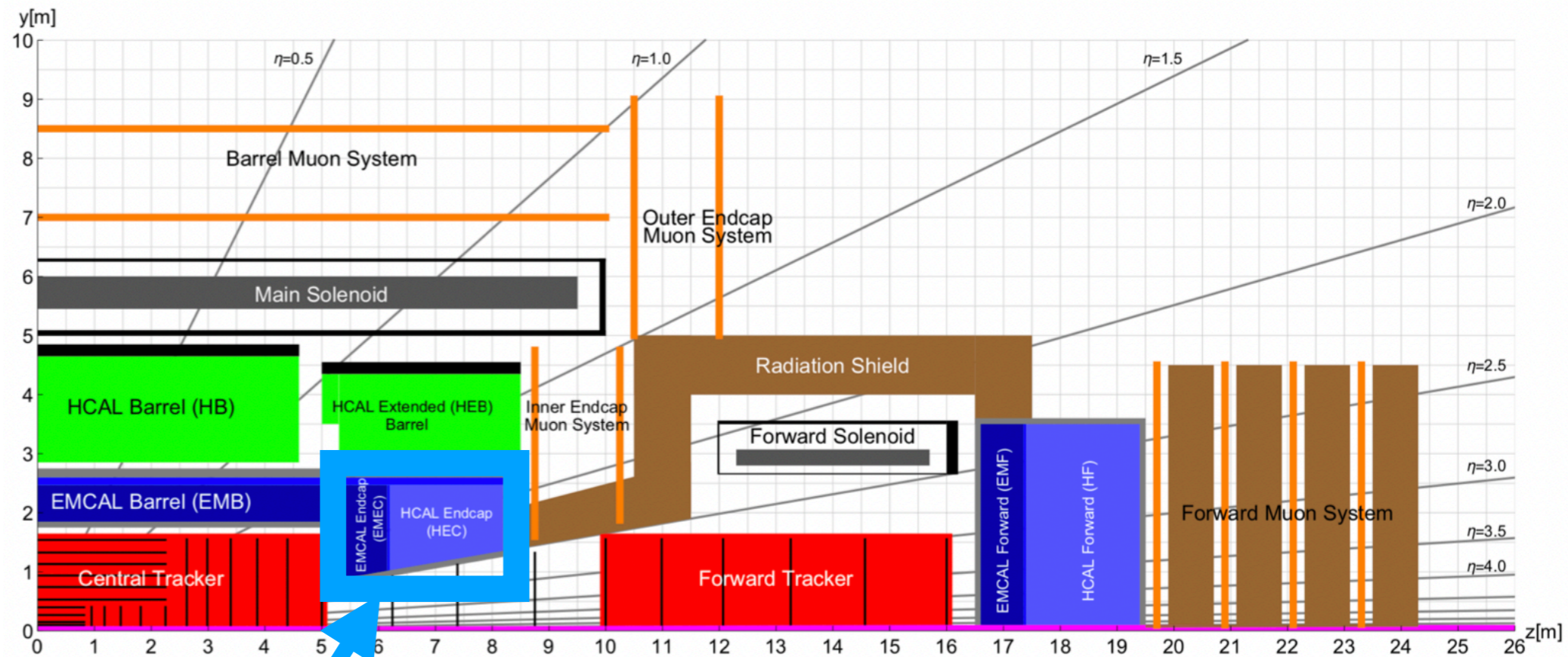
An example FCC-hh Detector



	R_{min}	R_{max}	z coverage	η coverage	Dose	1 MeV n_{eq} fluence
Unit	m	m	m		MGy	$\times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
EMB	1.75	2.75	$ z < 5$	$ \eta < 1.67$	0.1	5
EMEC	0.82–0.96	2.7	$5.3 < z < 6.05$	$1.48 < \eta < 2.50$	1	30
EMF	0.062–0.065	3.6	$16.5 < z < 17.15$	$2.26 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000
HB	2.85	4.89	$ z < 4.6$	$ \eta < 1.26$	0.006	0.3
HEB	2.85	4.59	$4.5 < z < 8.3$	$0.94 < \eta < 1.81$	0.008	0.3
HEC	0.96–1.32	2.7	$6.05 < z < 8.3$	$1.59 < \eta < 2.50$	1	20
HF	0.065–0.077	3.6	$17.15 < z < 19.5$	$2.29 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000

Calorimeters for the FCC-hh, M. Aleksa et al. CERN-FCC-PHYS- 2019-0003, 23 December 2019

An example FCC-hh Detector



	R_{min}	R_{max}	z coverage	η coverage	Dose	1 MeV n_{eq} fluence
Unit	m	m	m		MGy	$\times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
EMB	1.75	2.75	$ z < 5$	$ \eta < 1.67$	0.1	5
EMEC	0.82–0.96	2.7	$5.3 < z < 6.05$	$1.48 < \eta < 2.50$	1	30
EMF	0.062–0.065	3.6	$16.5 < z < 17.15$	$2.26 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000
HB	2.85	4.89	$ z < 4.6$	$ \eta < 1.26$	0.006	0.3
HEB	2.85	4.59	$4.5 < z < 8.3$	$0.94 < \eta < 1.81$	0.008	0.3
HEC	0.96–1.32	2.7	$6.05 < z < 8.3$	$1.59 < \eta < 2.50$	1	20
HF	0.065–0.077	3.6	$17.15 < z < 19.5$	$2.29 < \eta < 6.0$	5000	5000

Calorimeters for the FCC-hh, M. Aleksa et al. CERN-FCC-PHYS- 2019-0003, 23 December 2019

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Any calorimeter needs to:

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Any calorimeter needs to:
 - Create a shower

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Any calorimeter needs to:
 - Create a shower
 - Contain the shower

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Any calorimeter needs to:
 - Create a shower
 - Contain the shower
 - Measure the shower

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Any calorimeter needs to:
 - Create a shower
 - Contain the shower
 - Measure the shower
 - Hence: the sampling calorimeter or Shashlik.

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

e-



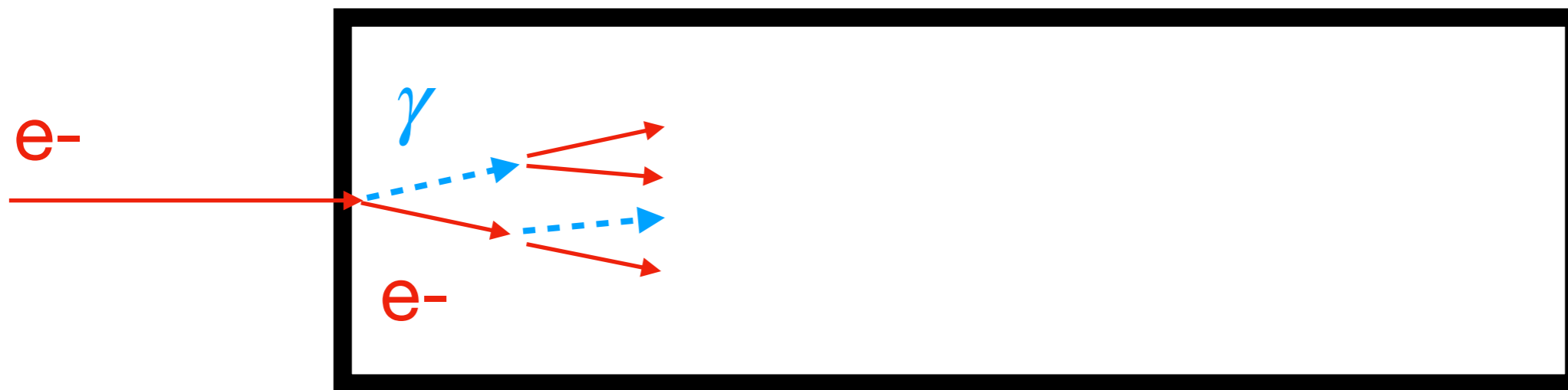
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



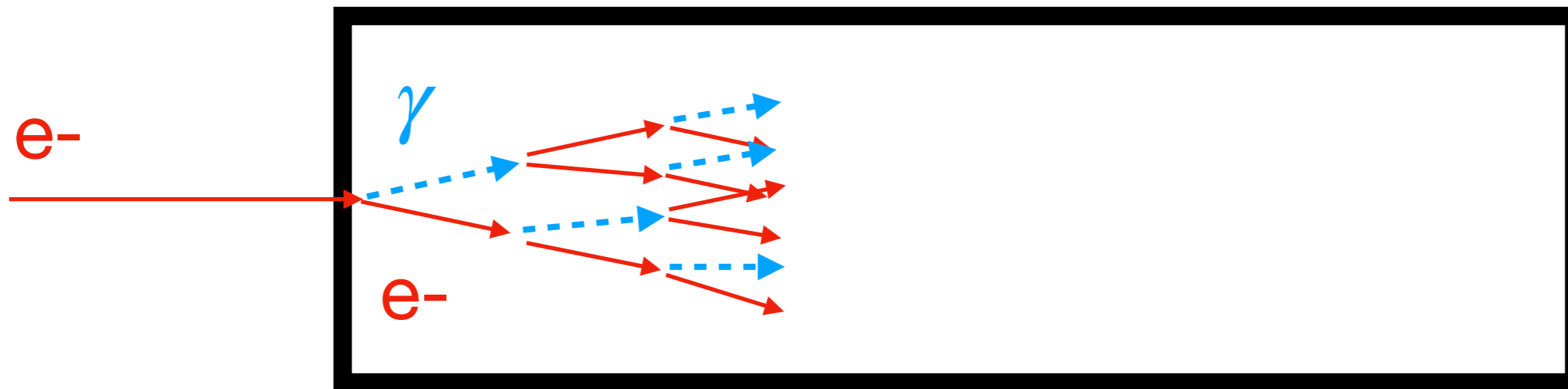
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



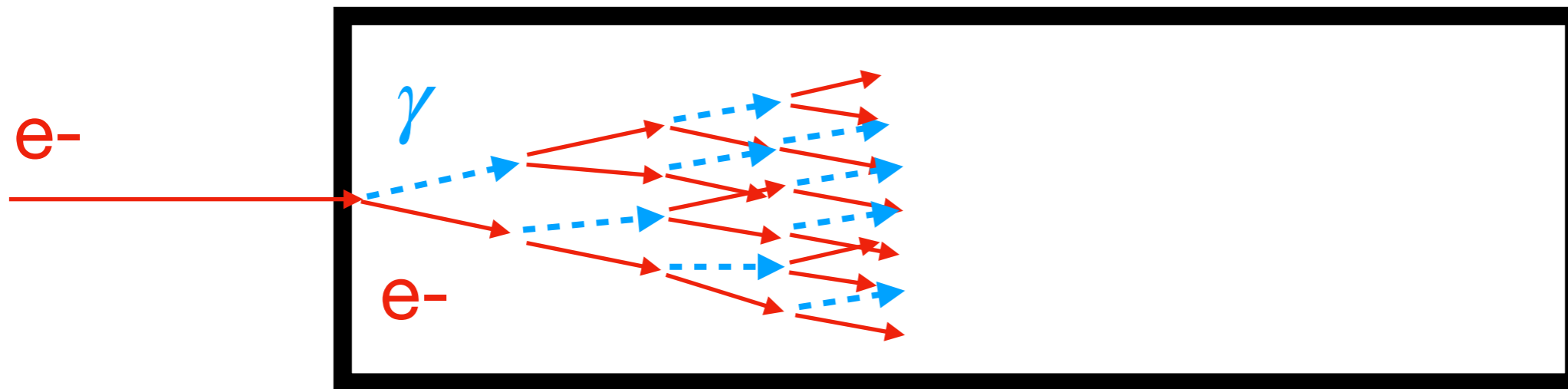
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



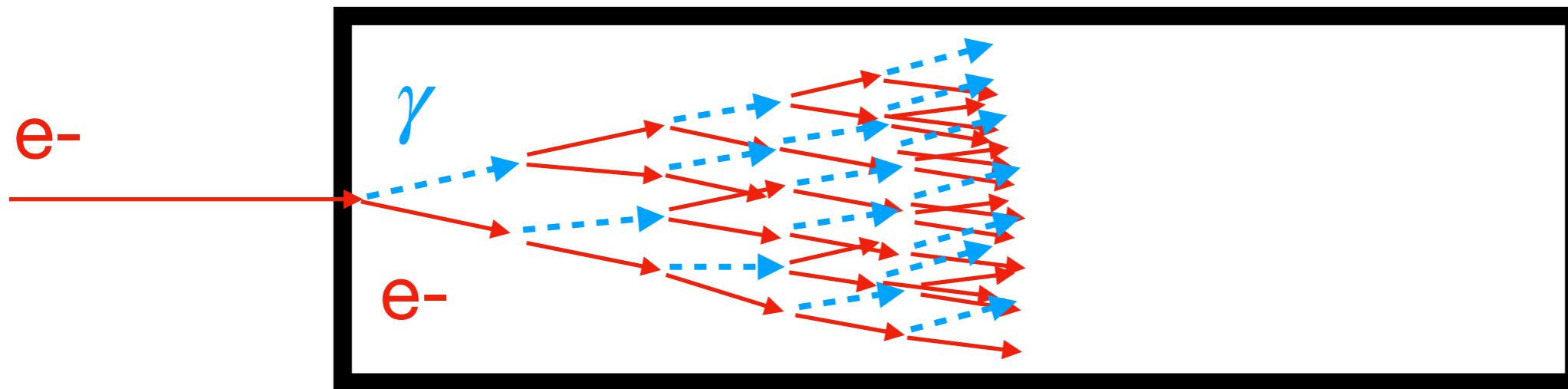
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



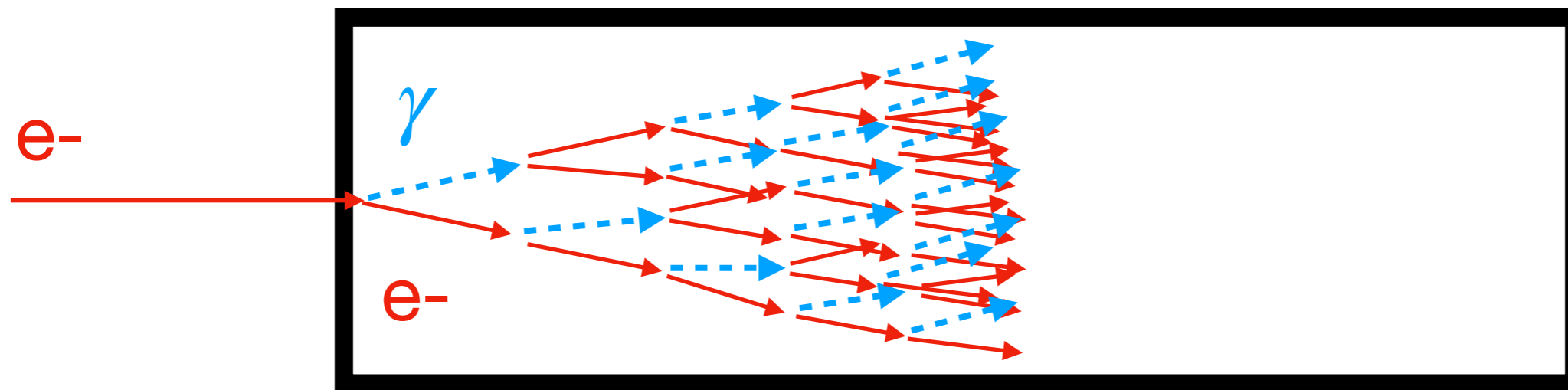
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



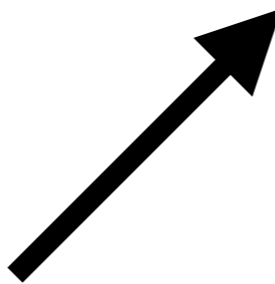
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



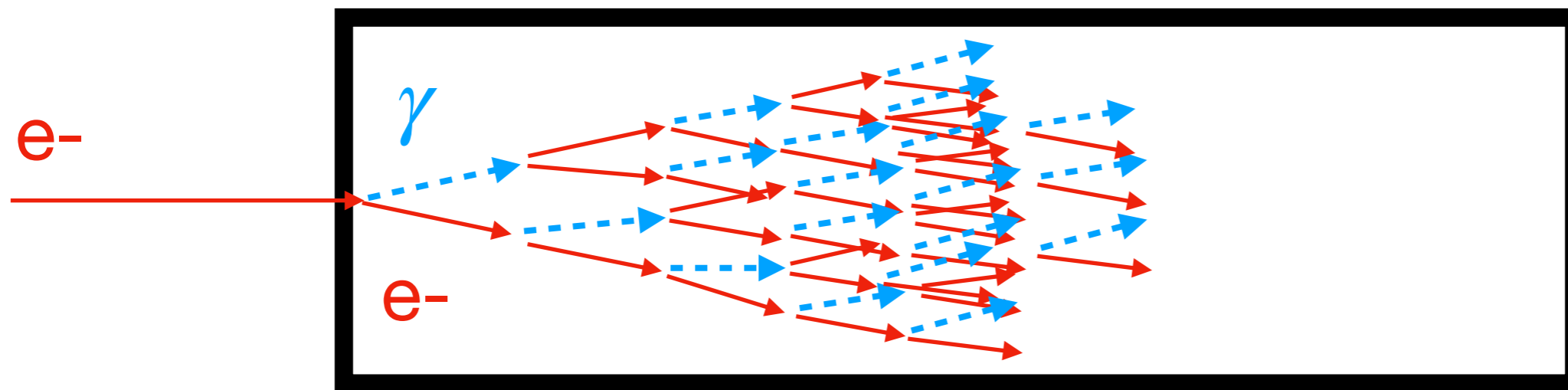
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



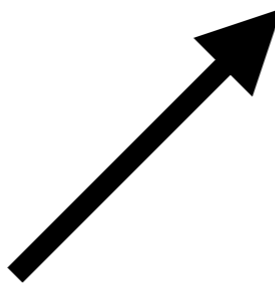
Shower Max



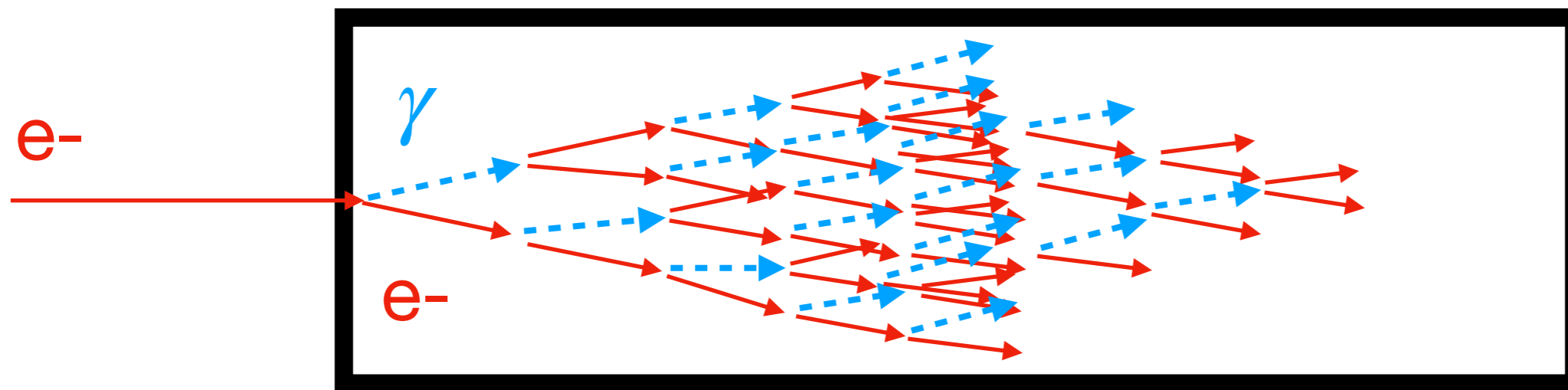
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



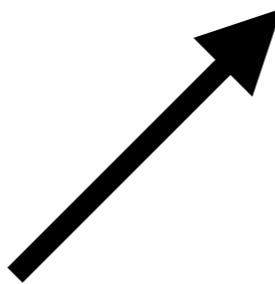
Shower Max



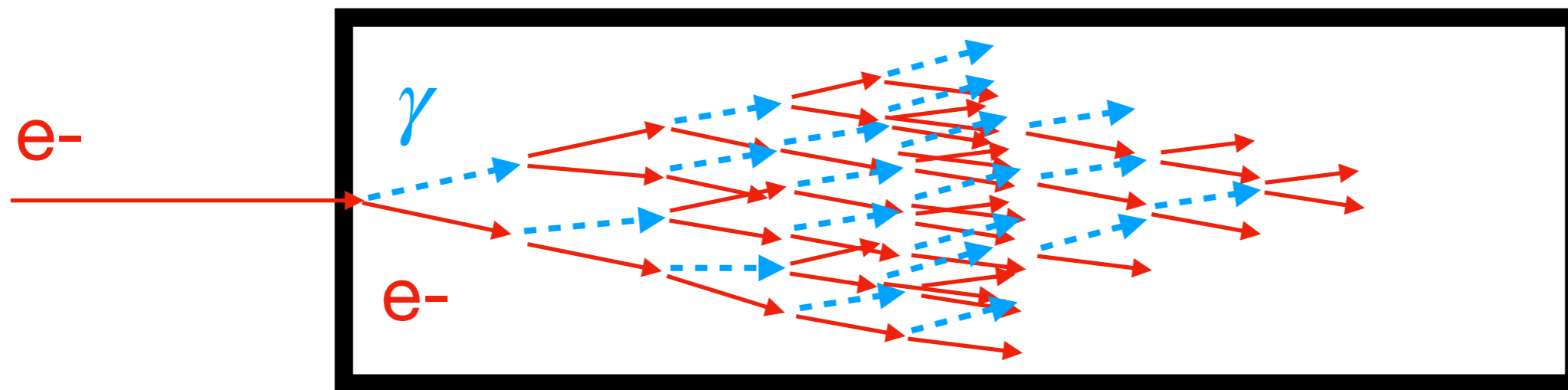
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



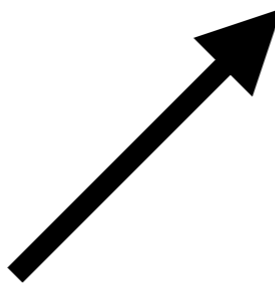
Shower Max



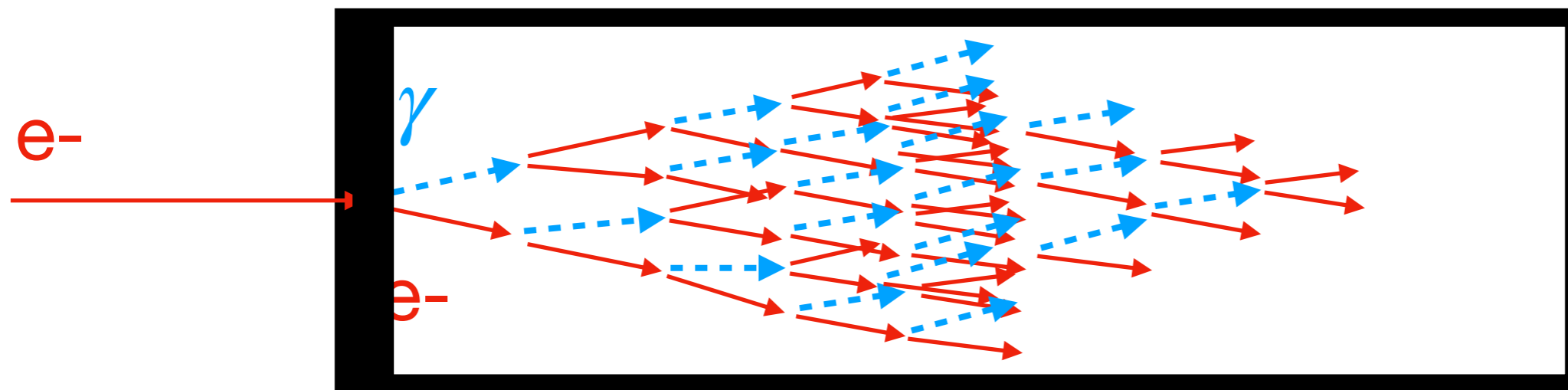
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



Shower Max

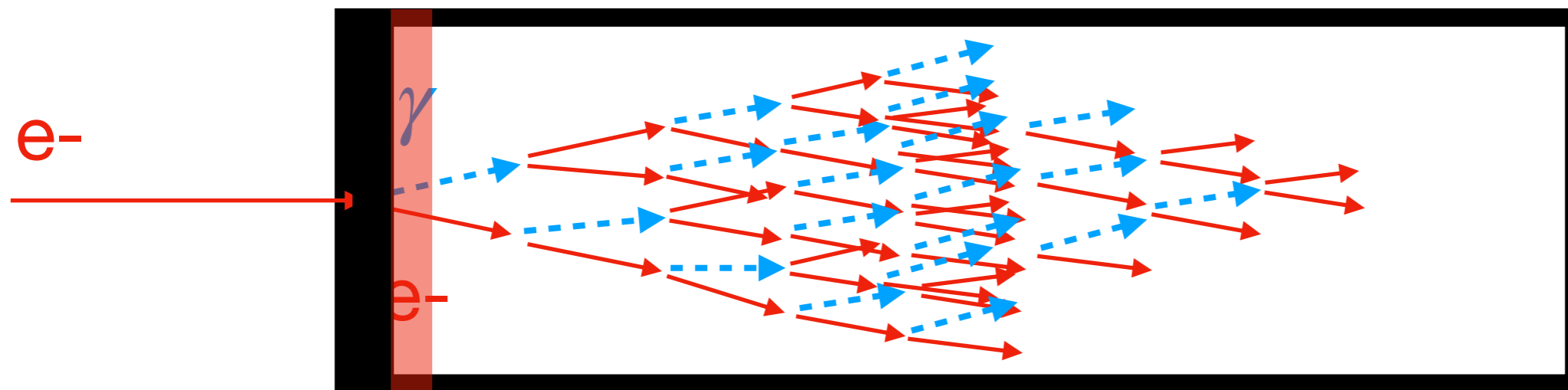


Calorimetry in a Nutshell



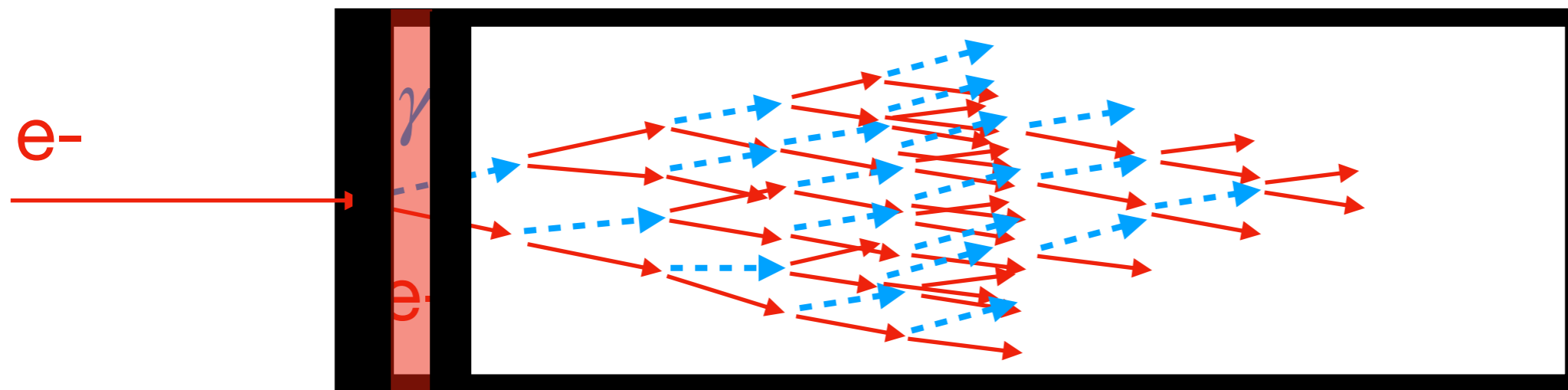
Shower Max

Calorimetry in a Nutshell



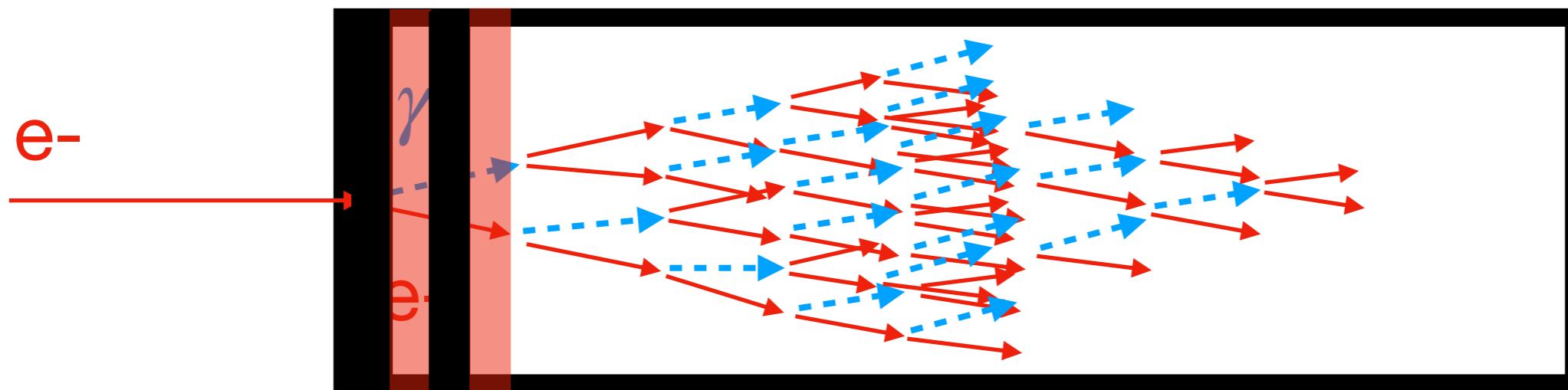
Shower Max

Calorimetry in a Nutshell

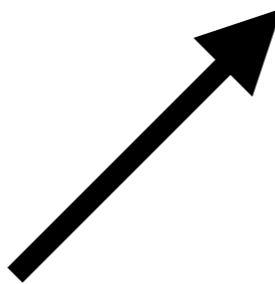


Shower Max

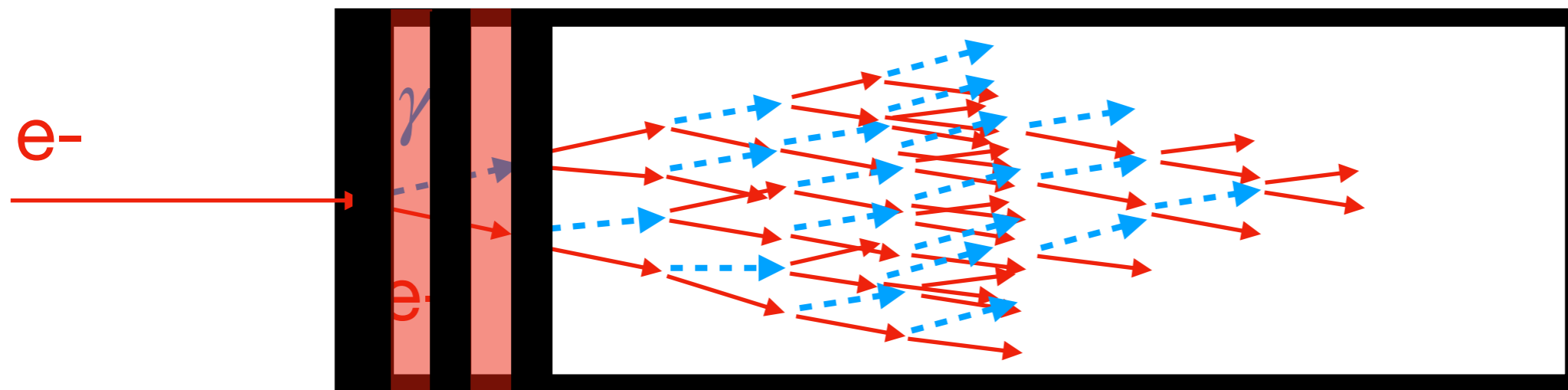
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



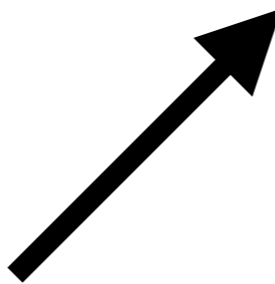
Shower Max



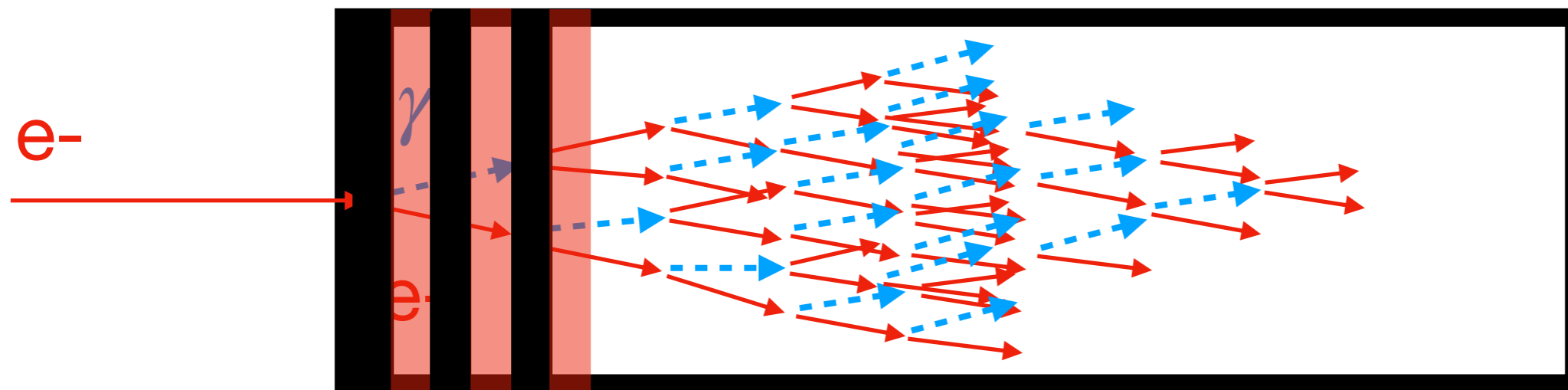
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



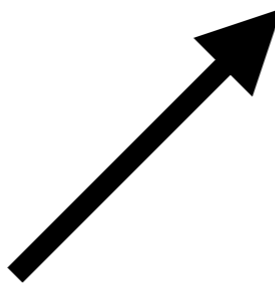
Shower Max



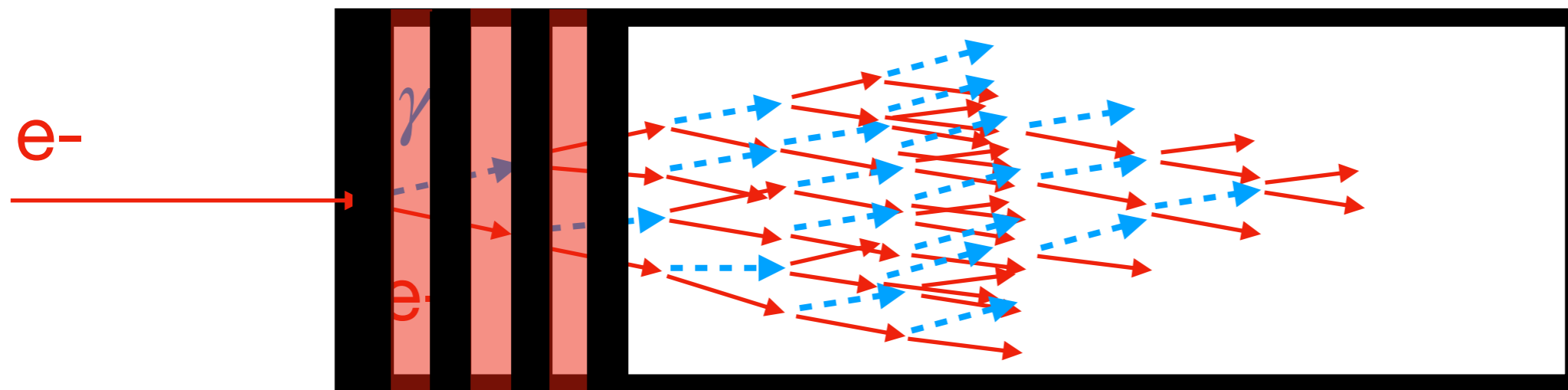
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



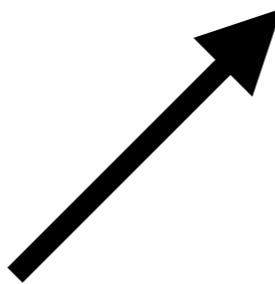
Shower Max



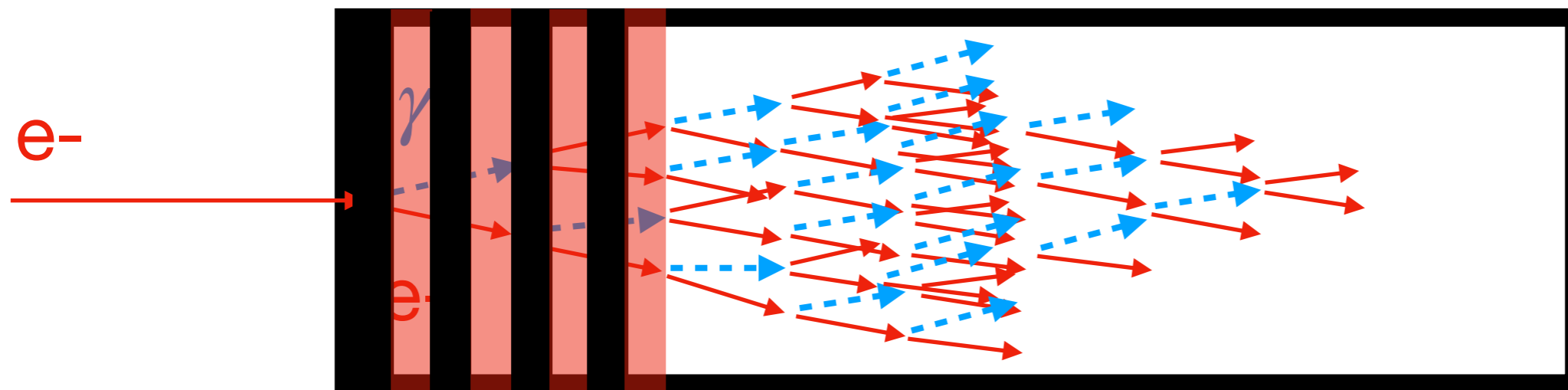
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



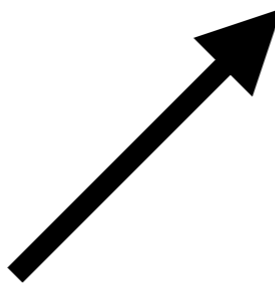
Shower Max



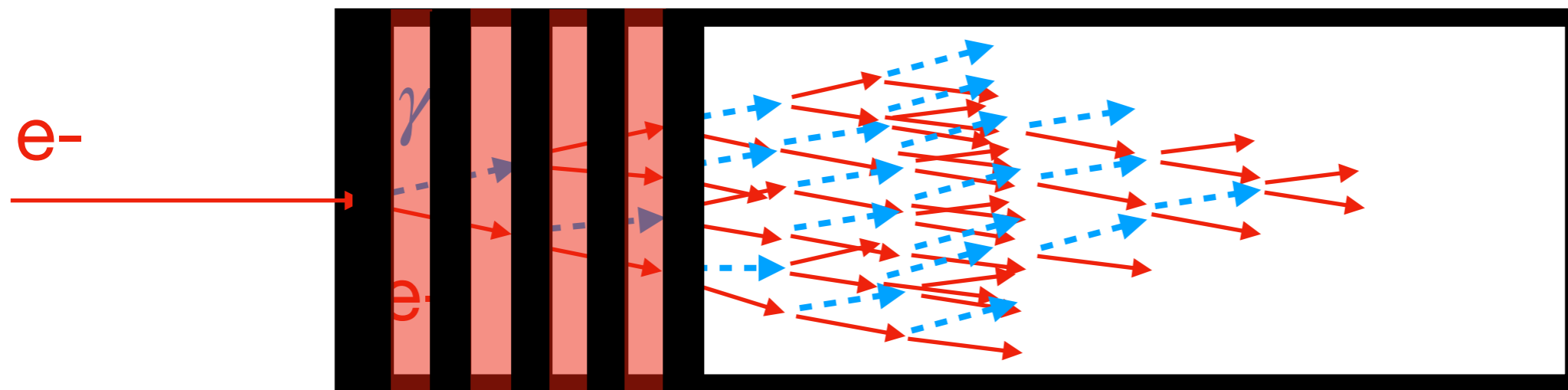
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



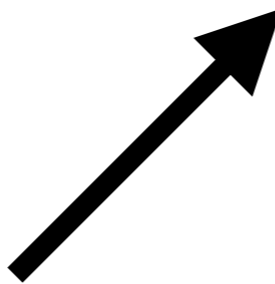
Shower Max



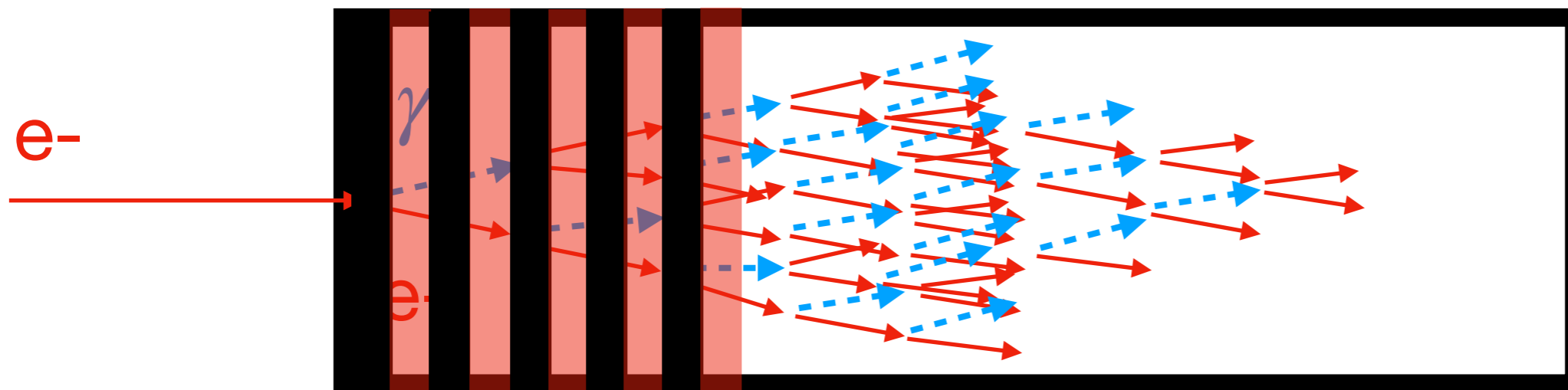
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



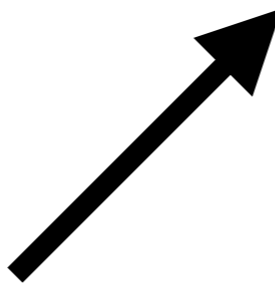
Shower Max



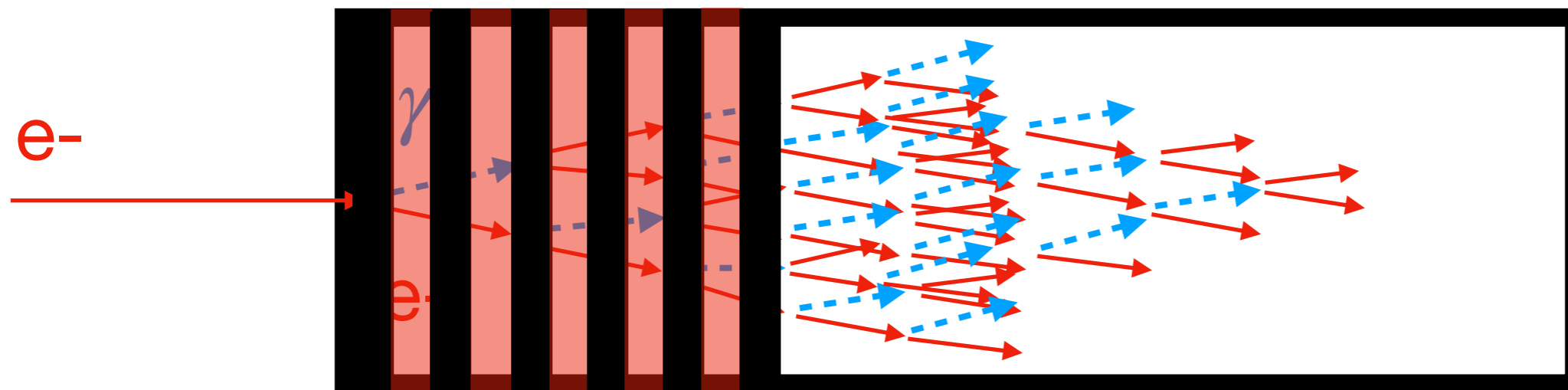
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



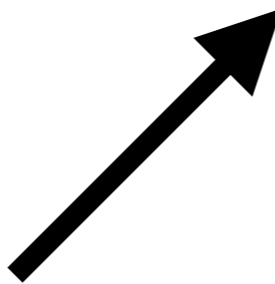
Shower Max



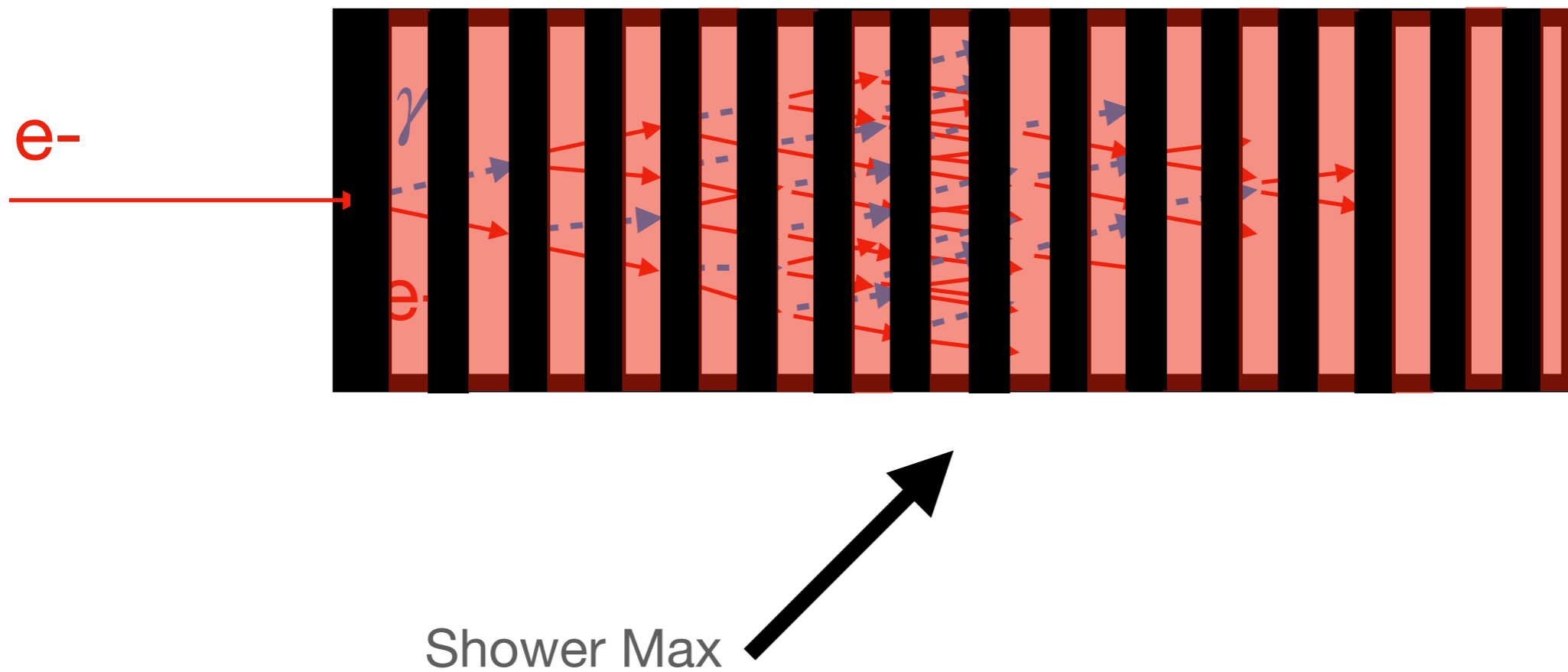
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



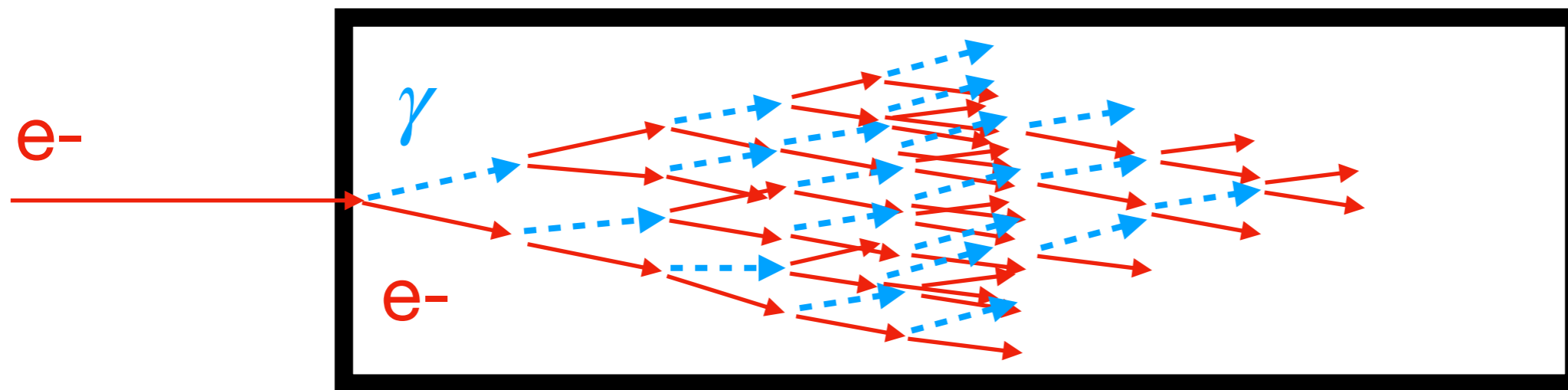
Shower Max



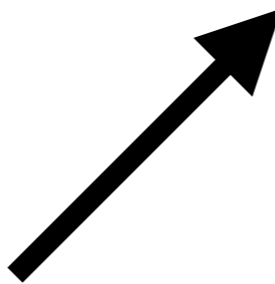
Calorimetry in a Nutshell



Calorimetry in a Nutshell

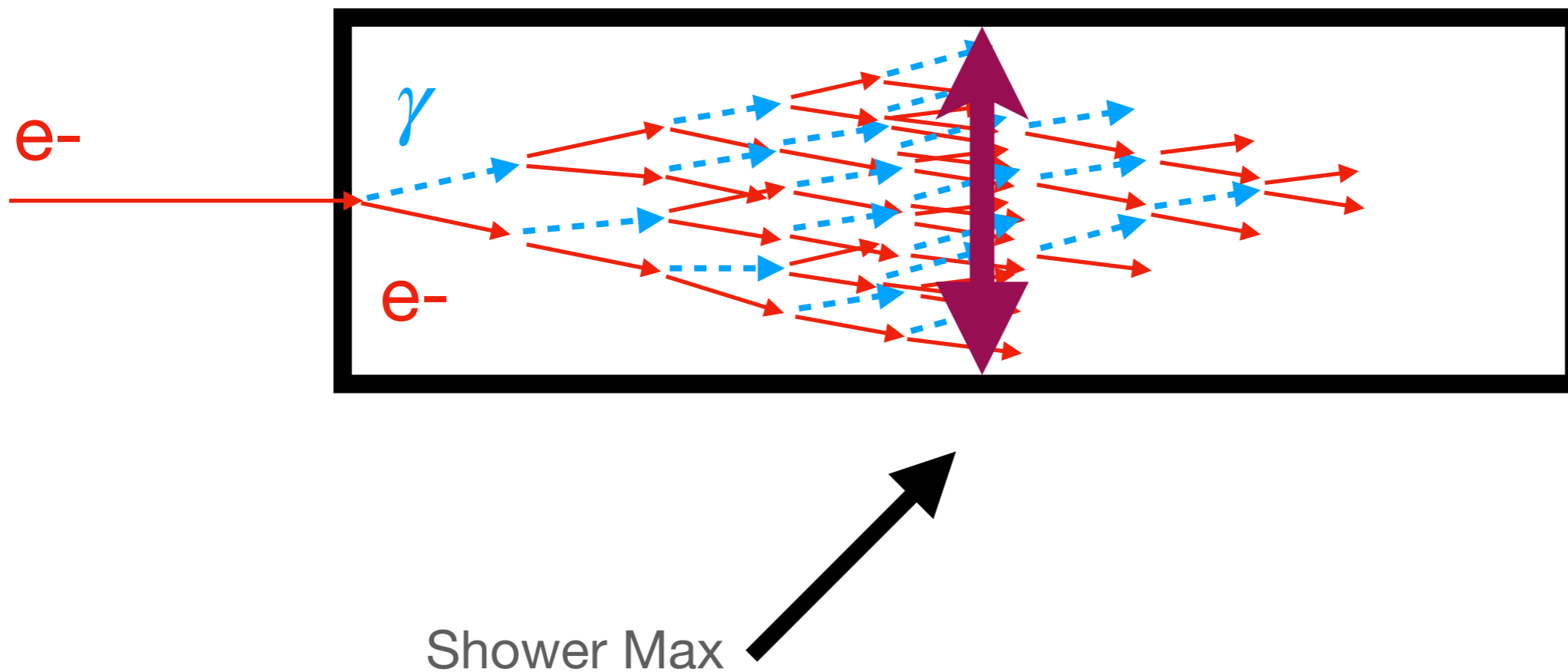


Shower Max



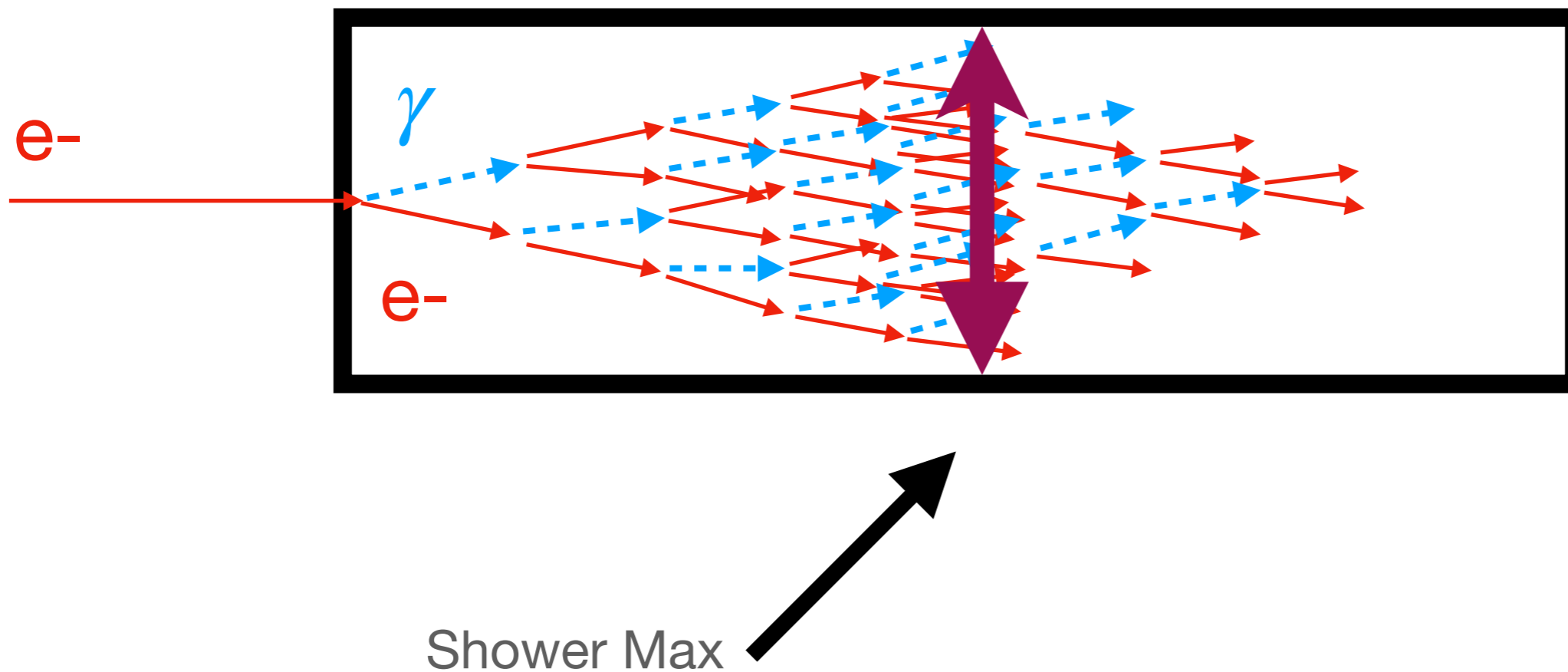
Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Radial size at shower max is called the Molière Radius



Calorimetry in a Nutshell

- Radial size at shower max is called the Molière Radius
- Molière radius is material dependent



Motivation for RADiCAL

Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict Molière radius of 13.7 mm

Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict Molière radius of 13.7 mm

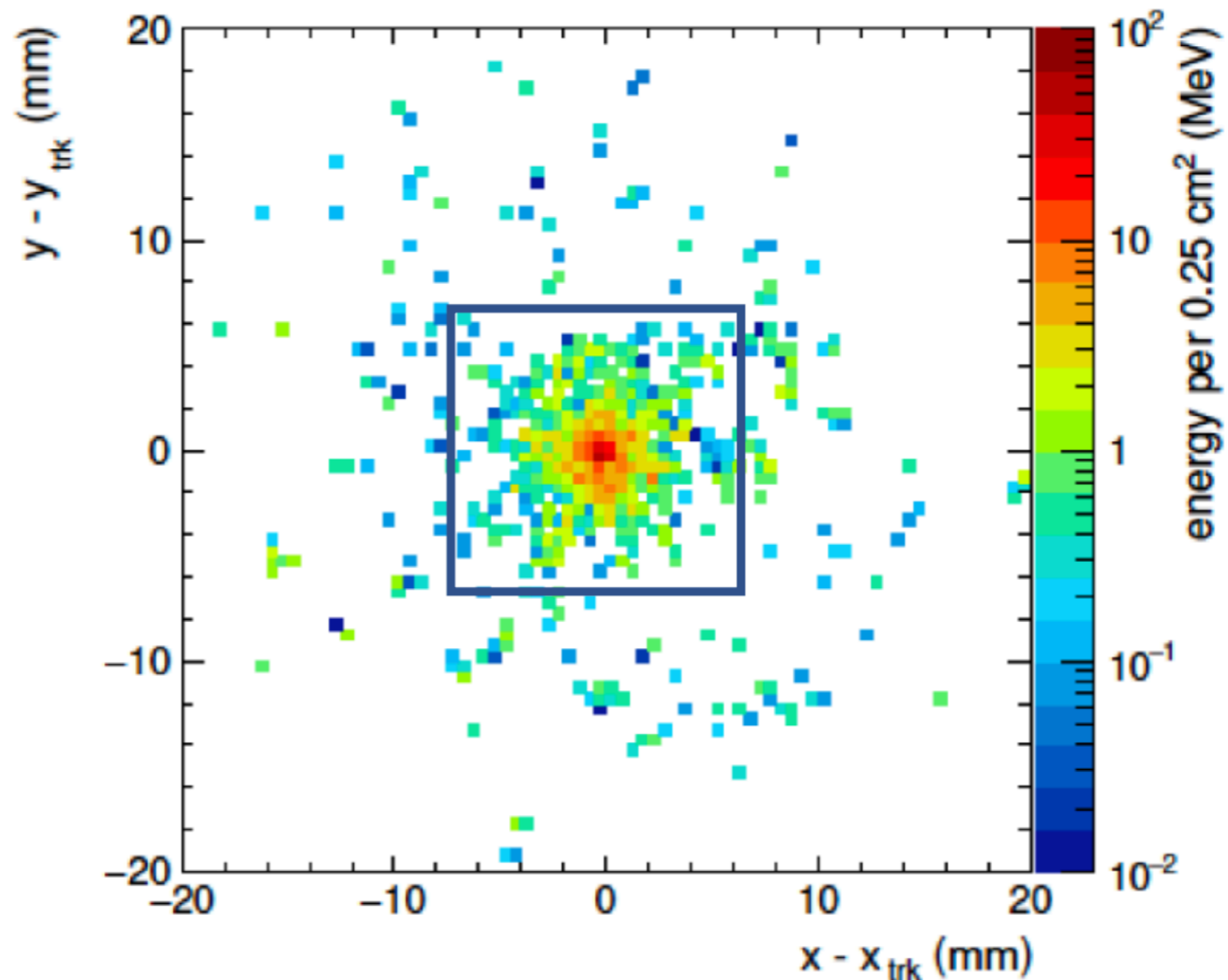
LYSO + W Shashlik

Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict Molière radius of 13.7 mm

LYSO + W Shashlik

A. Ledovskoy

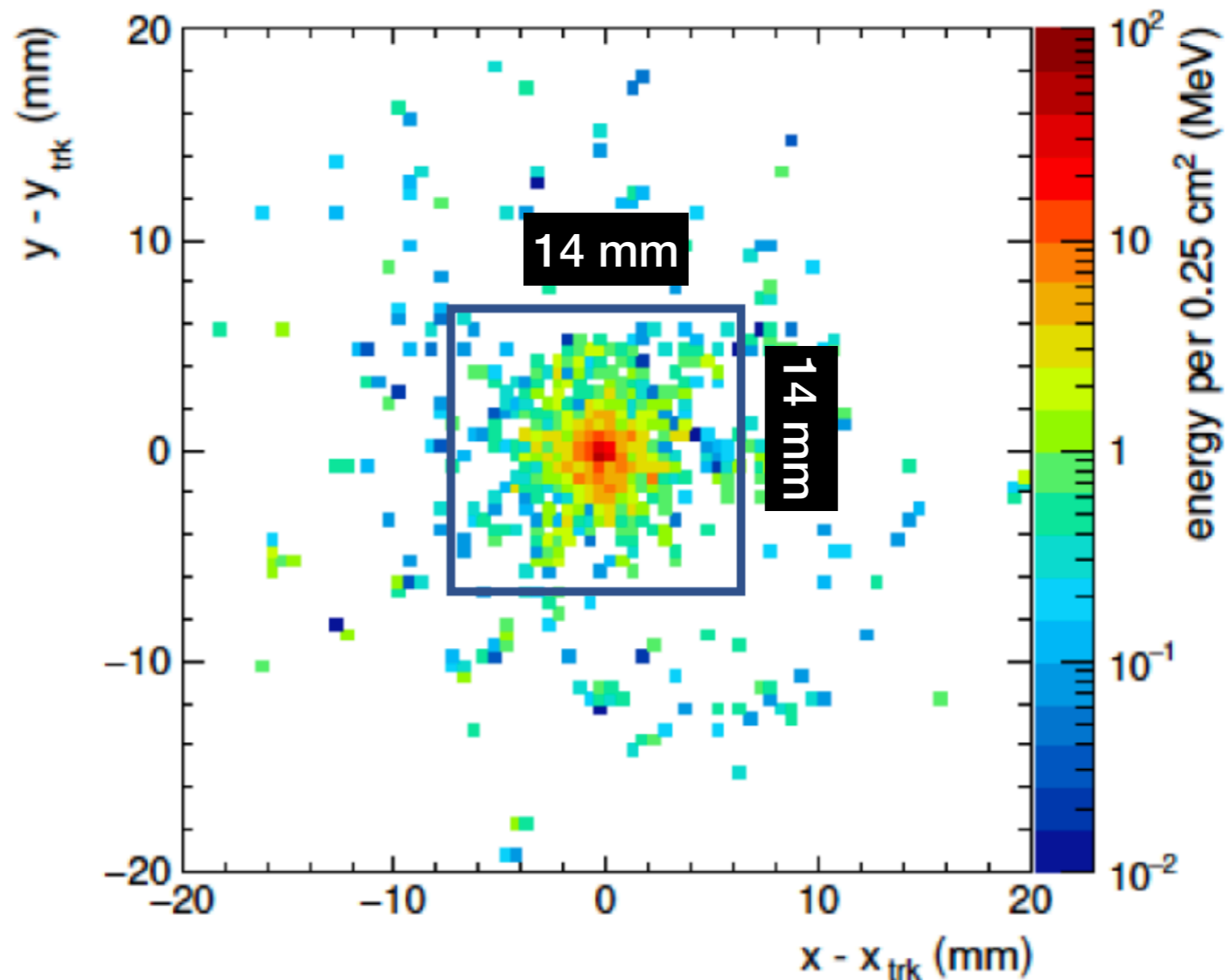


Motivation for RADiCAL

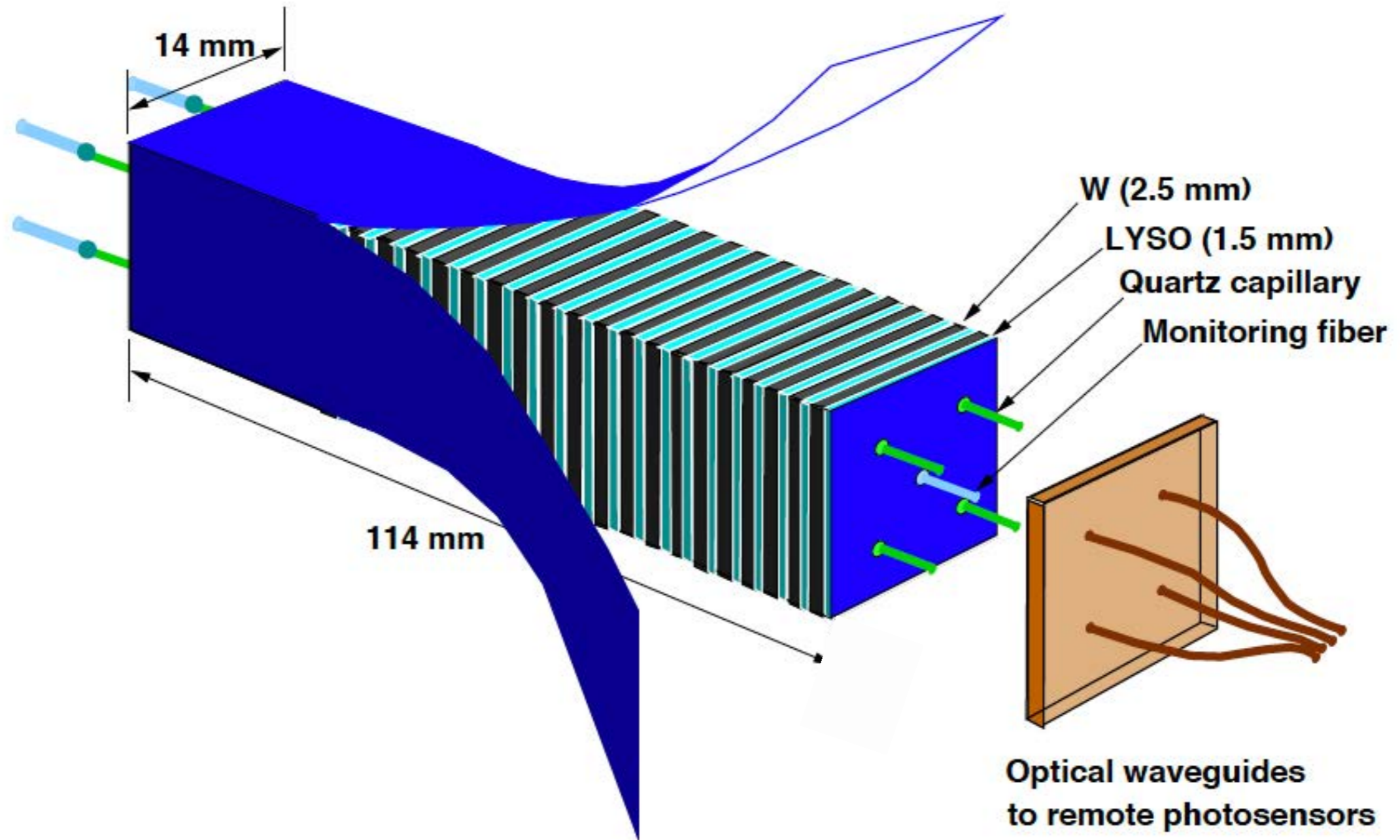
GEANT4 Simulations predict Molière radius of 13.7 mm

LYSO + W Shashlik

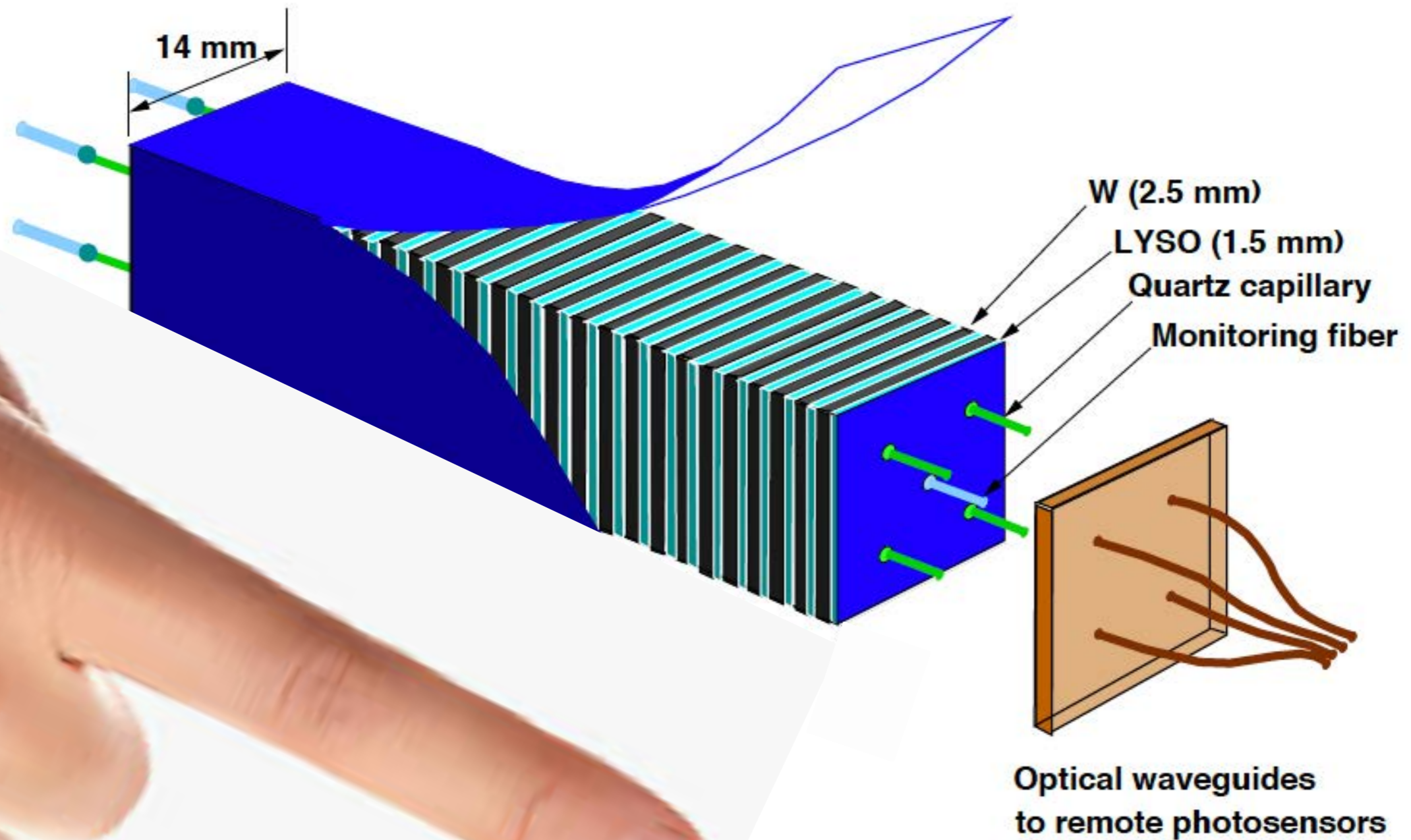
A. Ledovskoy



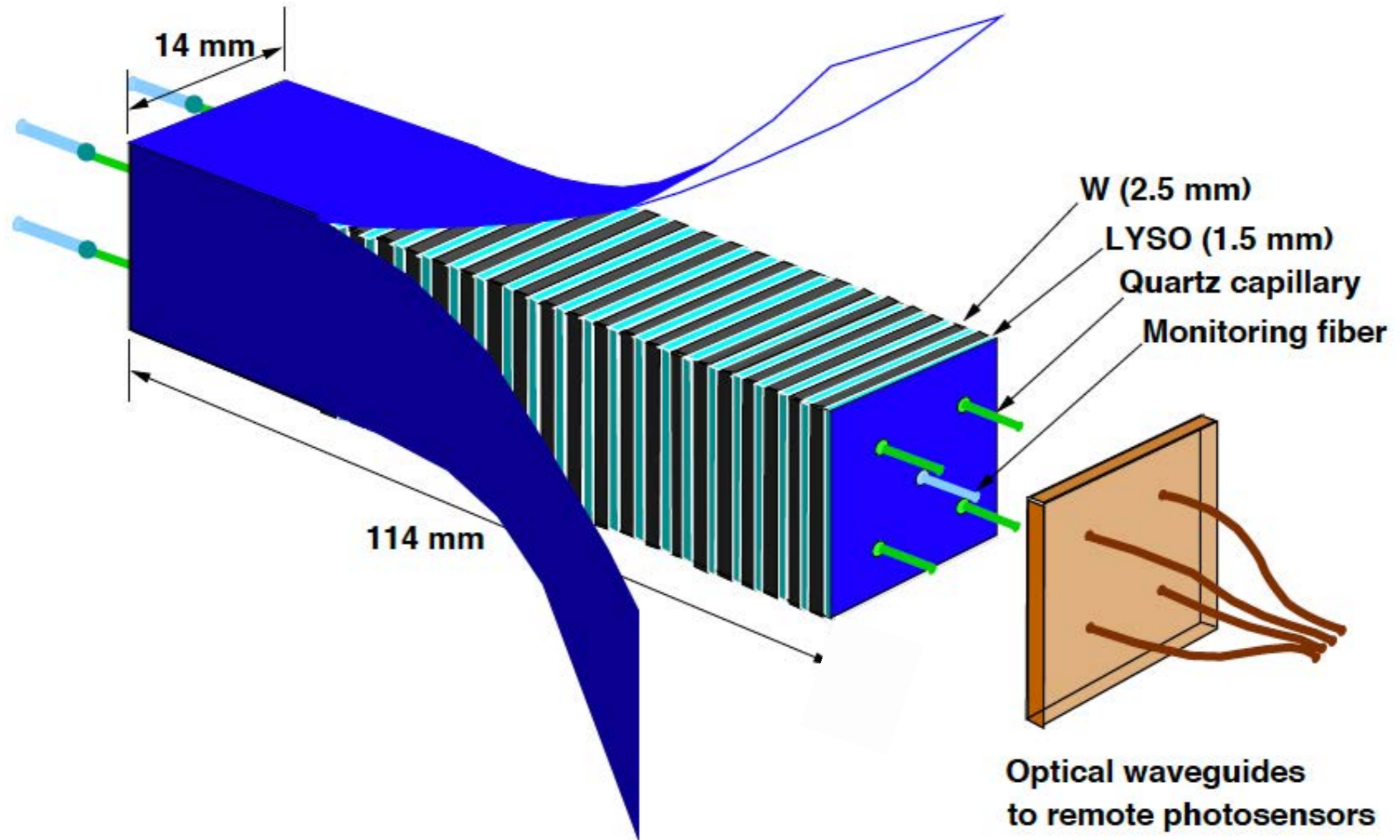
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



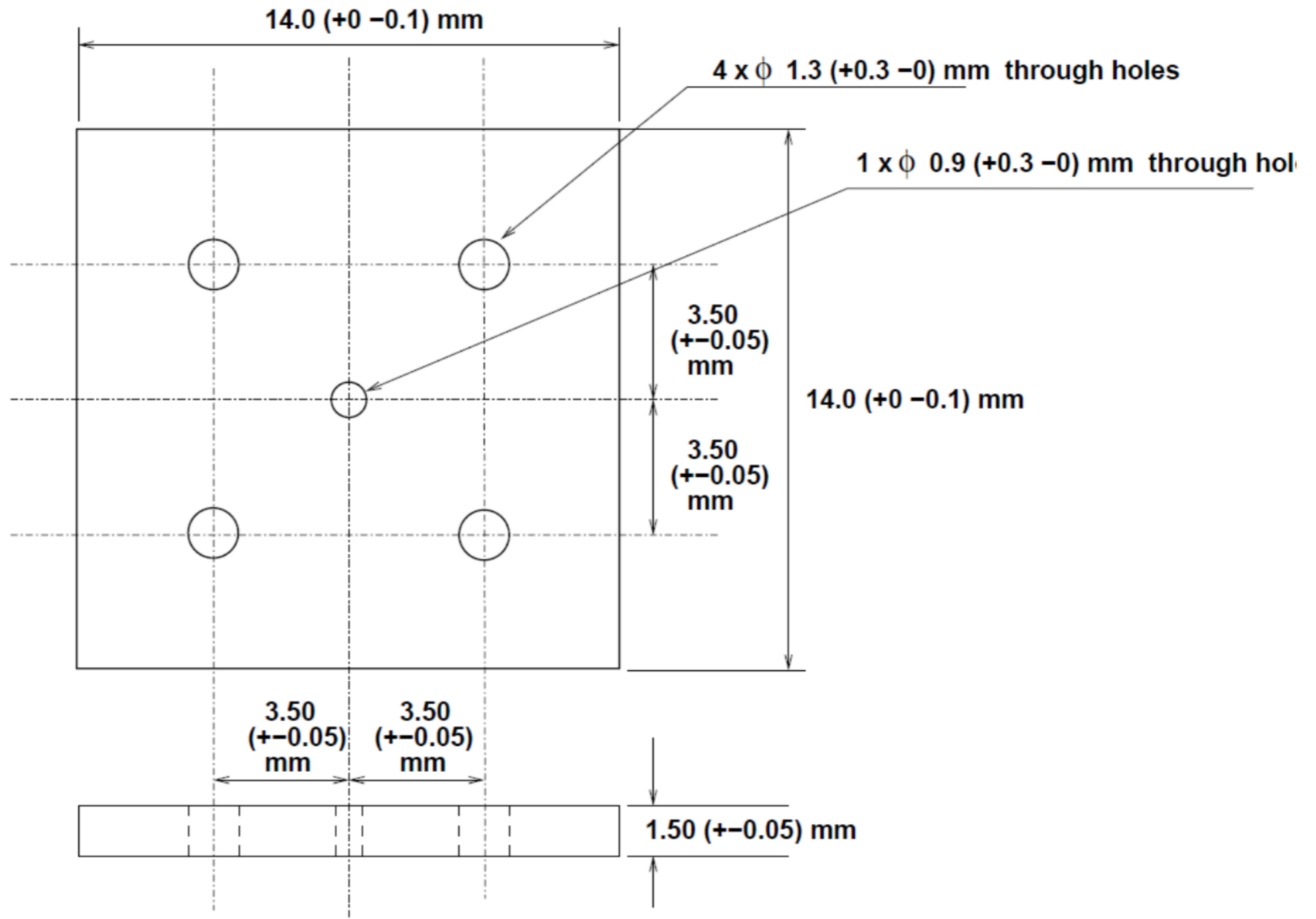
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



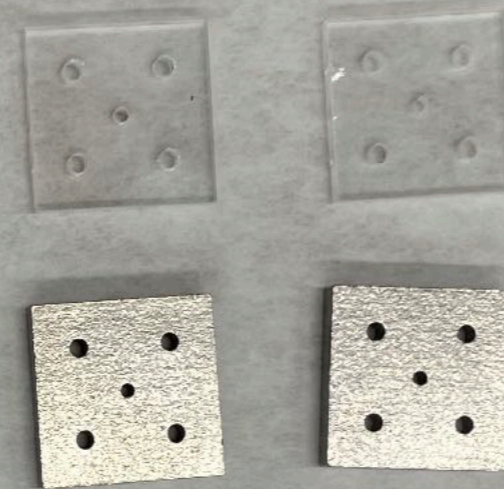
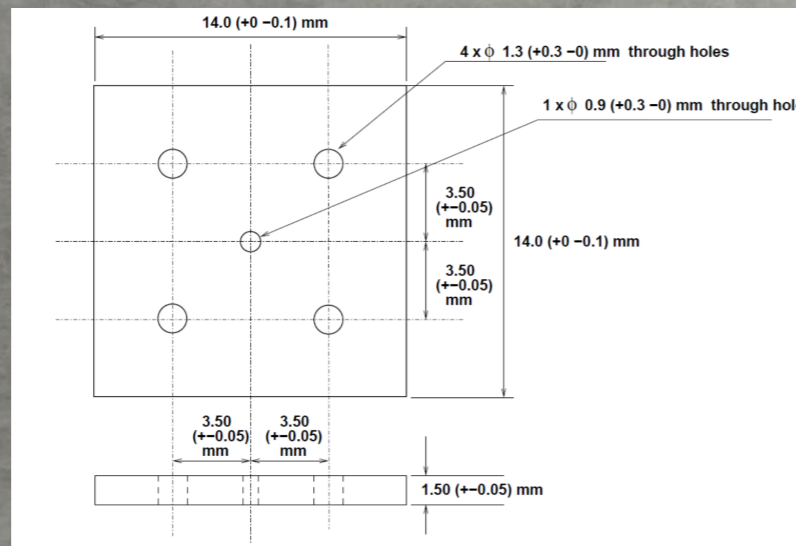
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



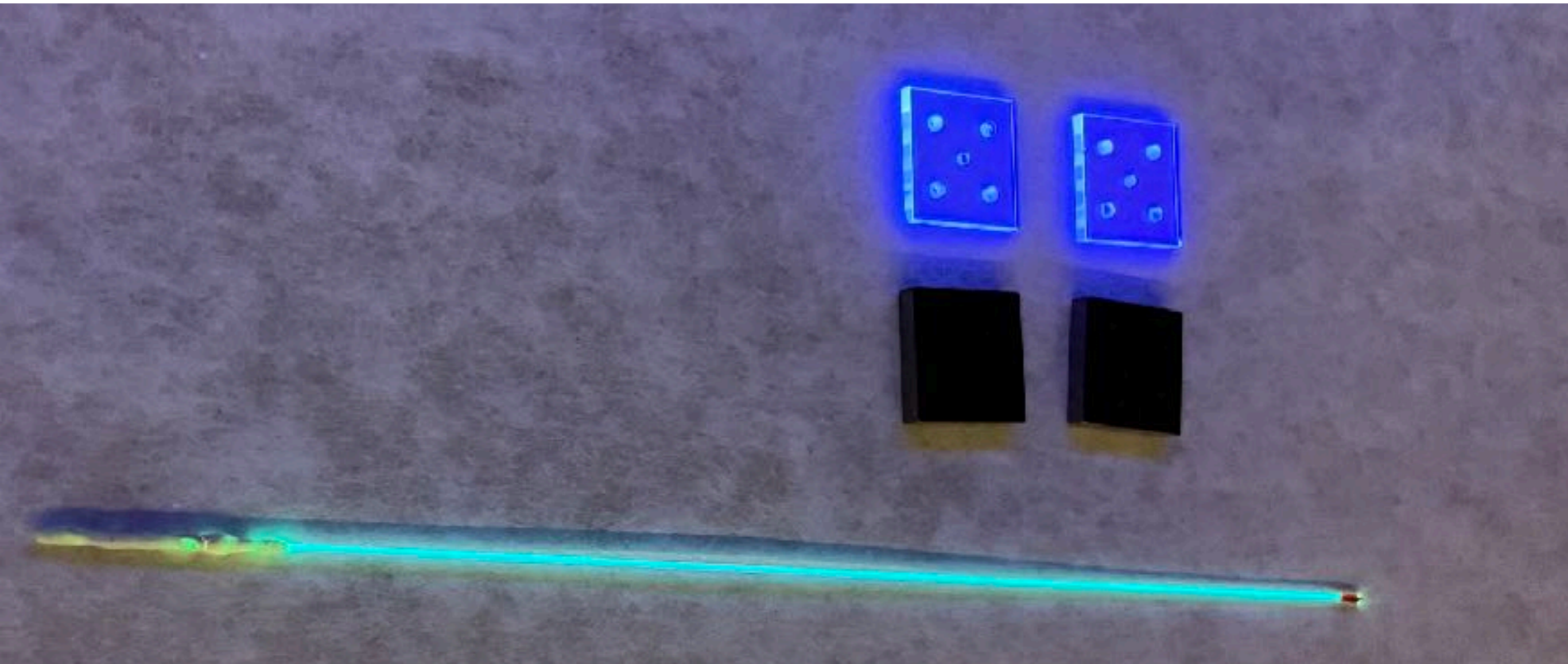
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



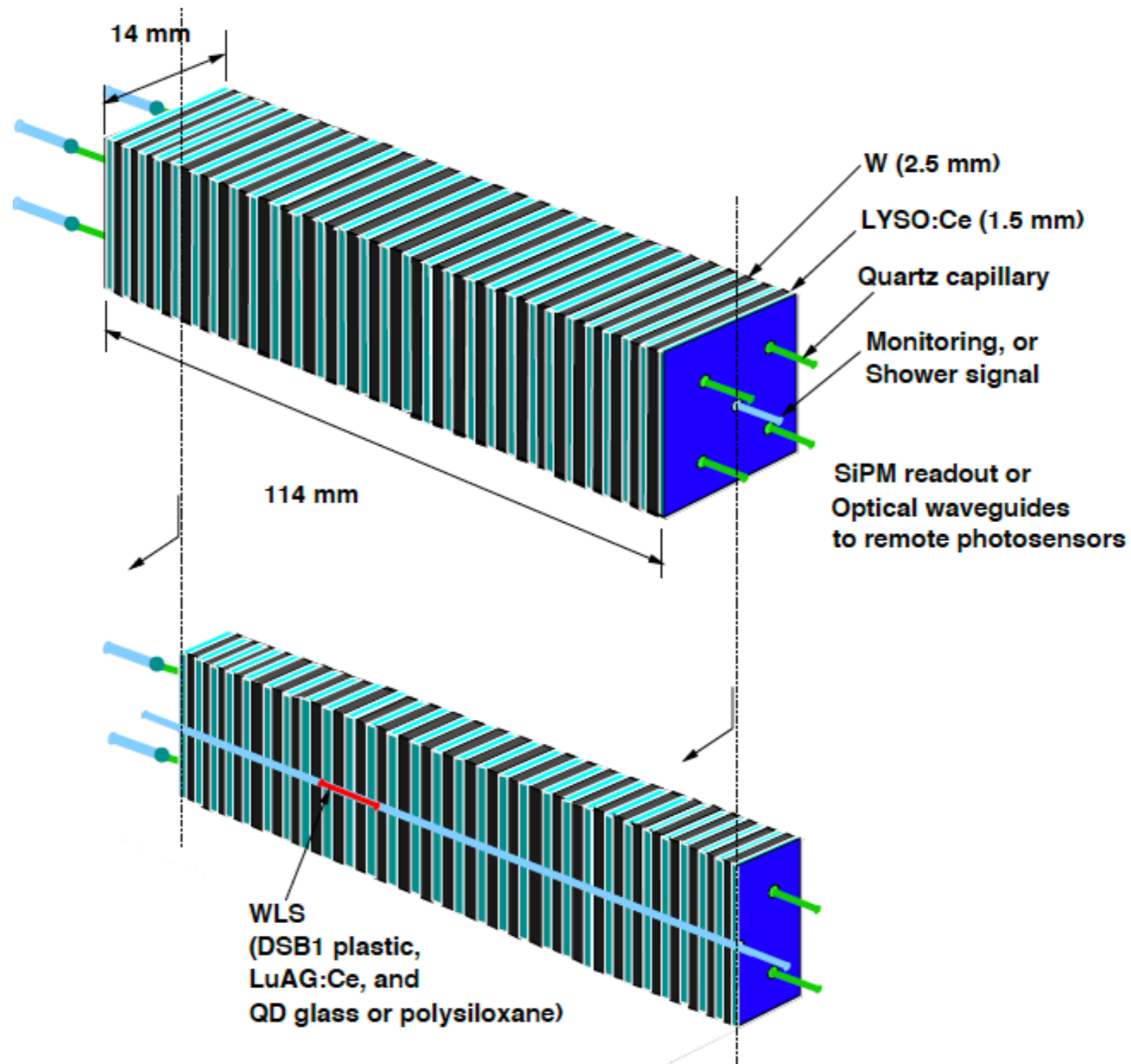
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



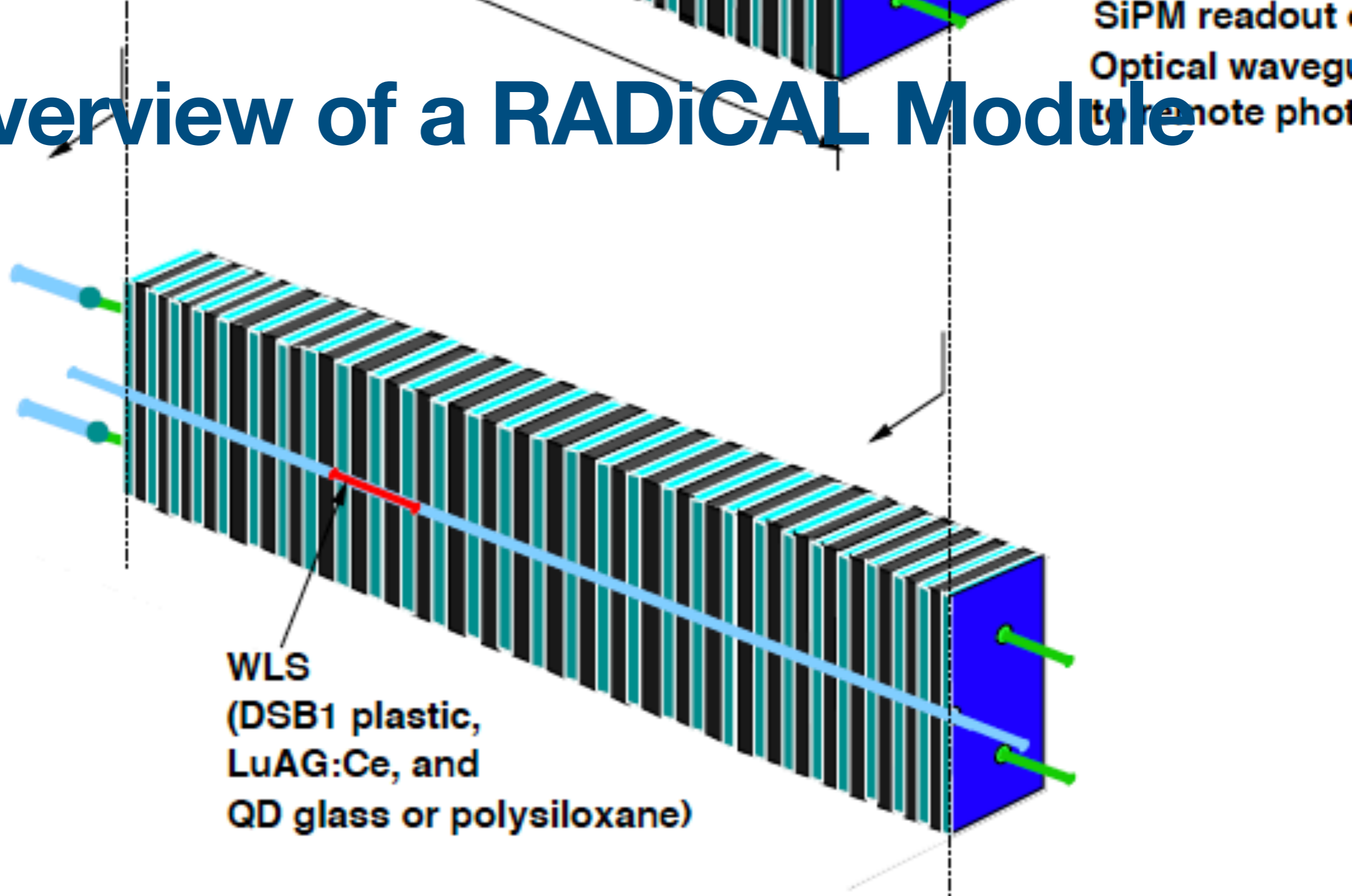
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



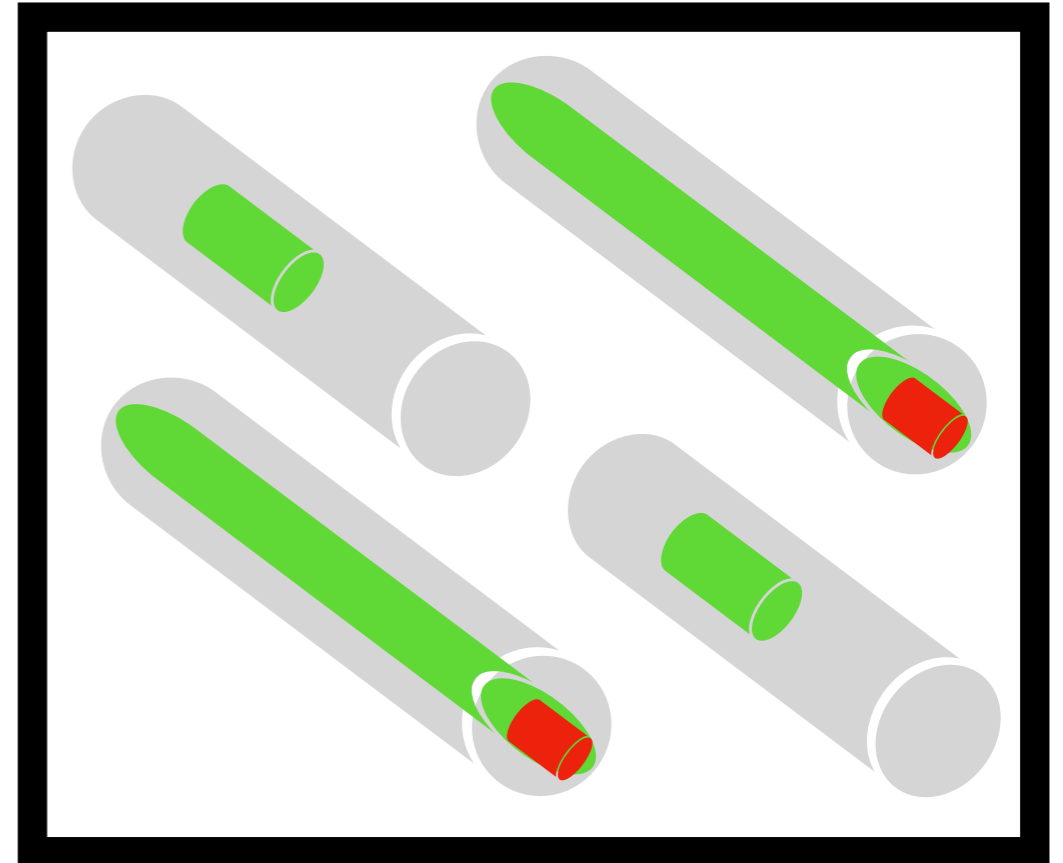
Overview of a RADiCAL Module



Overview of a RADiCAL Module

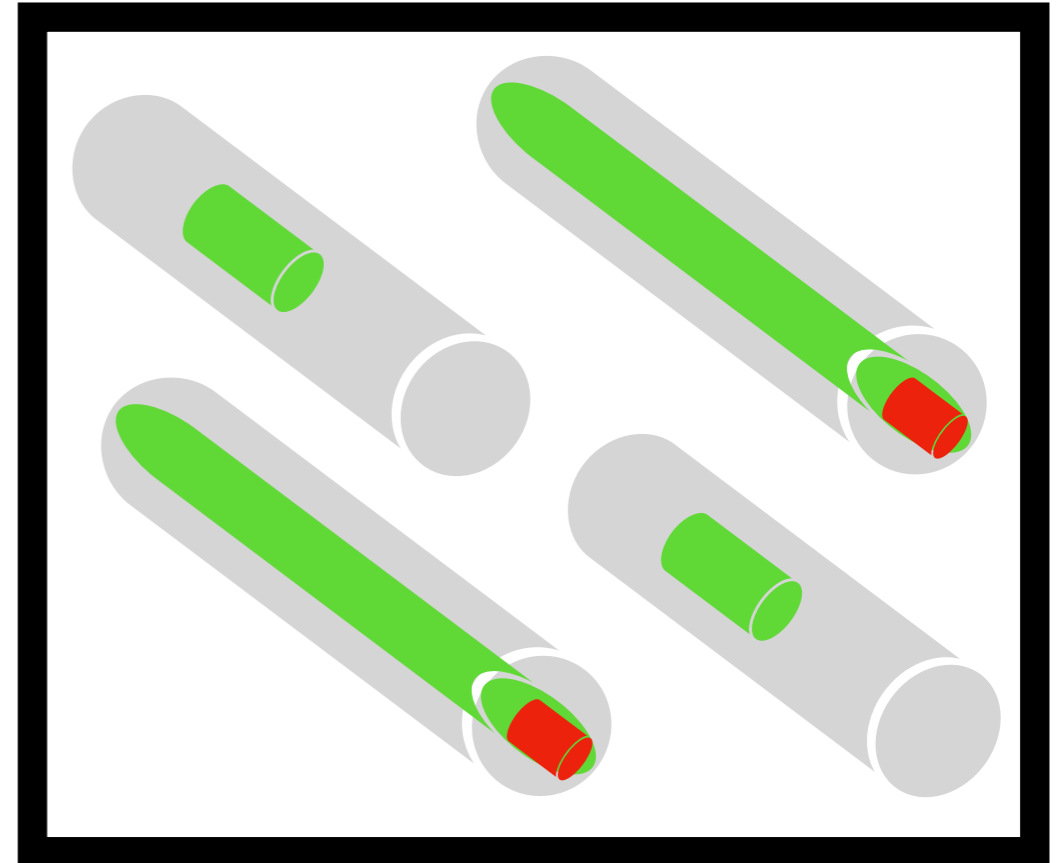


The RADiCAL at Fermilab



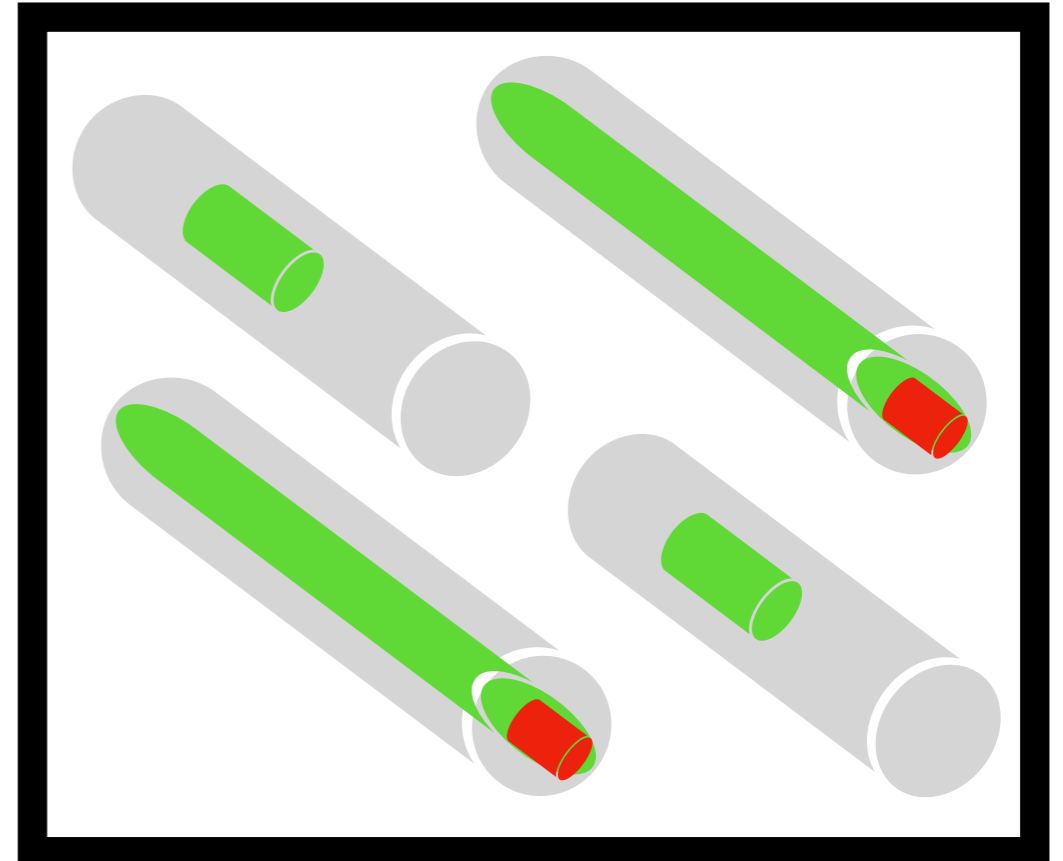
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:



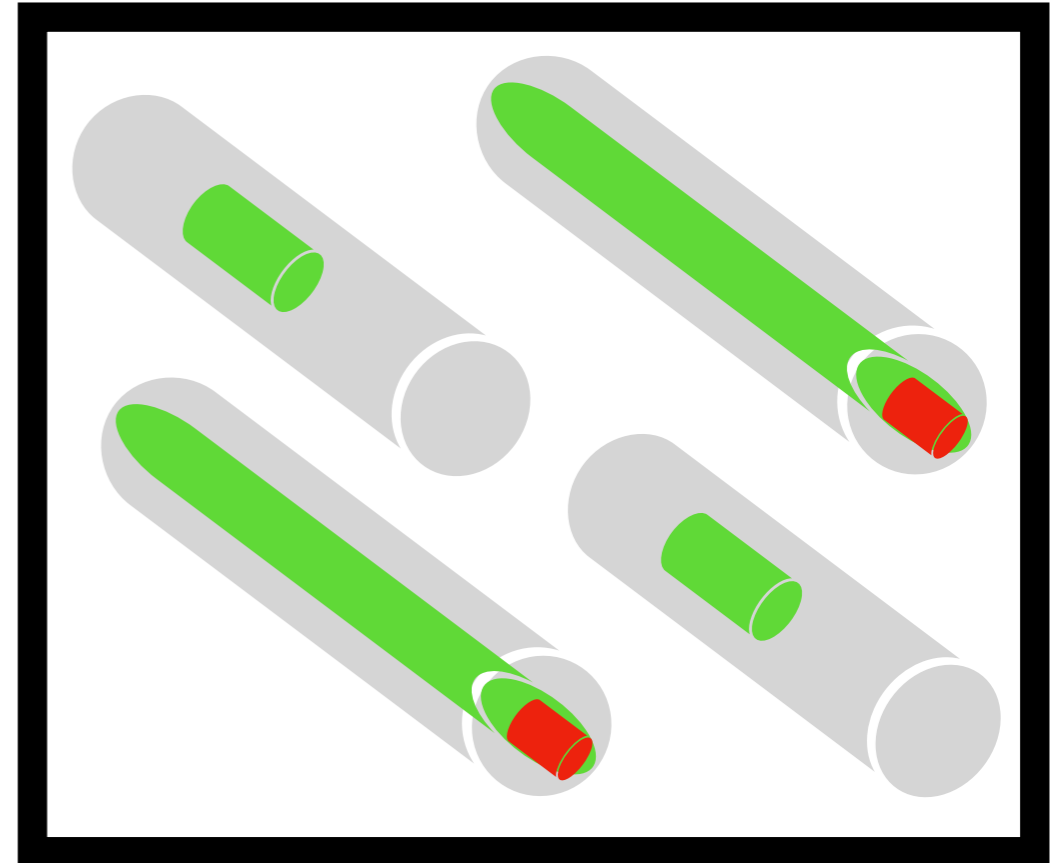
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um



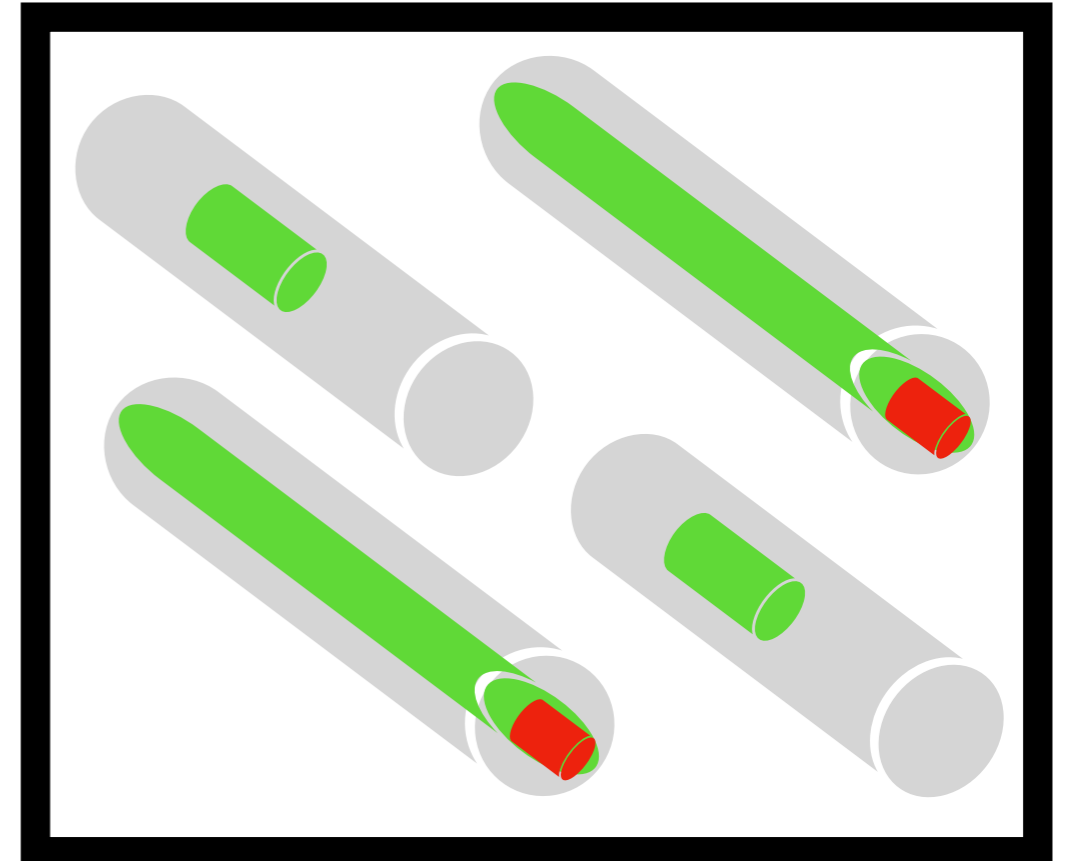
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1



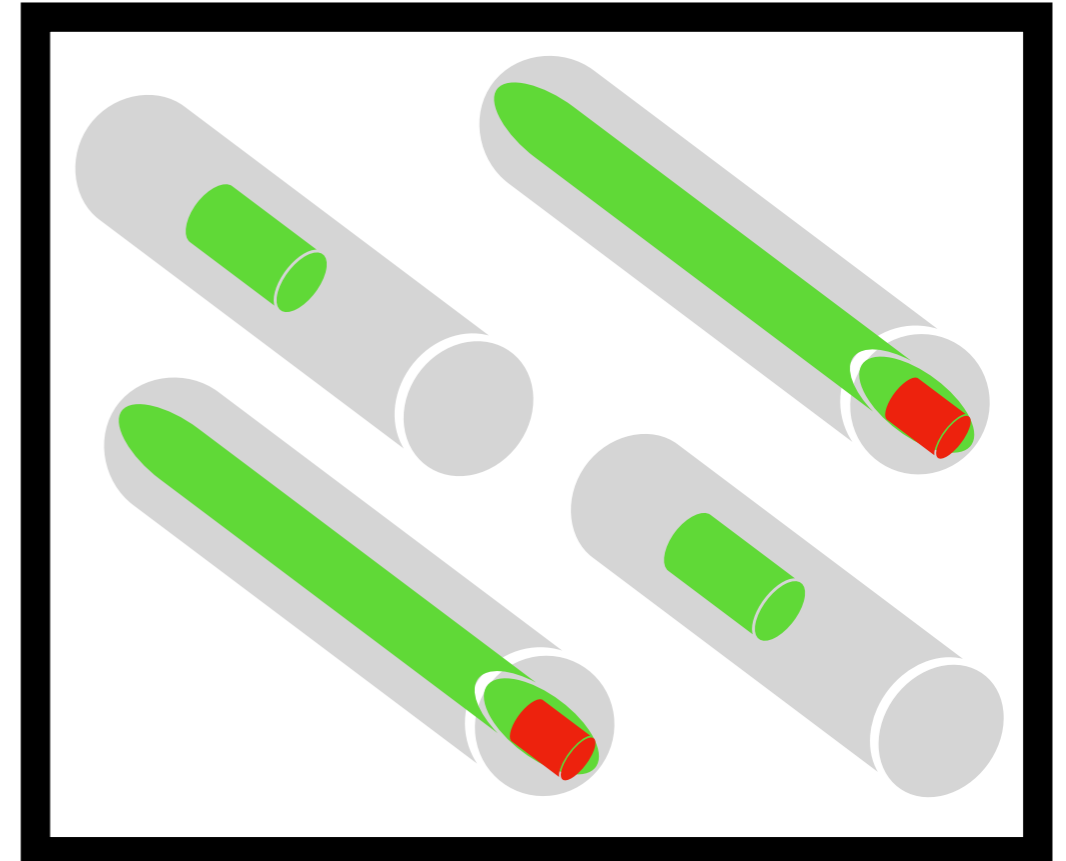
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1
 - Core blocking Ruby Filter



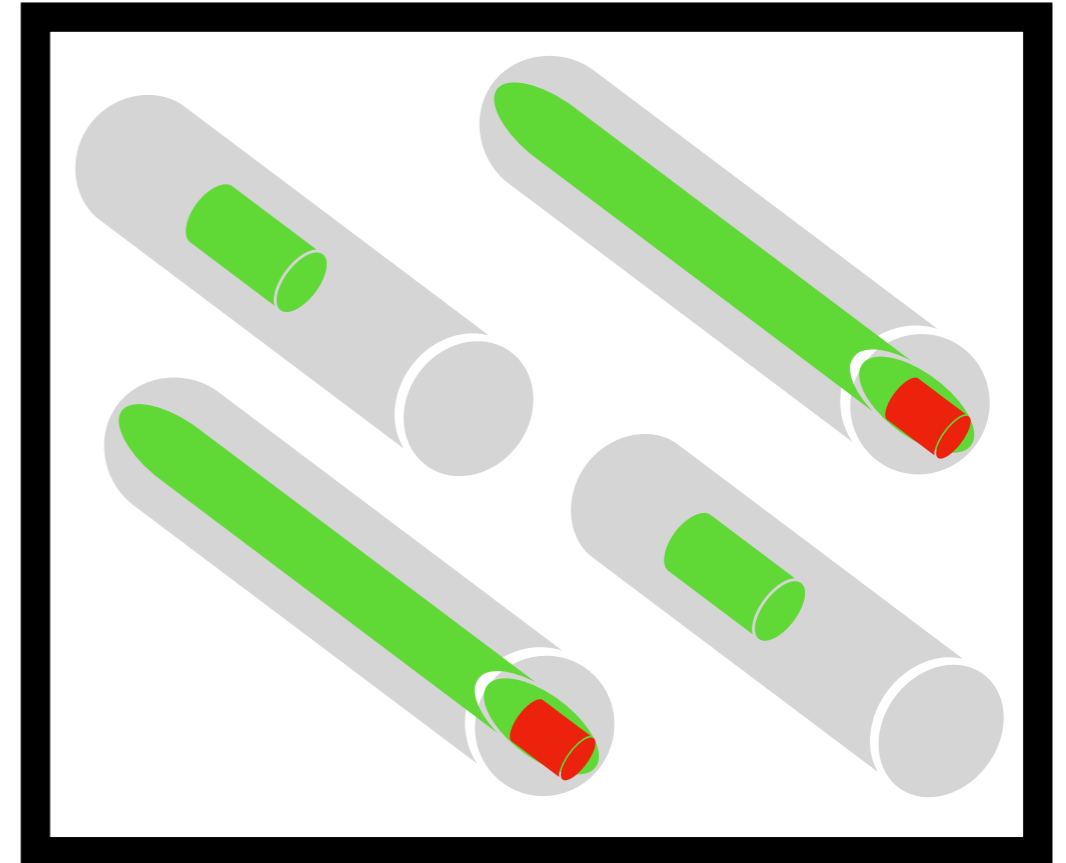
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1
 - Core blocking Ruby Filter
- Timing Capillaries:



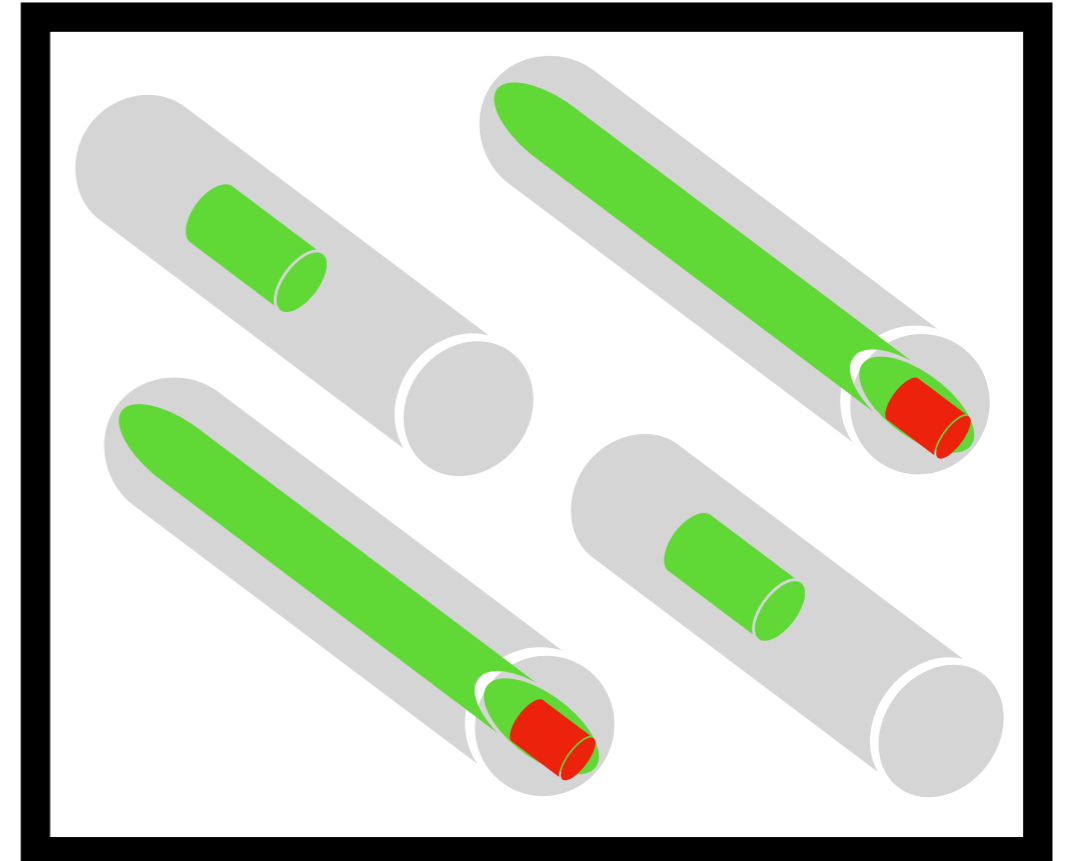
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1
 - Core blocking Ruby Filter
- Timing Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 800um



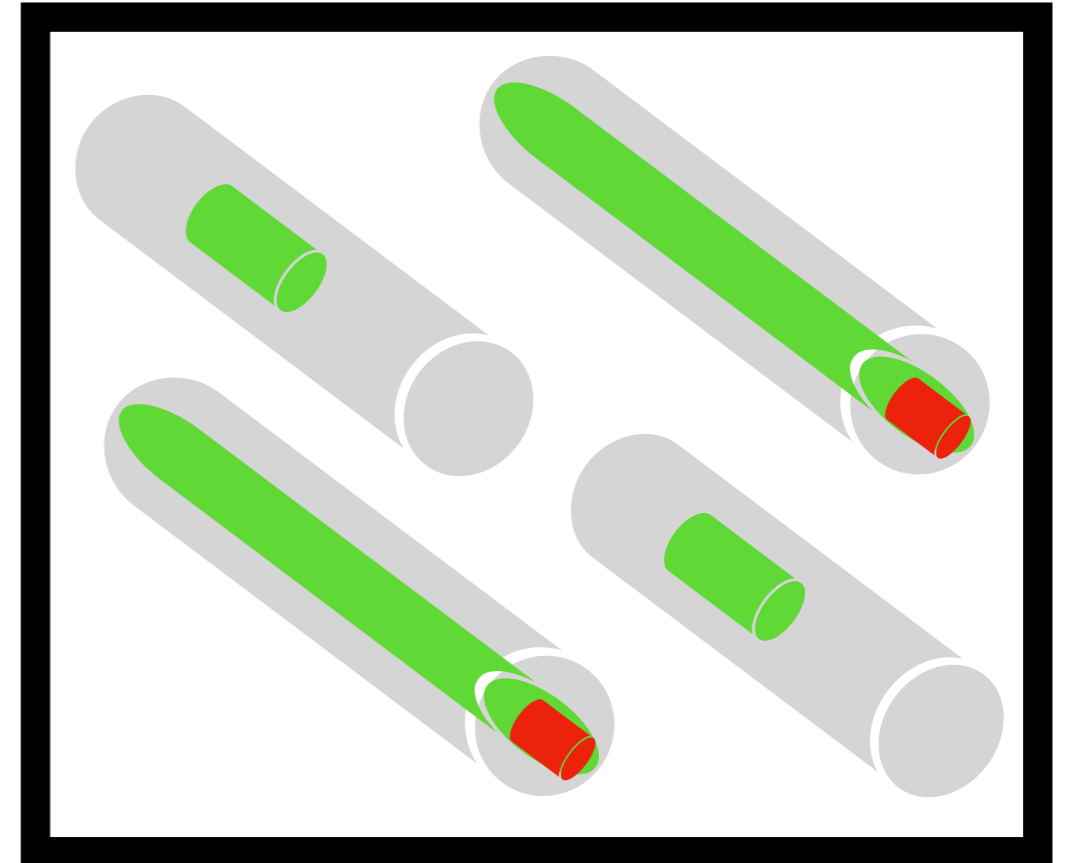
The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1
 - Core blocking Ruby Filter
- Timing Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 800um
 - WLS DSB1



The RADiCAL at Fermilab

- Energy Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 400um
 - Eljen EJ309 liquid doped with DSB1
 - Core blocking Ruby Filter
- Timing Capillaries:
 - Cap tubes OD:ID = 1000um : 800um
 - WLS DSB1
 - Quartz rod fused in either end



Motivation for RADiCAL

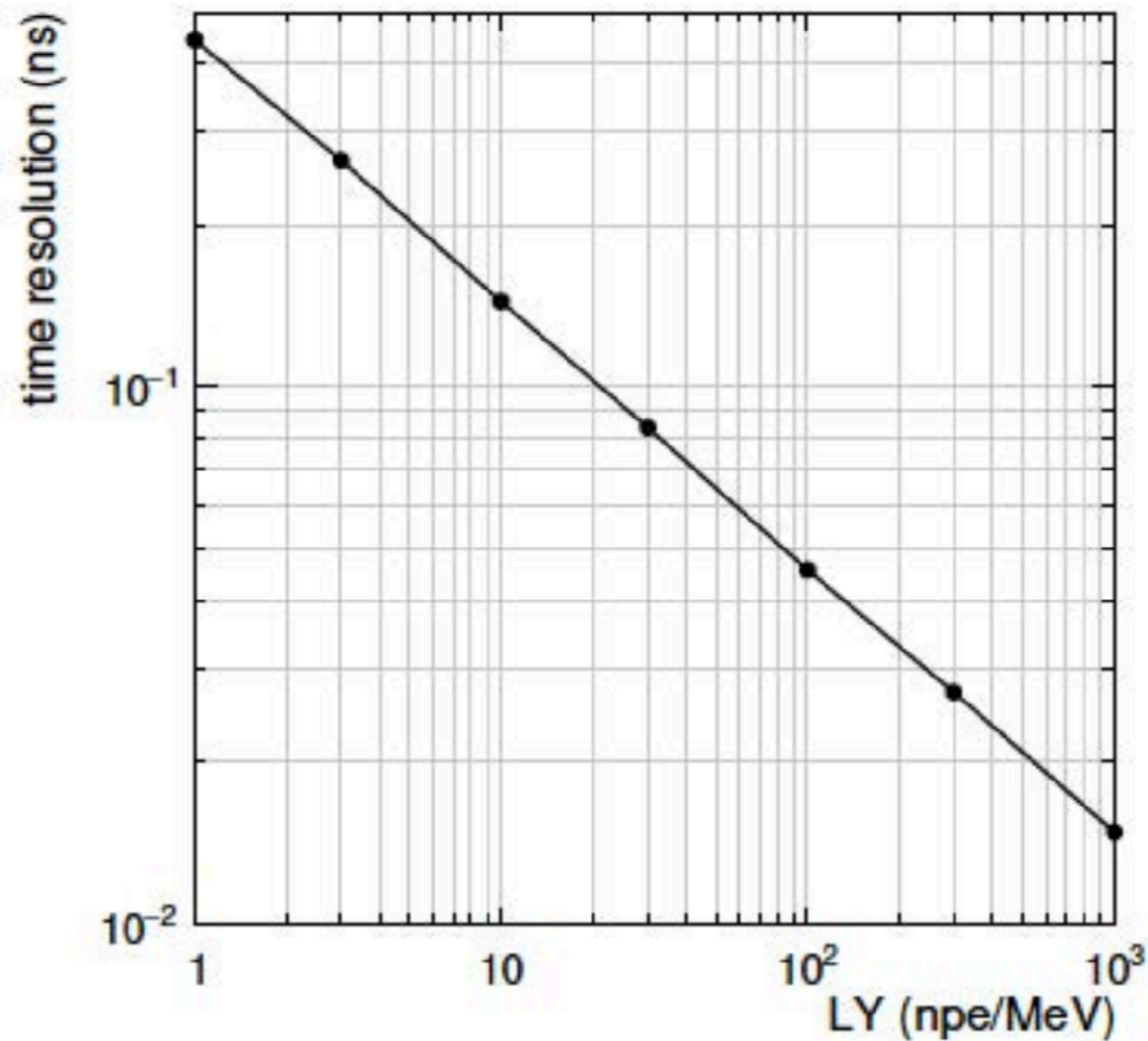
Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict time resolution of 10s of ps

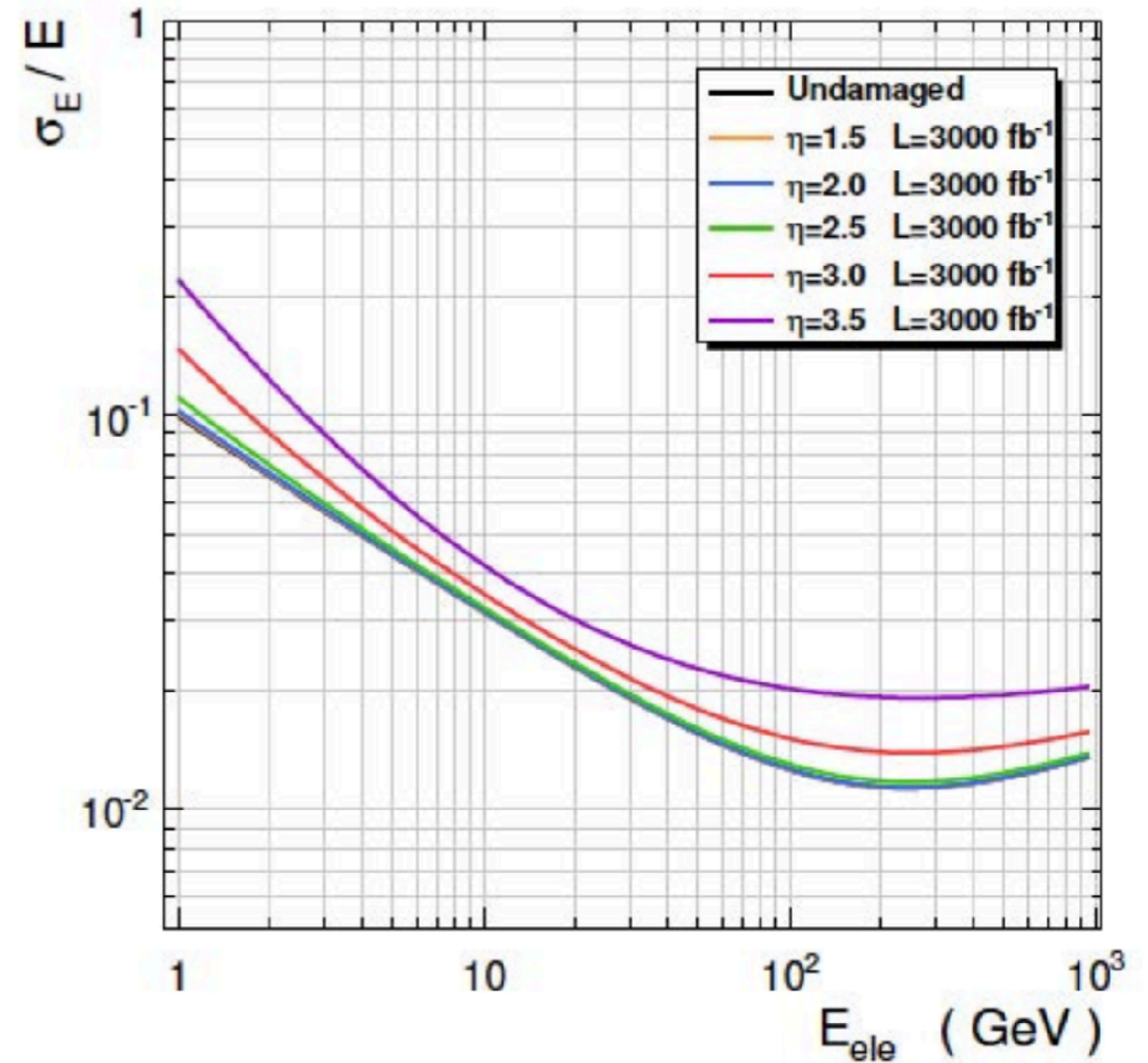
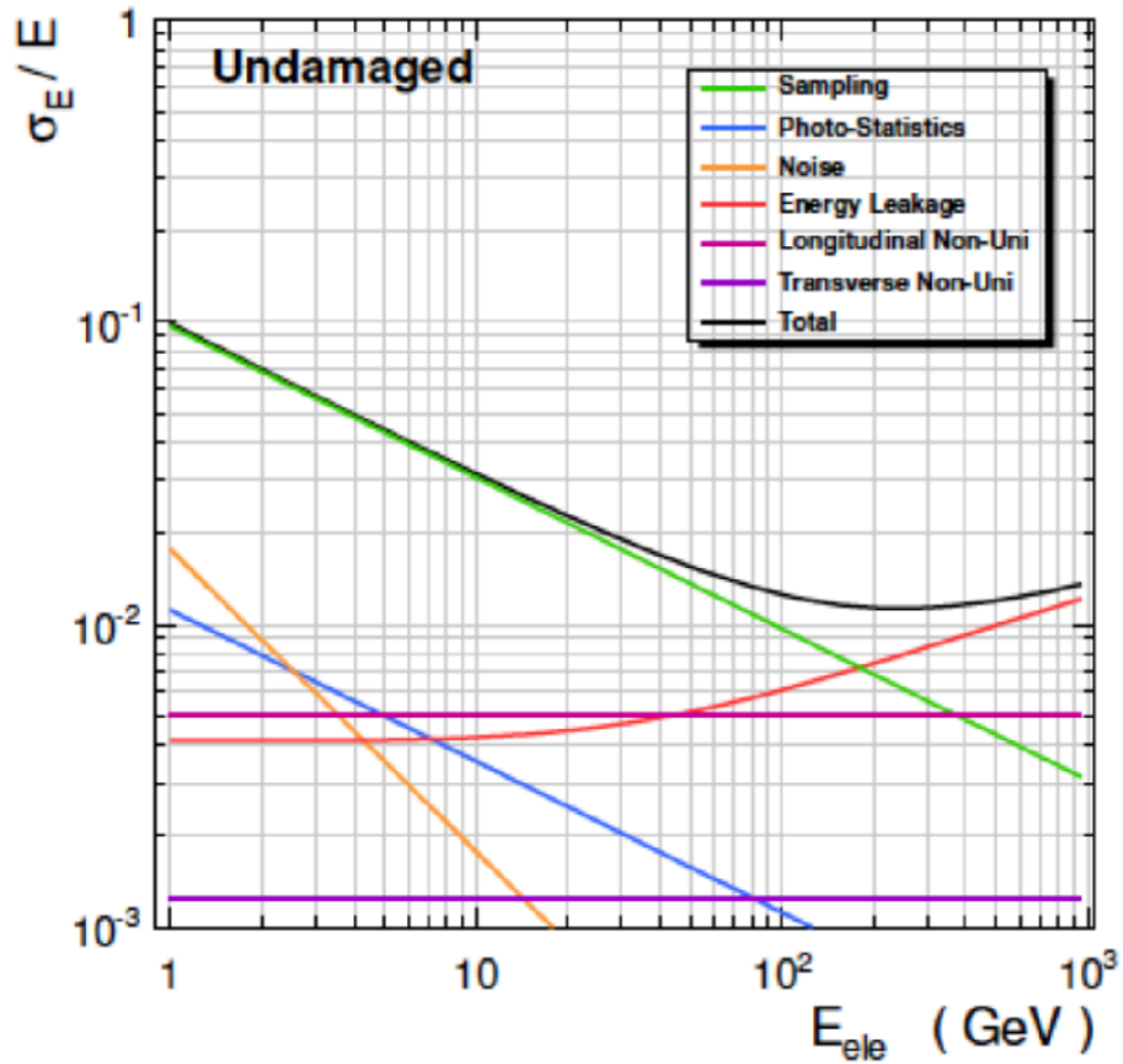
Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict time resolution of 10s of ps

A. Ledovskoy

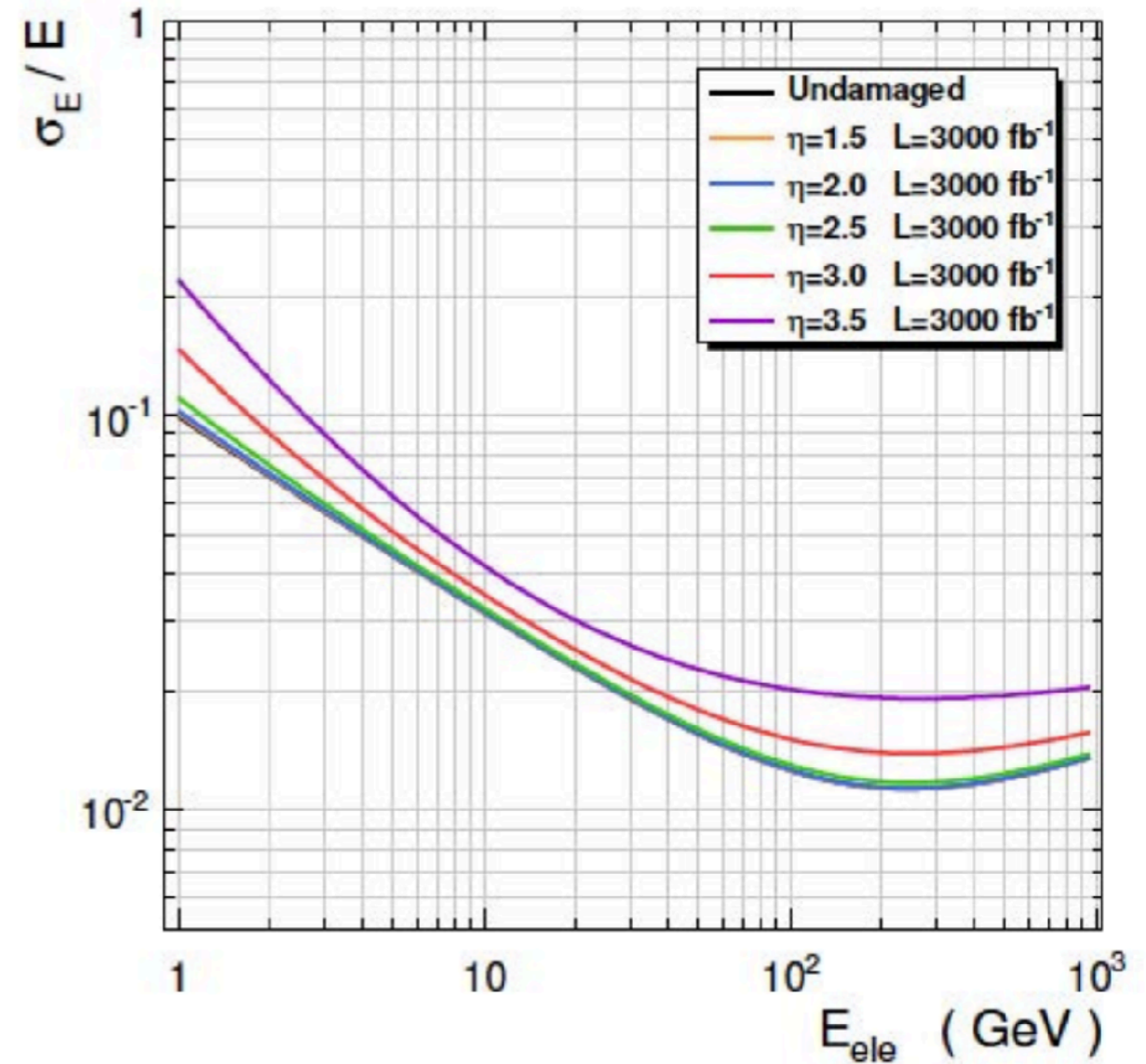
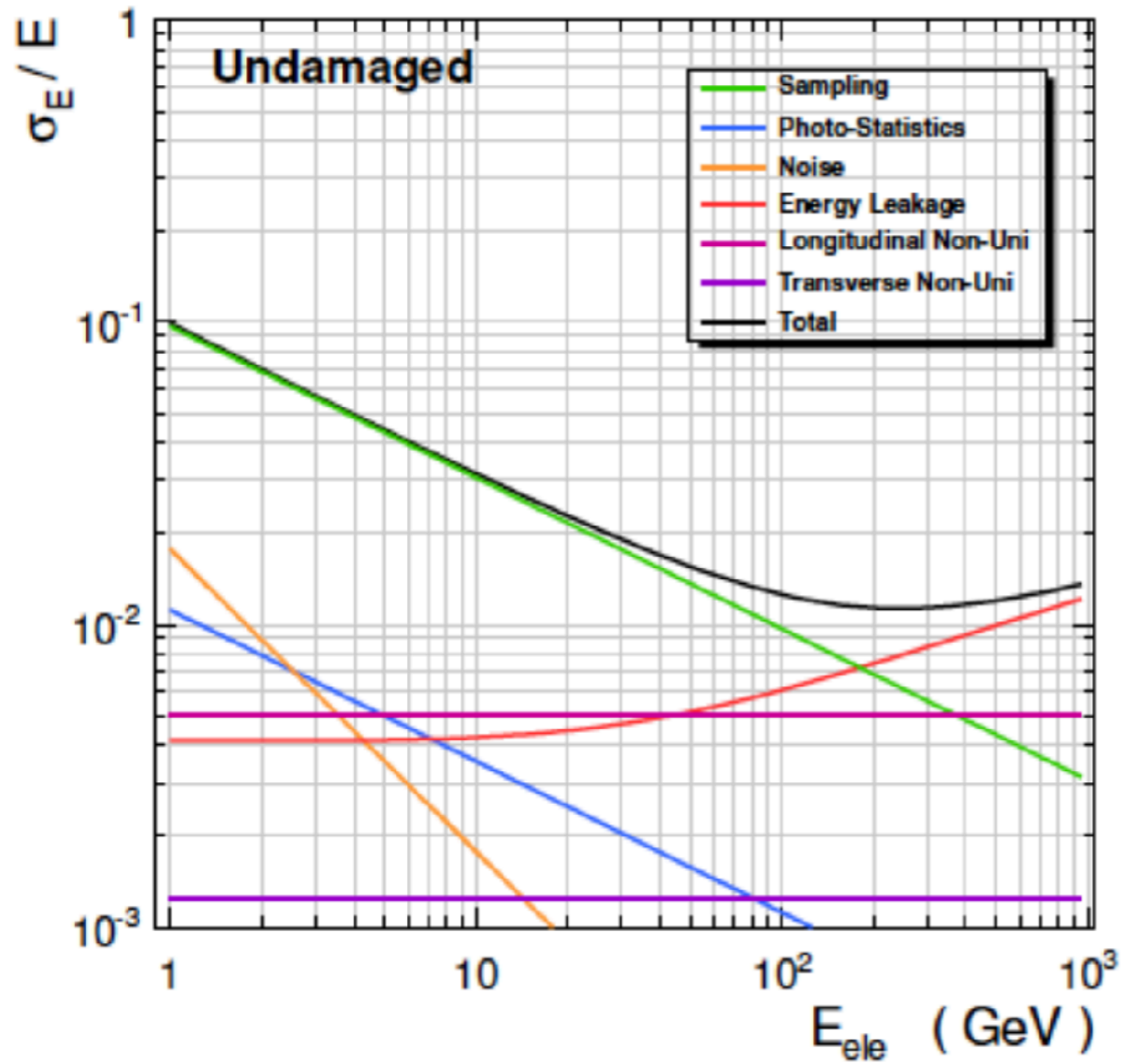


Motivation for RADiCAL



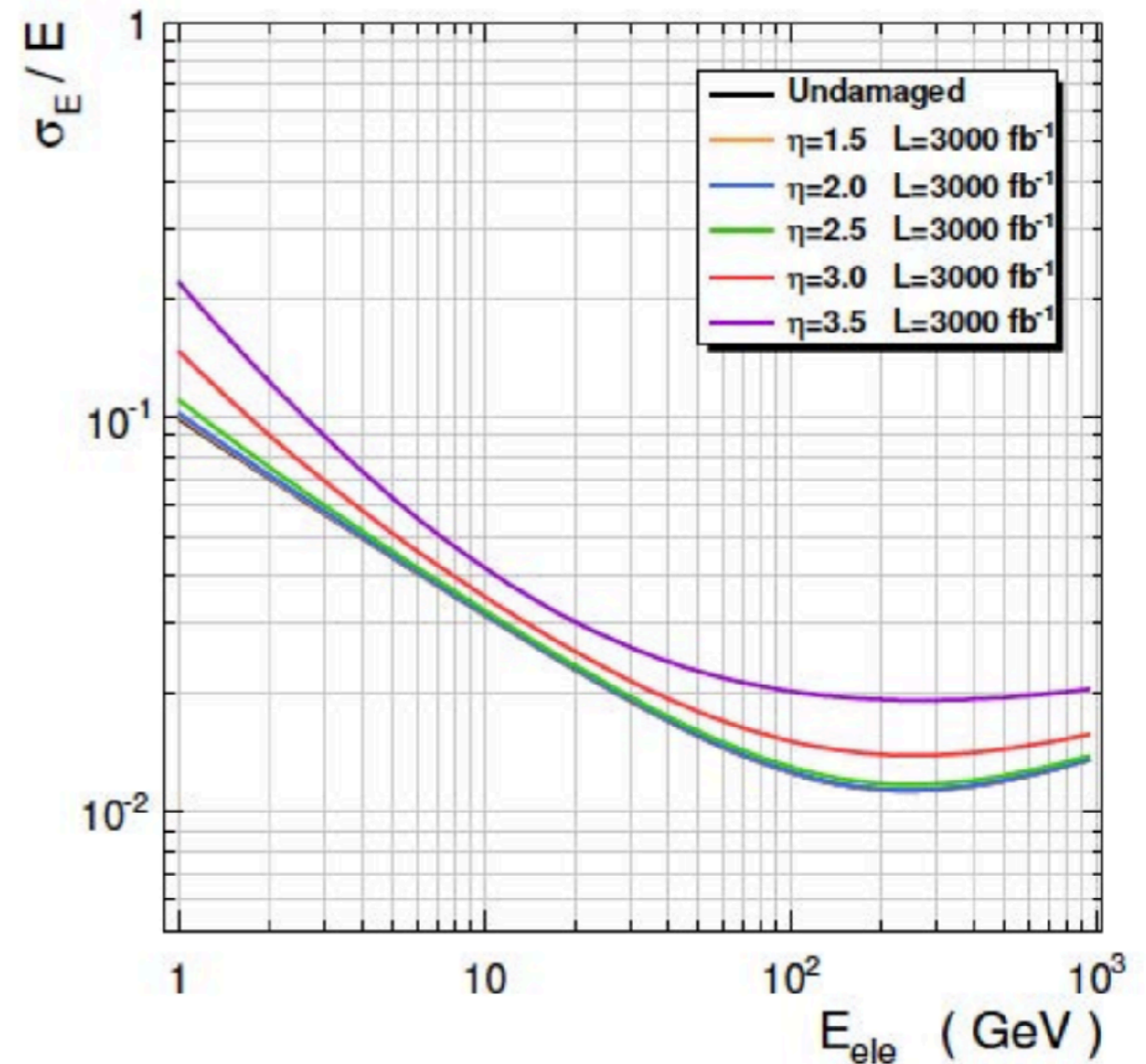
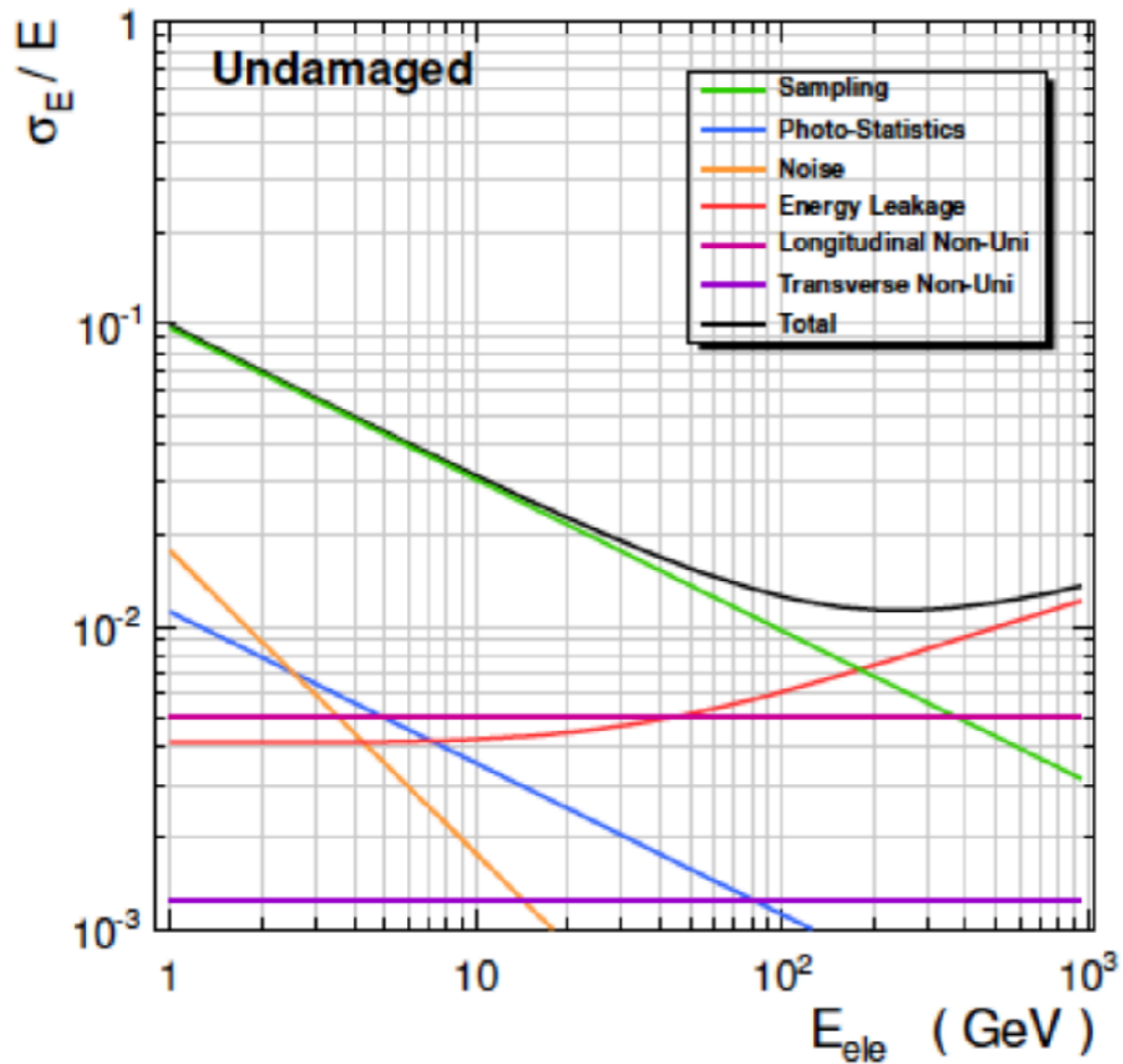
Motivation for RADiCAL

GEANT4 Simulations predict energy resolution



Motivation for RADiCAL

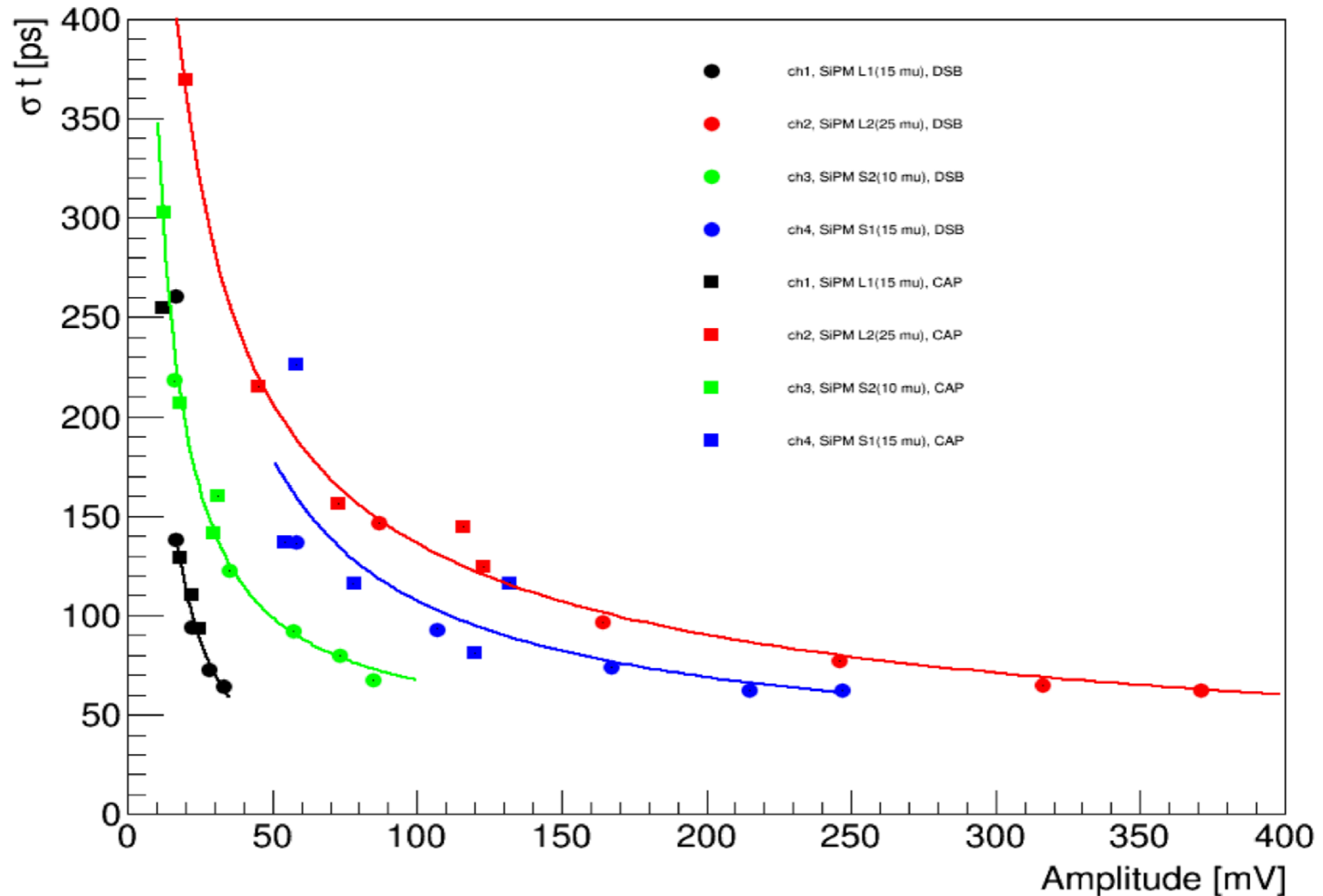
GEANT4 Simulations predict energy resolution
CERN H4 Beam Test measured resolution.



Motivation for RADiCAL

Beam Tests

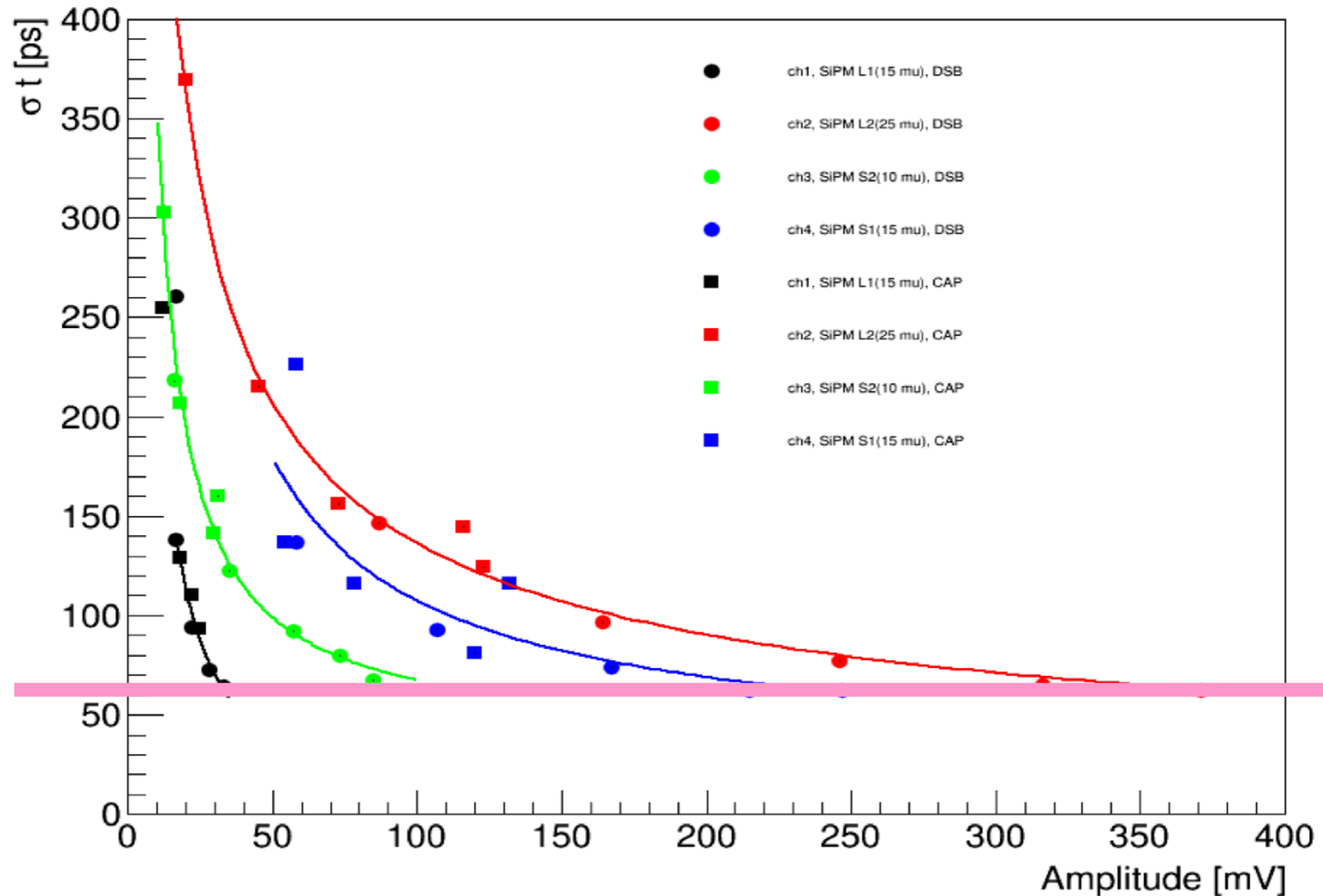
FTBF / A. Bornheim et al.



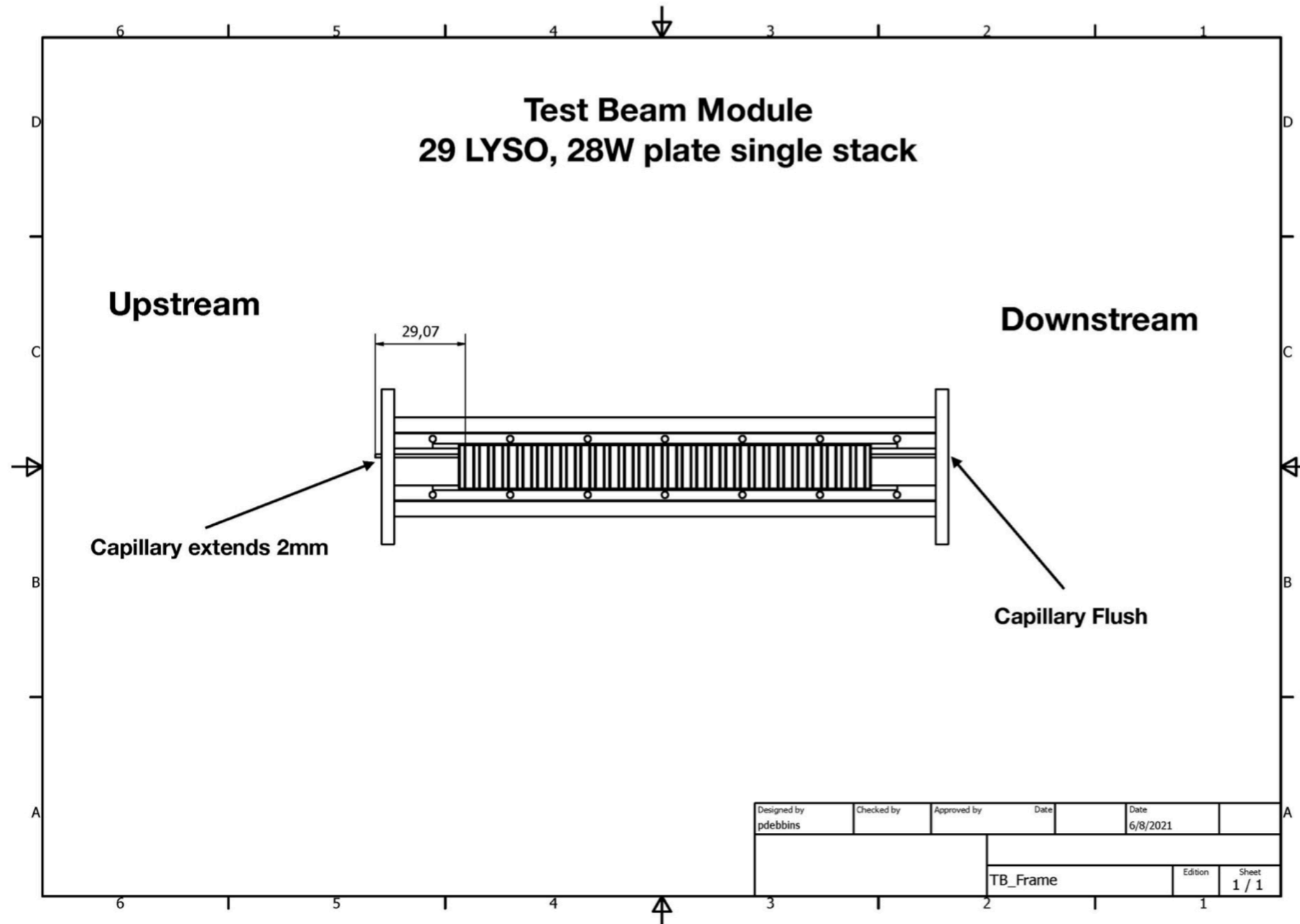
Motivation for RADiCAL

Beam Tests

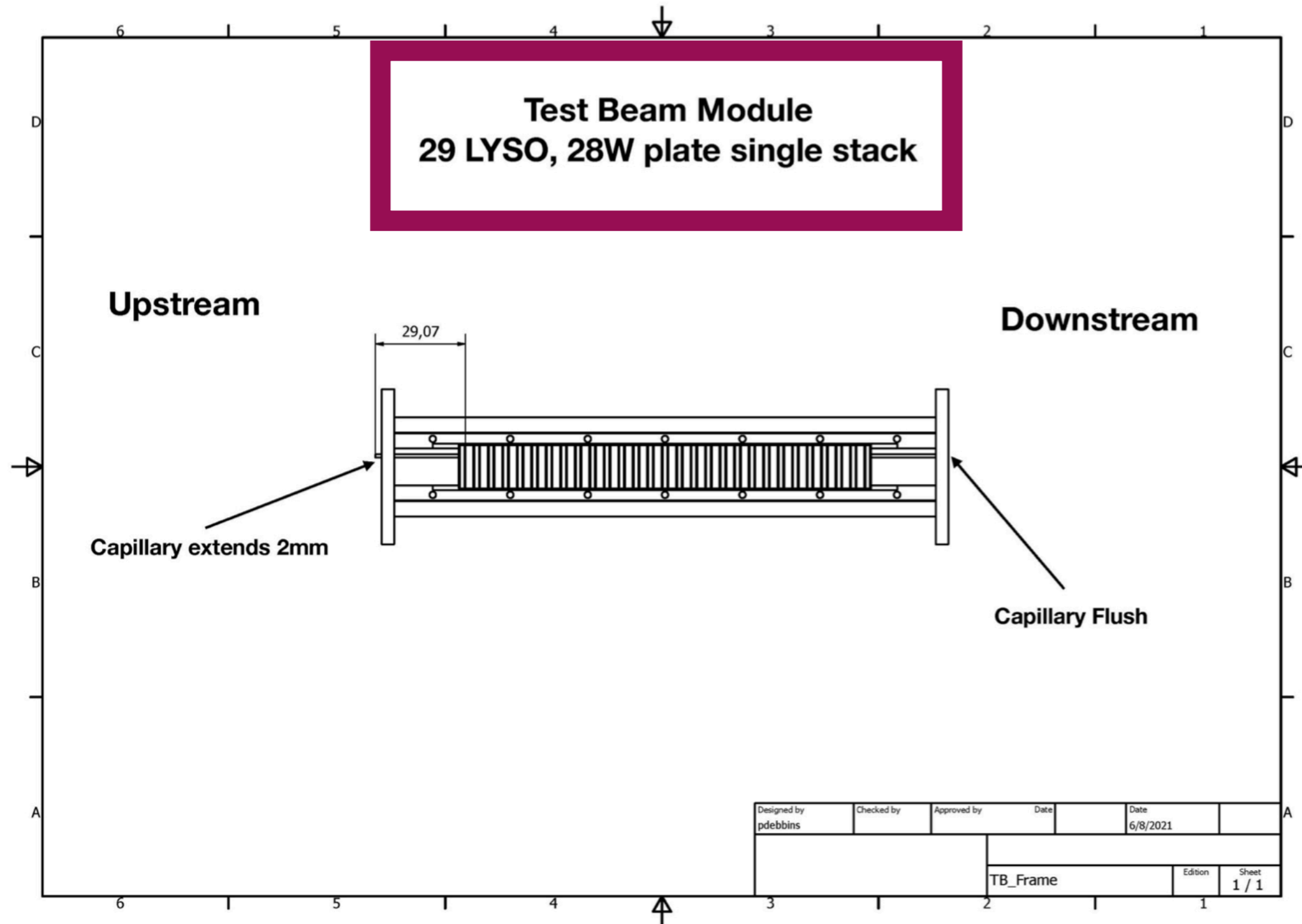
FTBF / A. Bornheim et al.



Overview of a RADiCAL Module

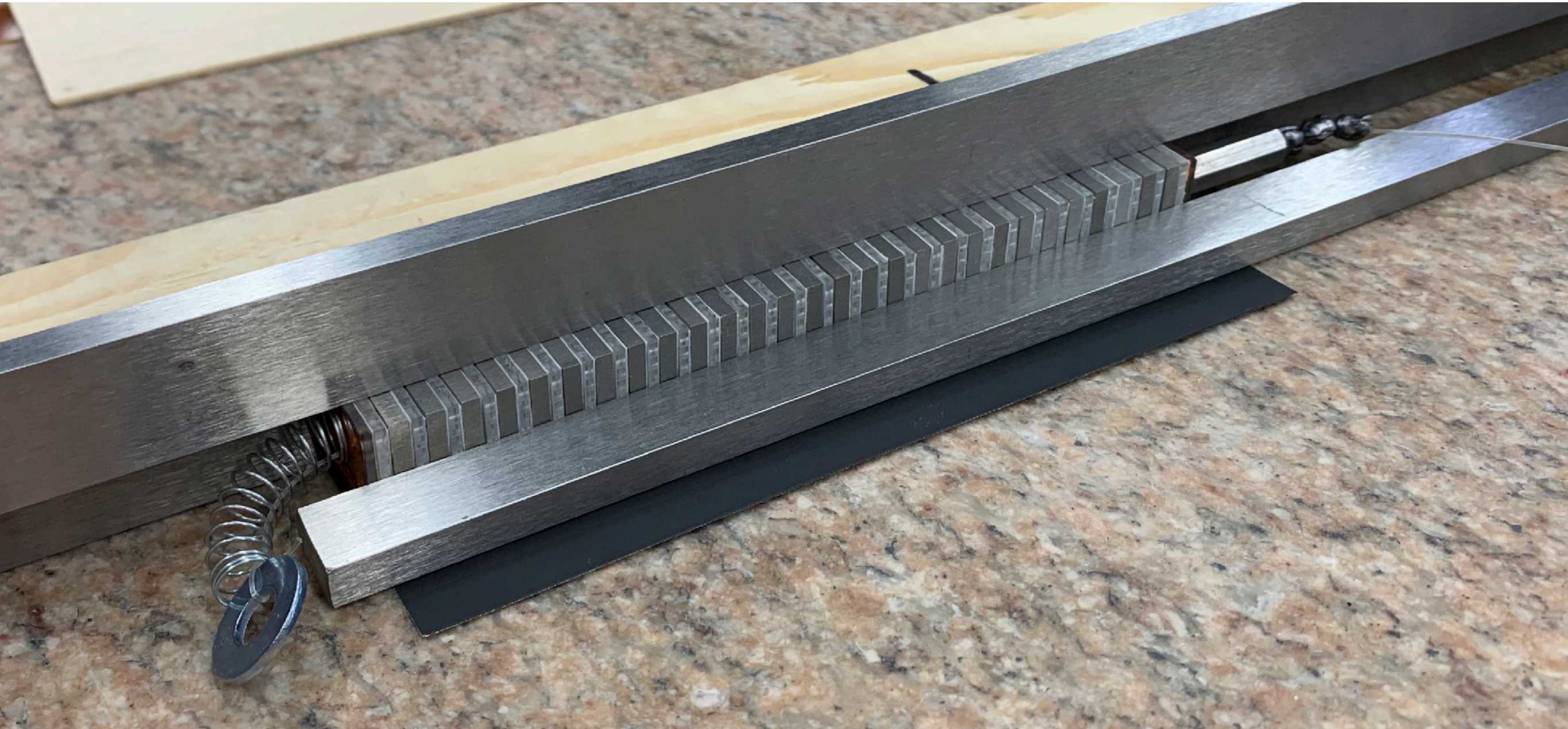


Overview of a RADiCAL Module



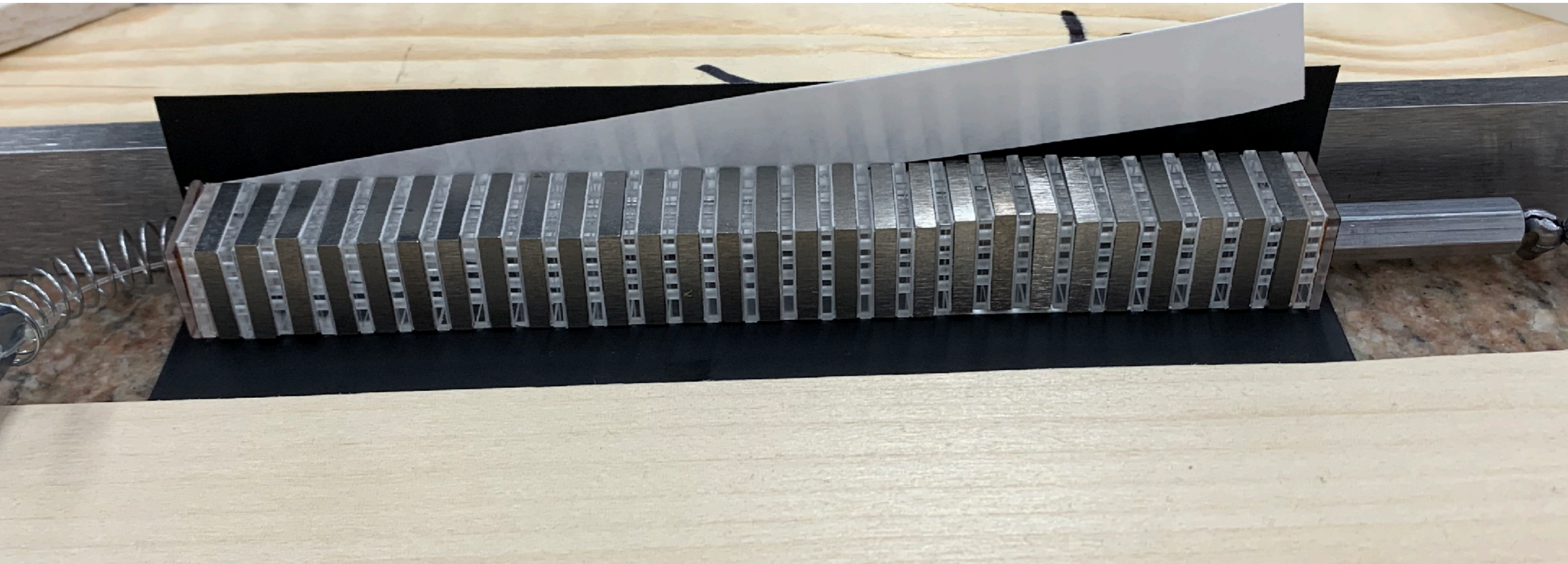
Preparing the Module

P. Debbins at IOWA



Preparing the Module

P. Debbins at IOWA



Preparing the Module

P. Debbins at IOWA



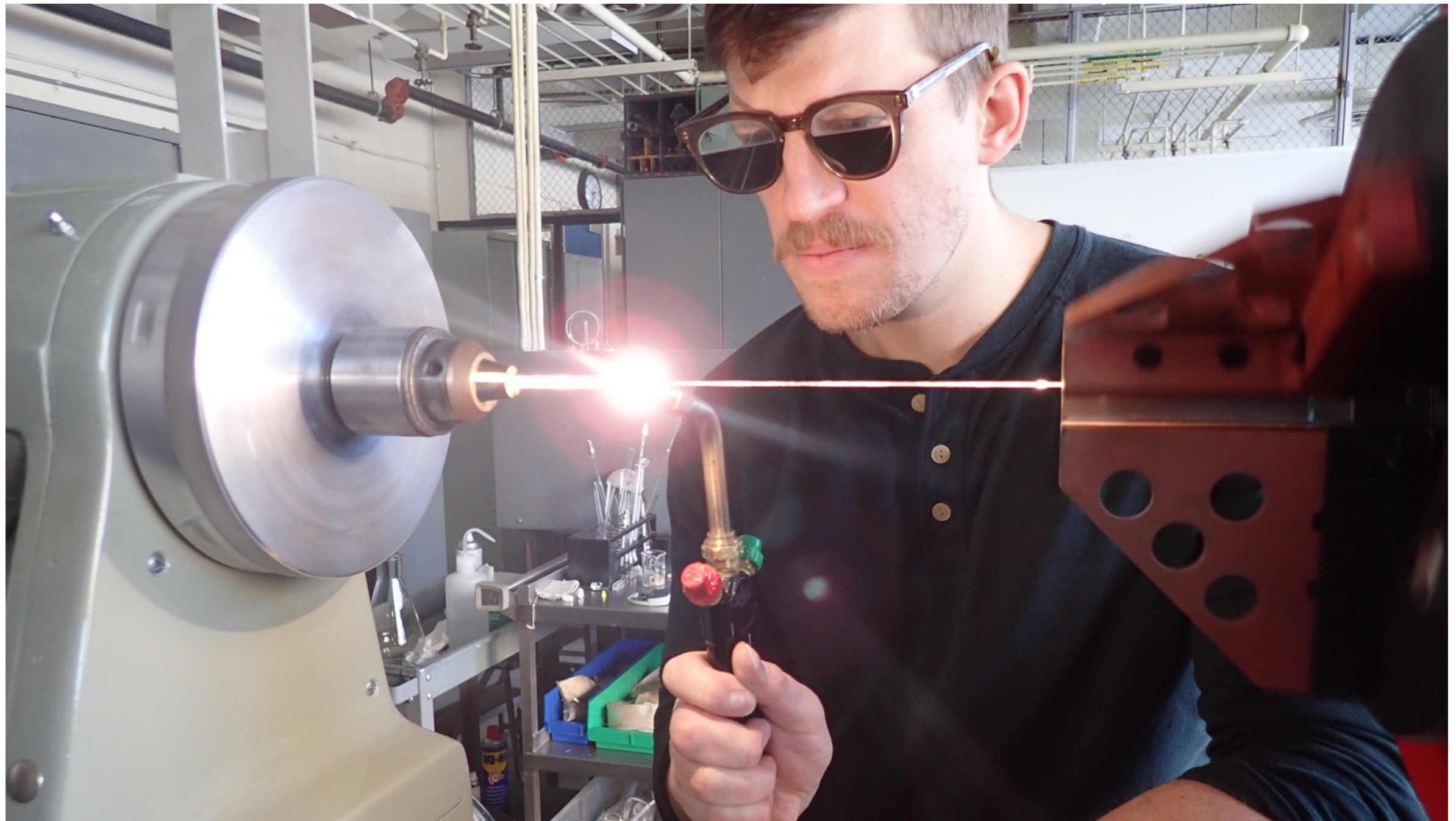
Preparing the Module

P. Debbins at IOWA



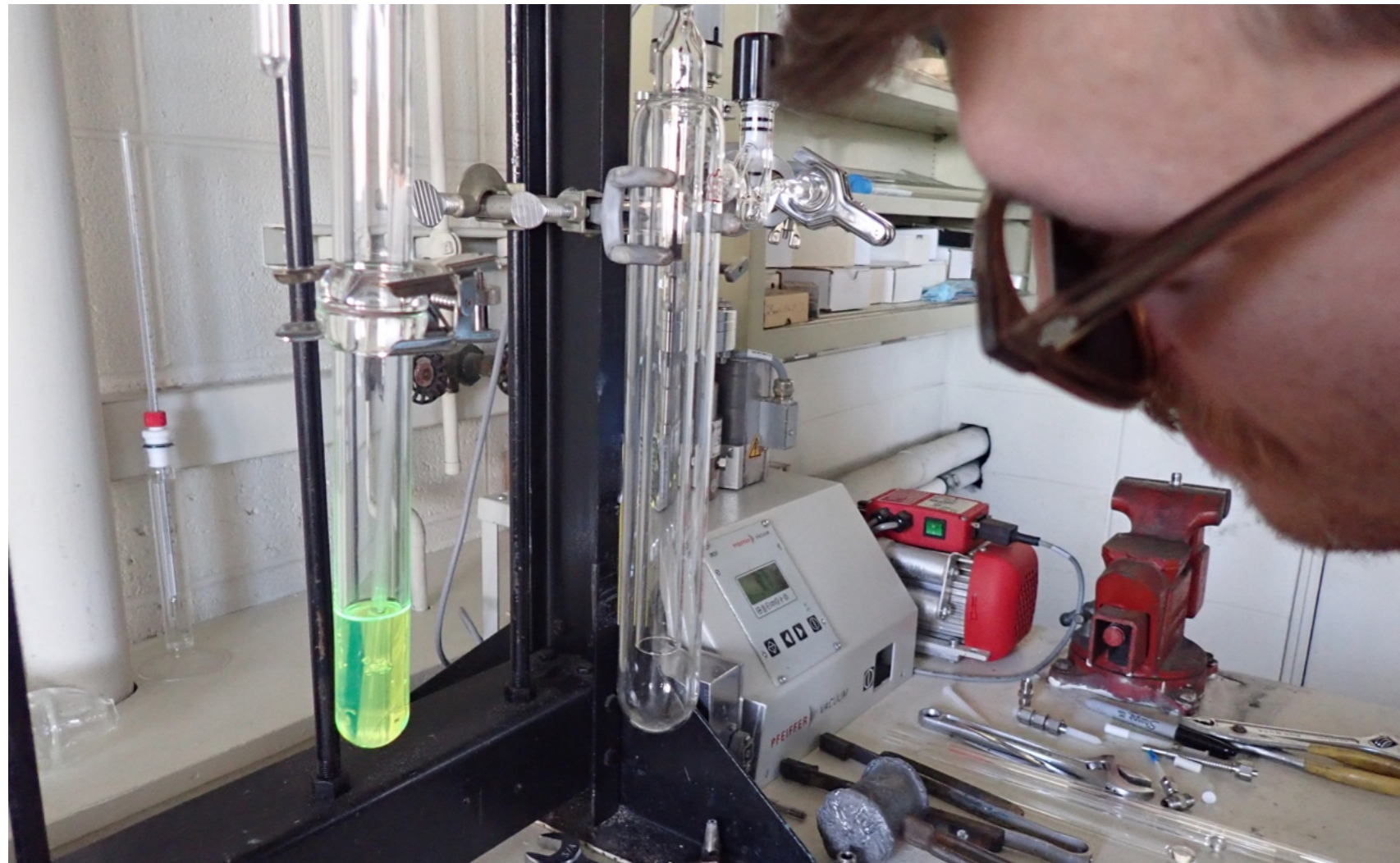
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



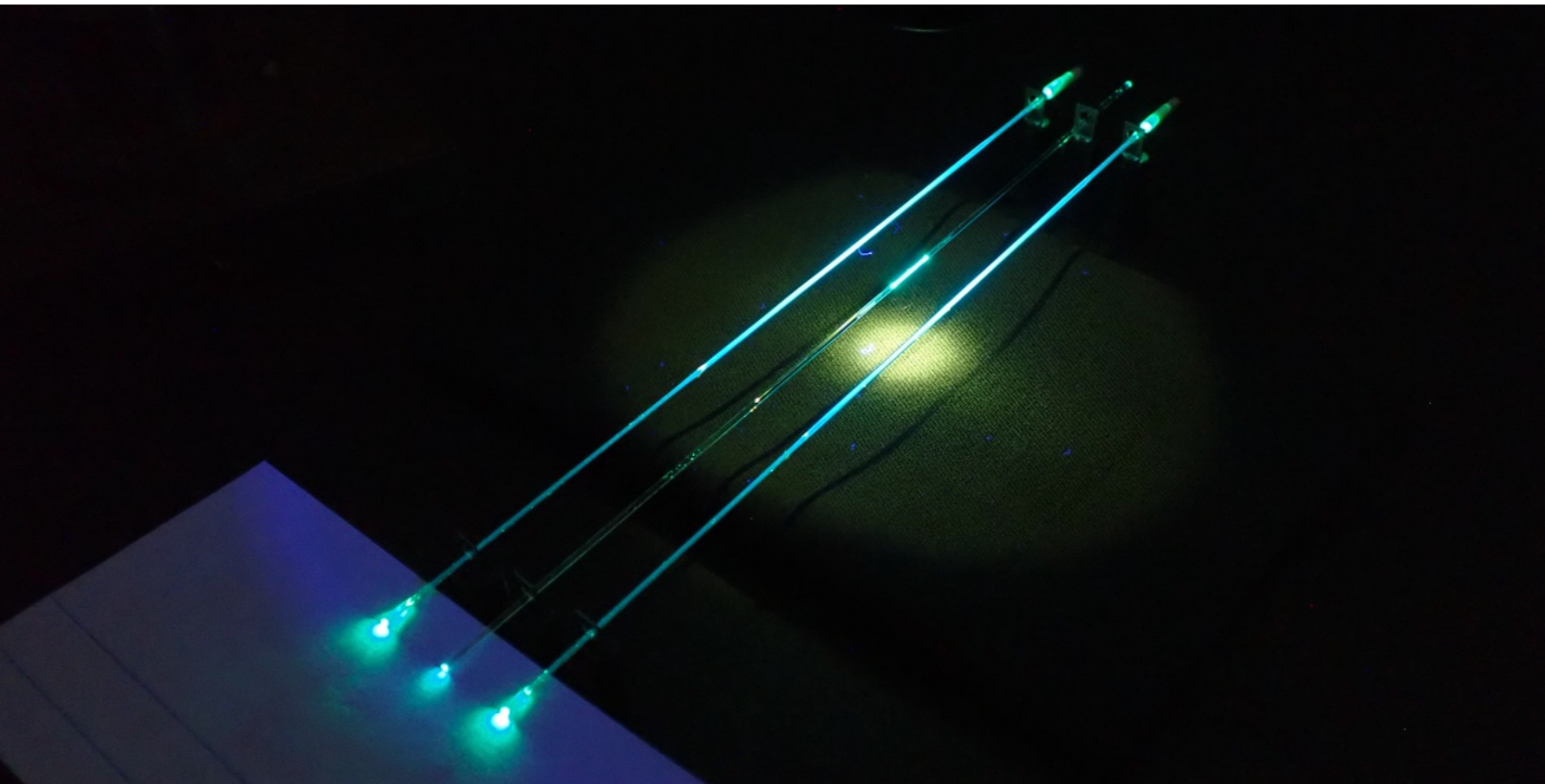
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



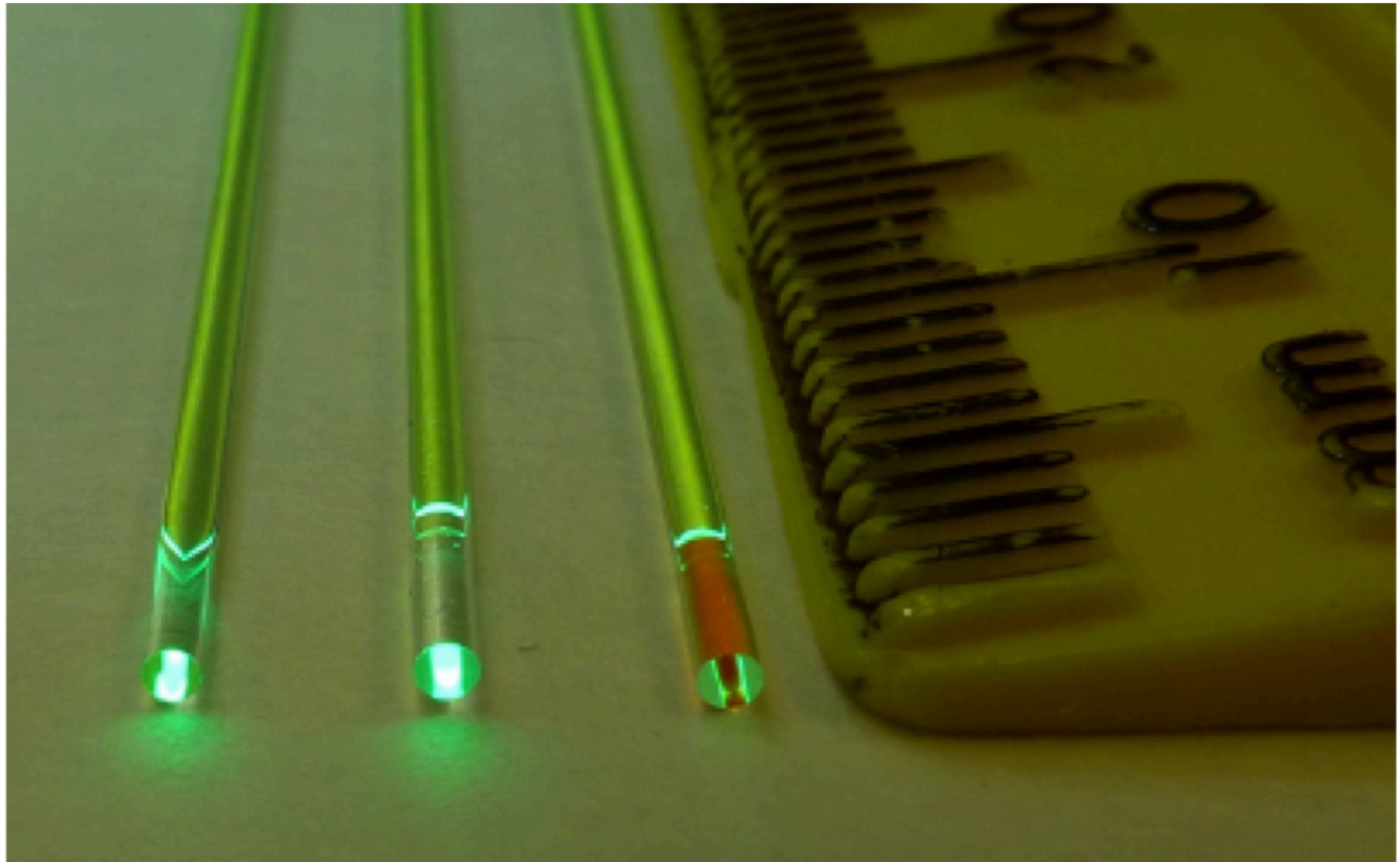
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



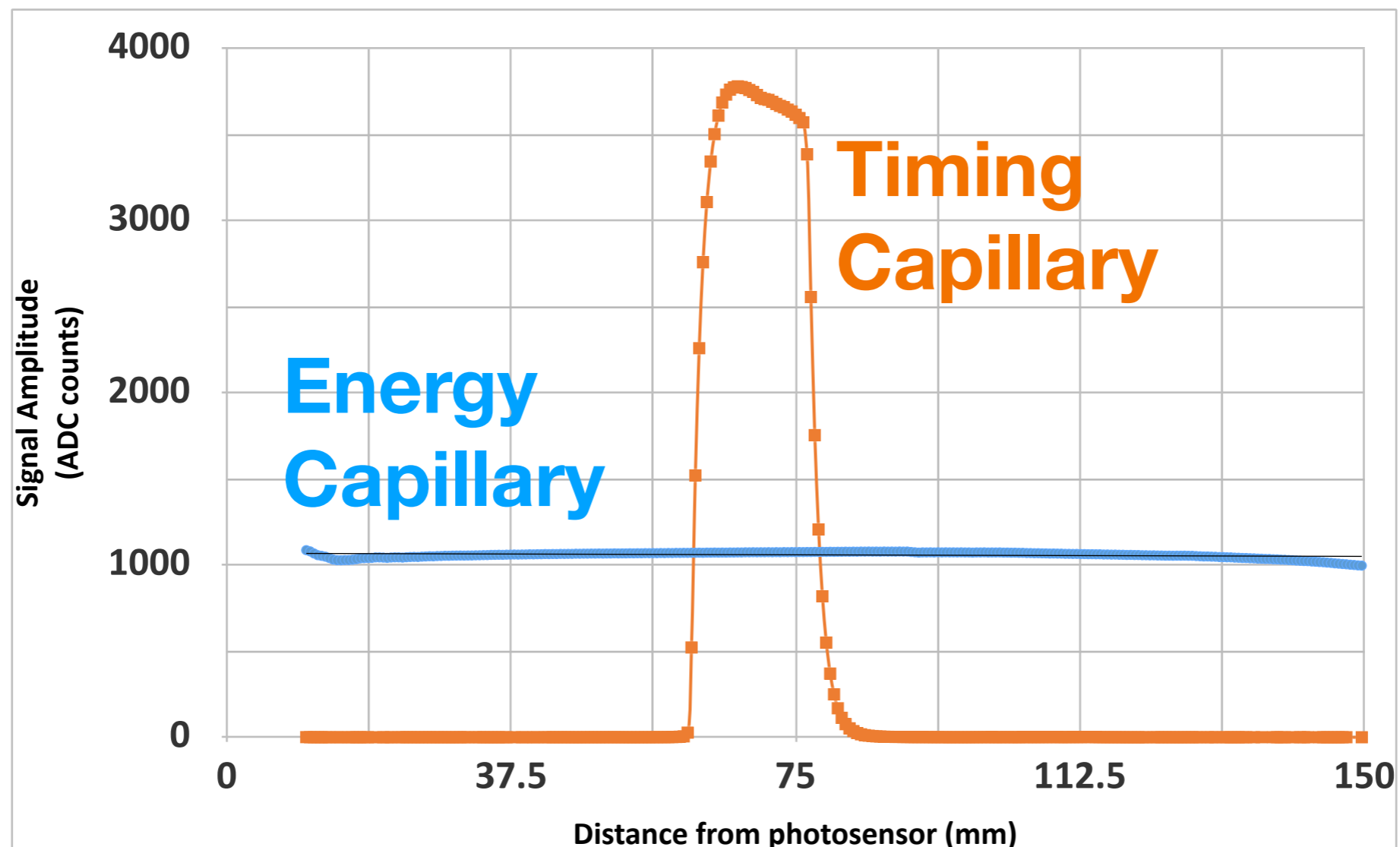
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



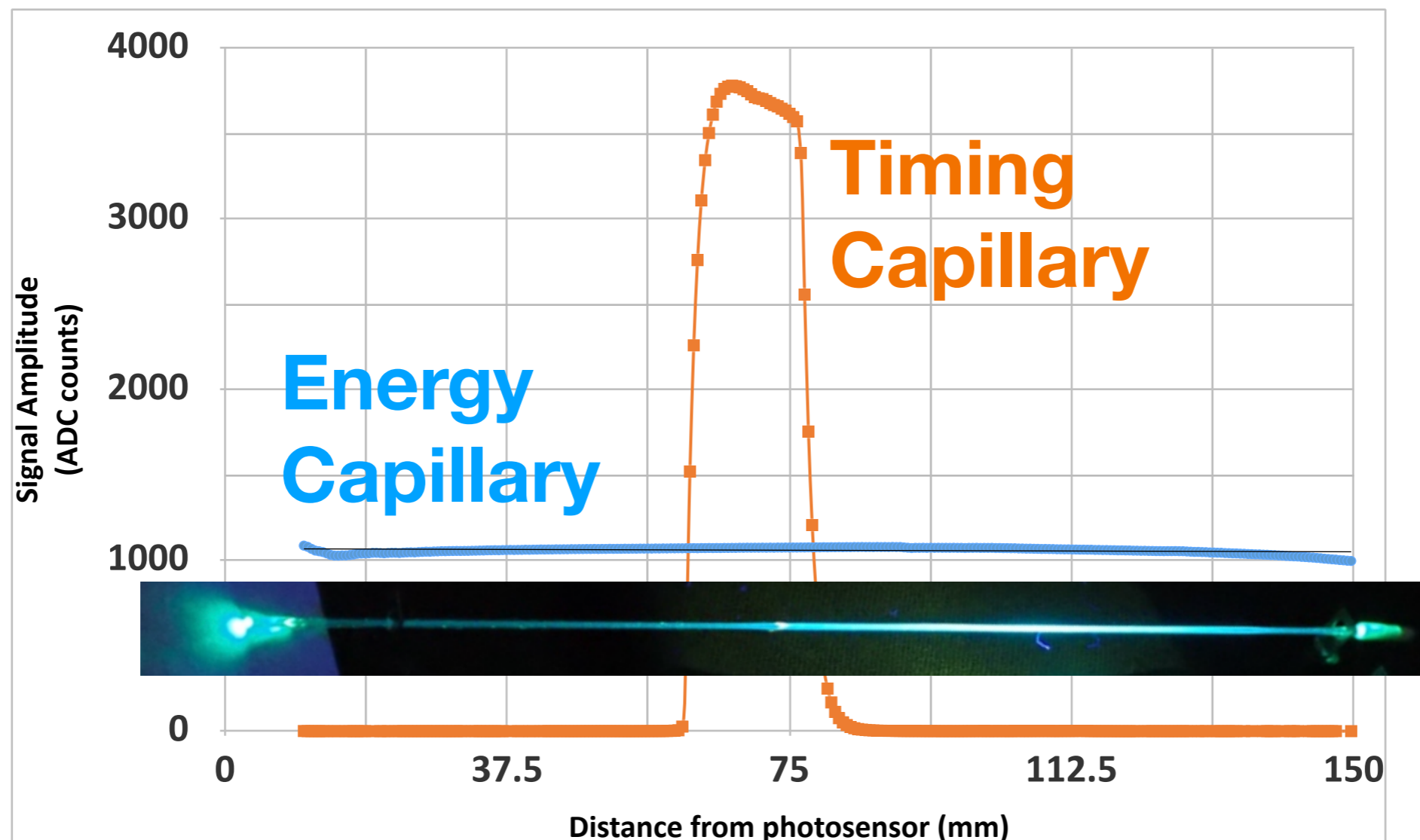
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



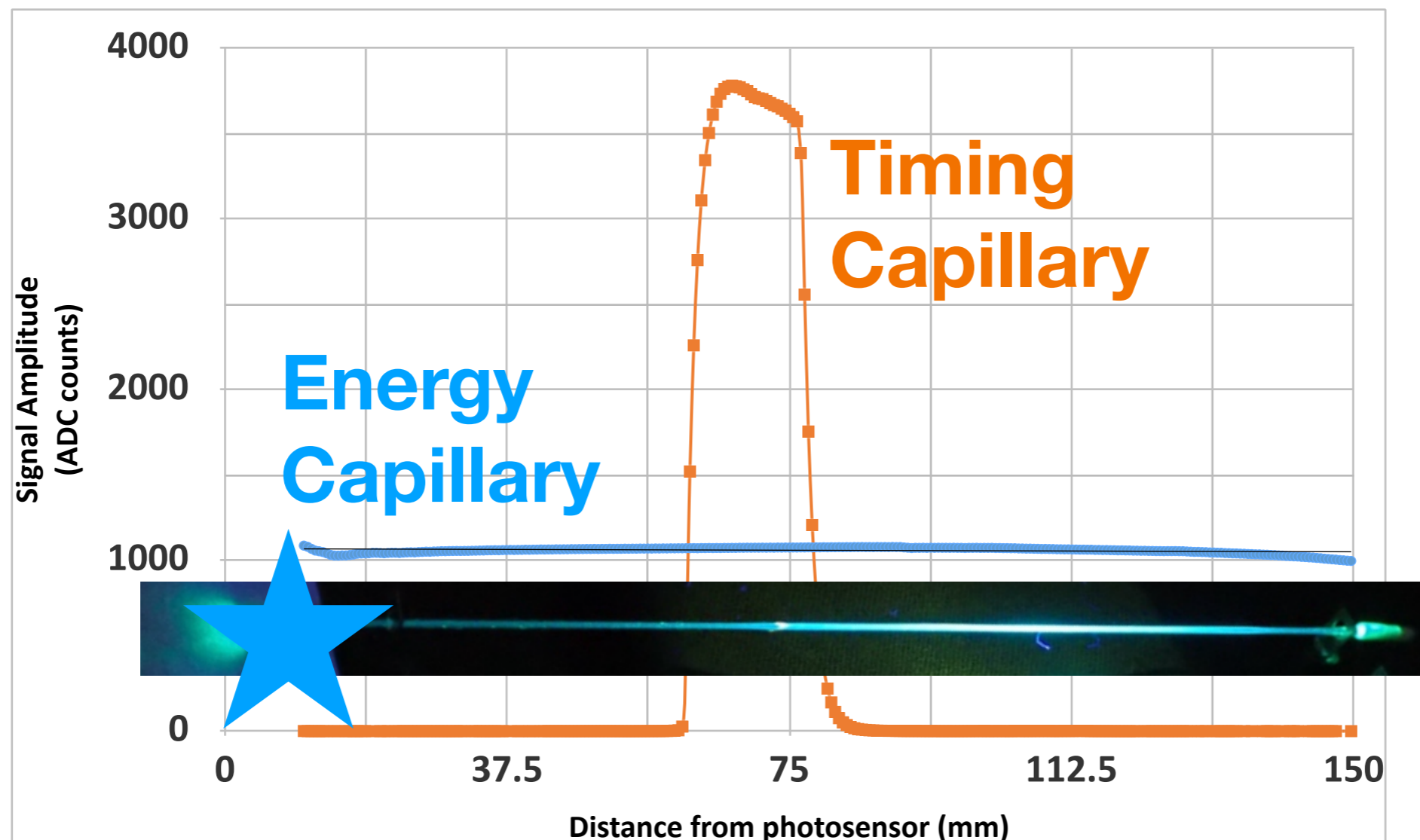
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



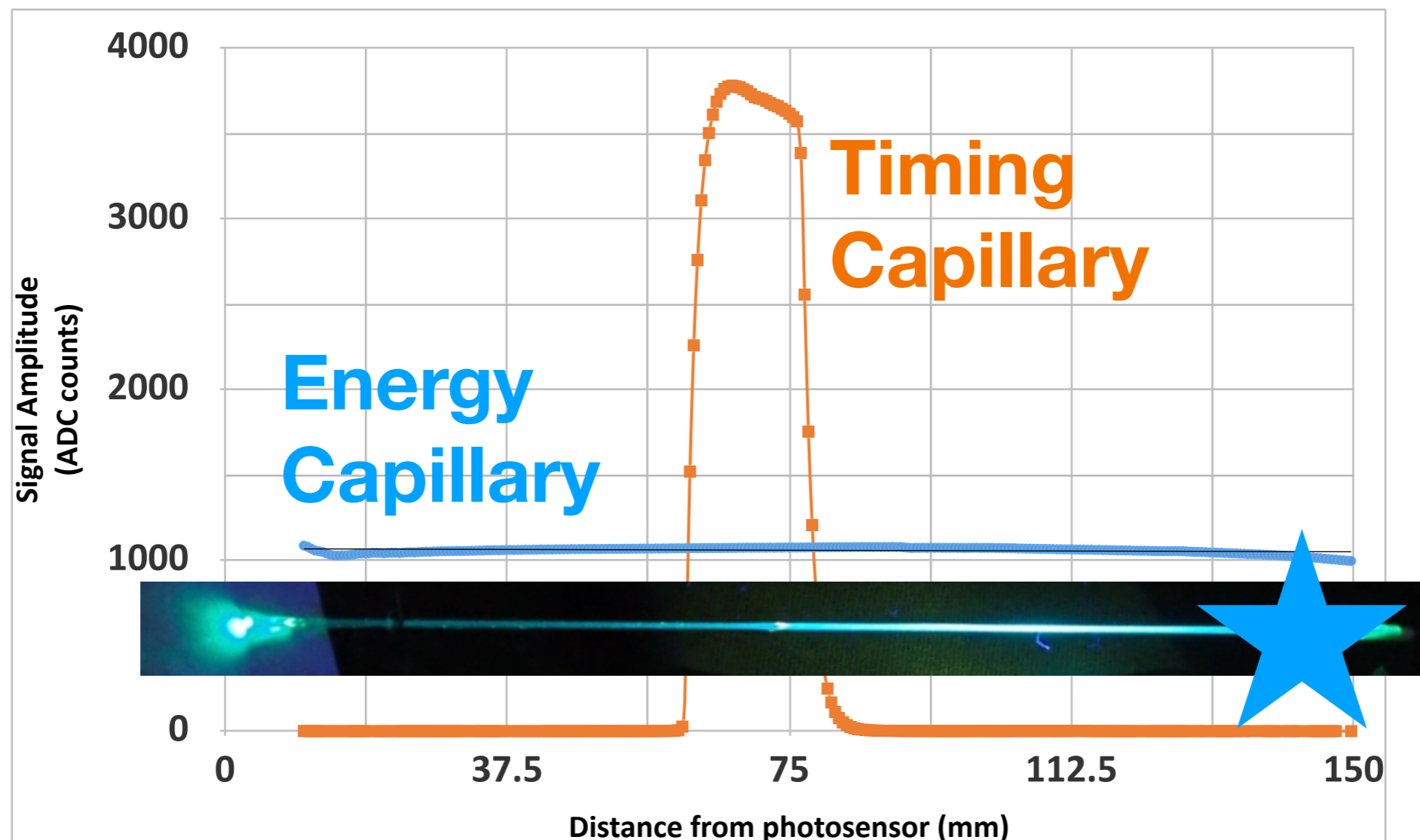
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



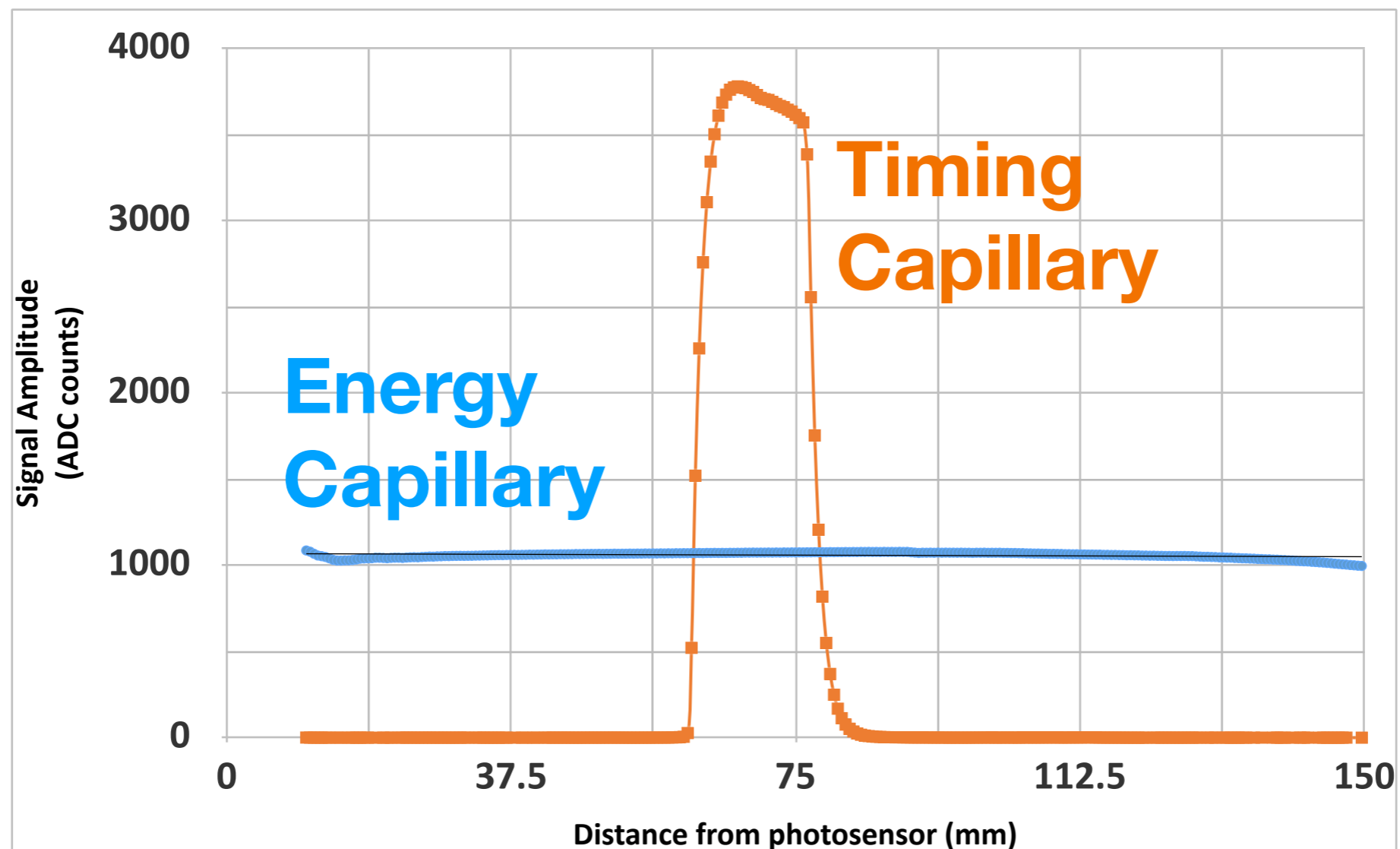
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



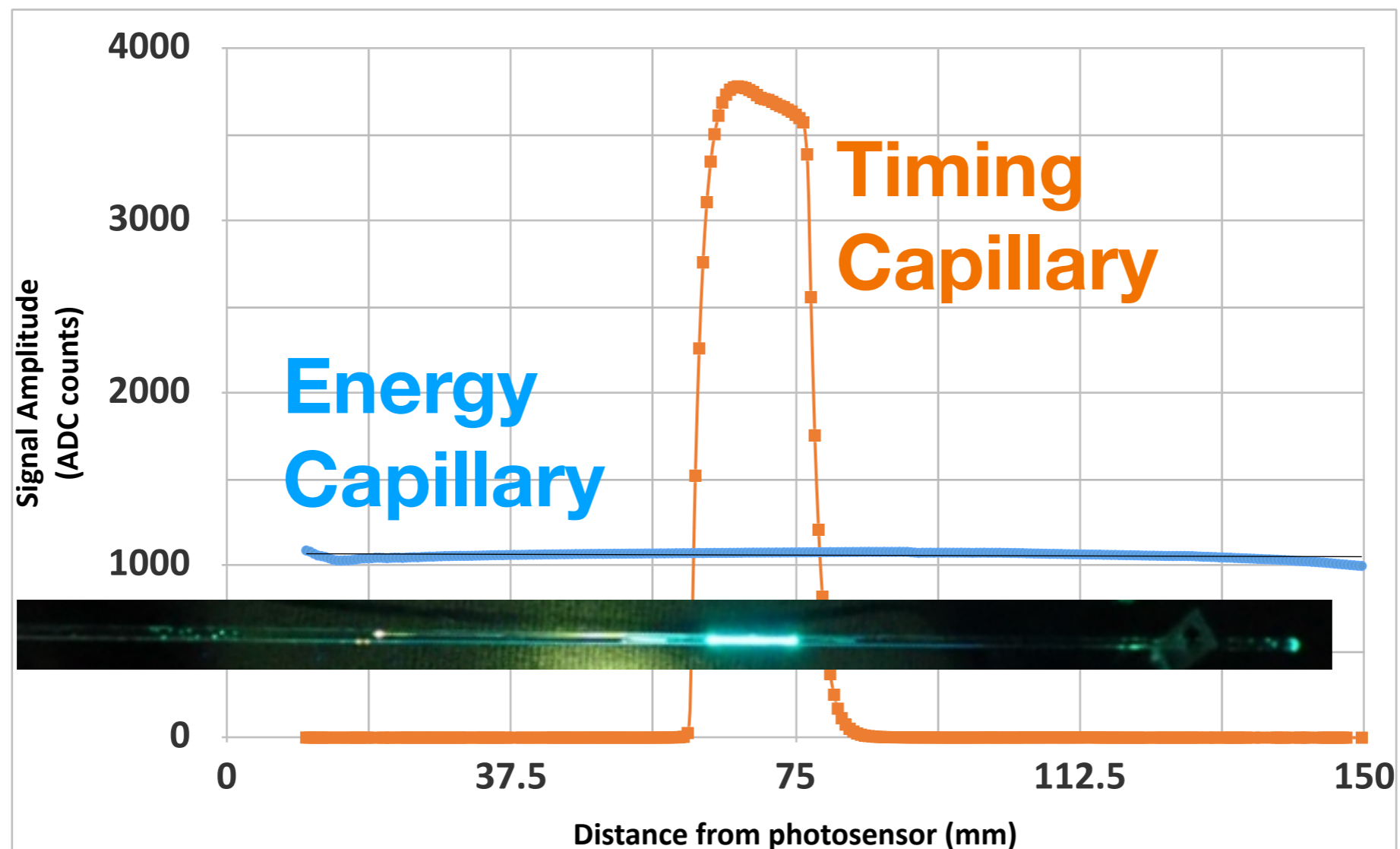
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



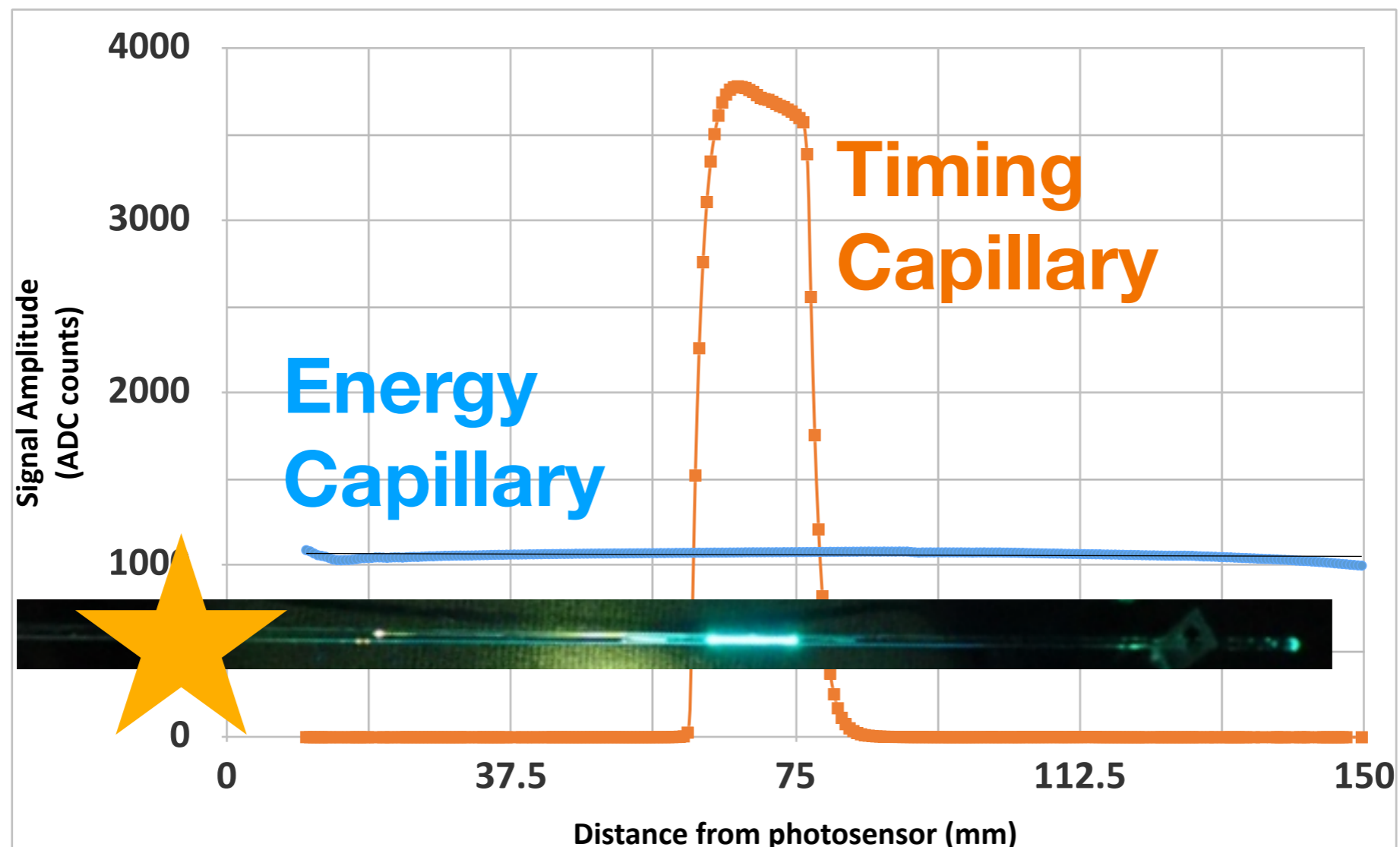
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



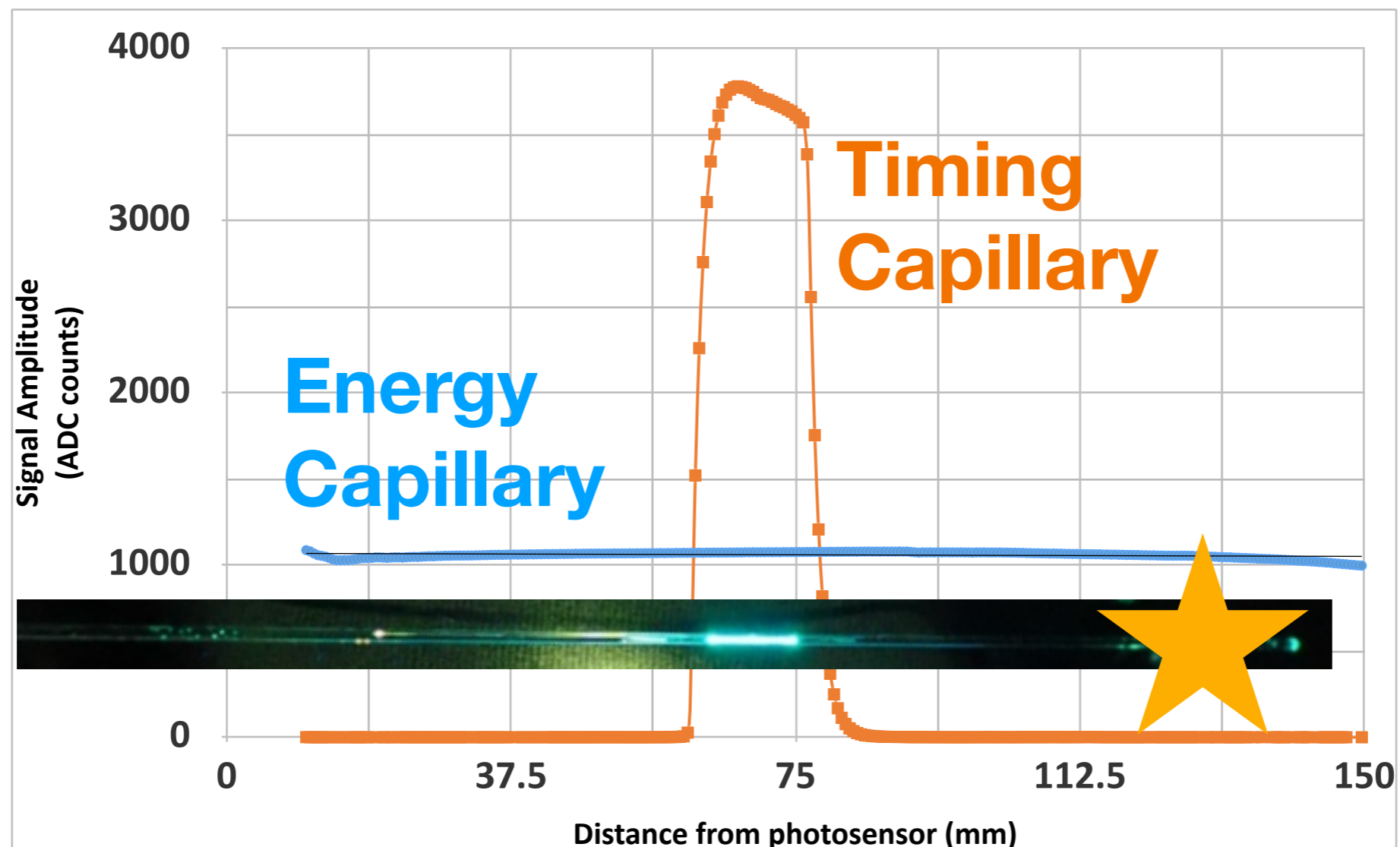
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



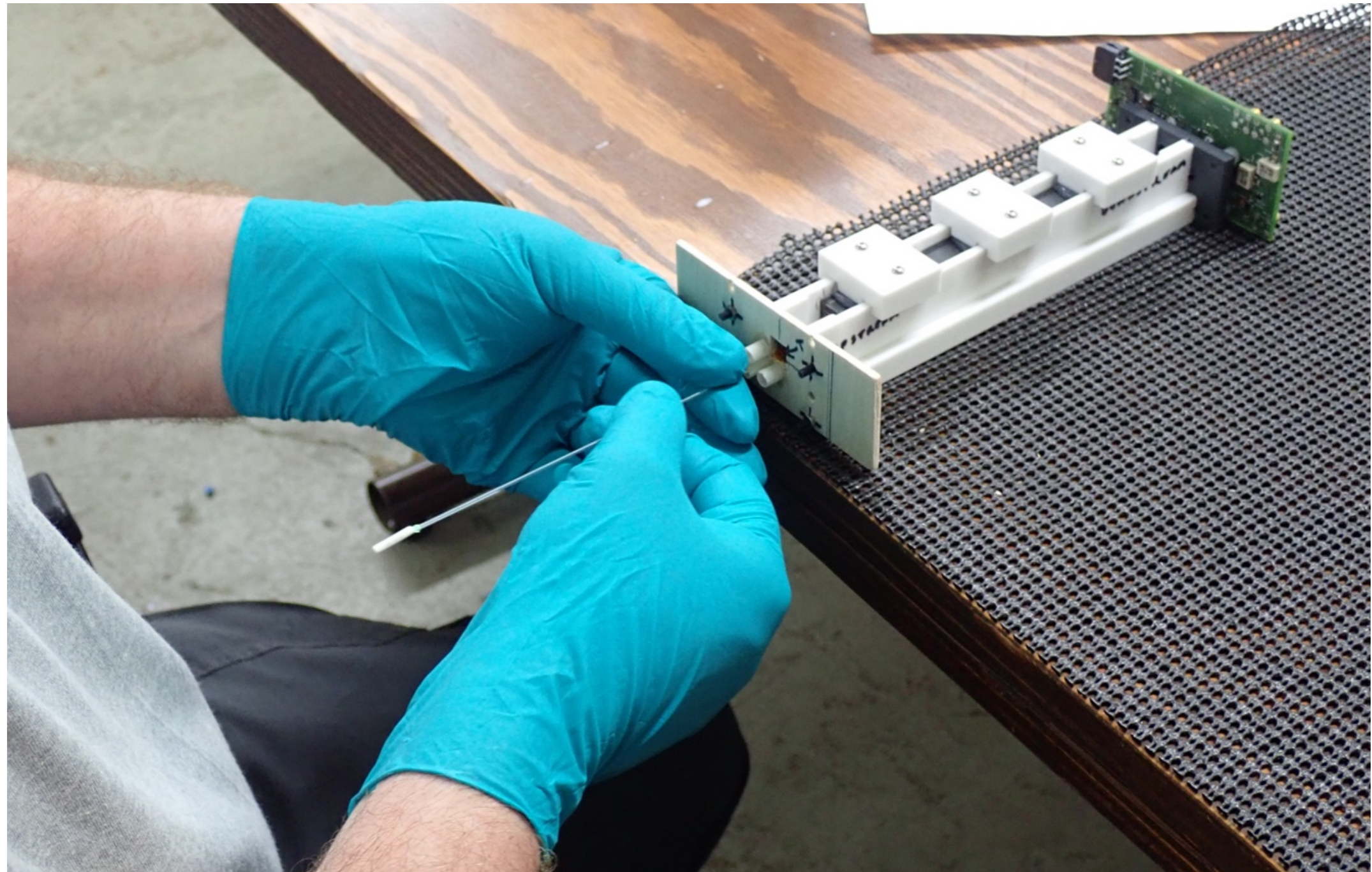
Preparing the Capillaries

K. Ford
Radiation Laboratory Glassblowing Shop
University of Notre Dame Core Facility, Radiation Laboratory, Notre Dame IN 46556



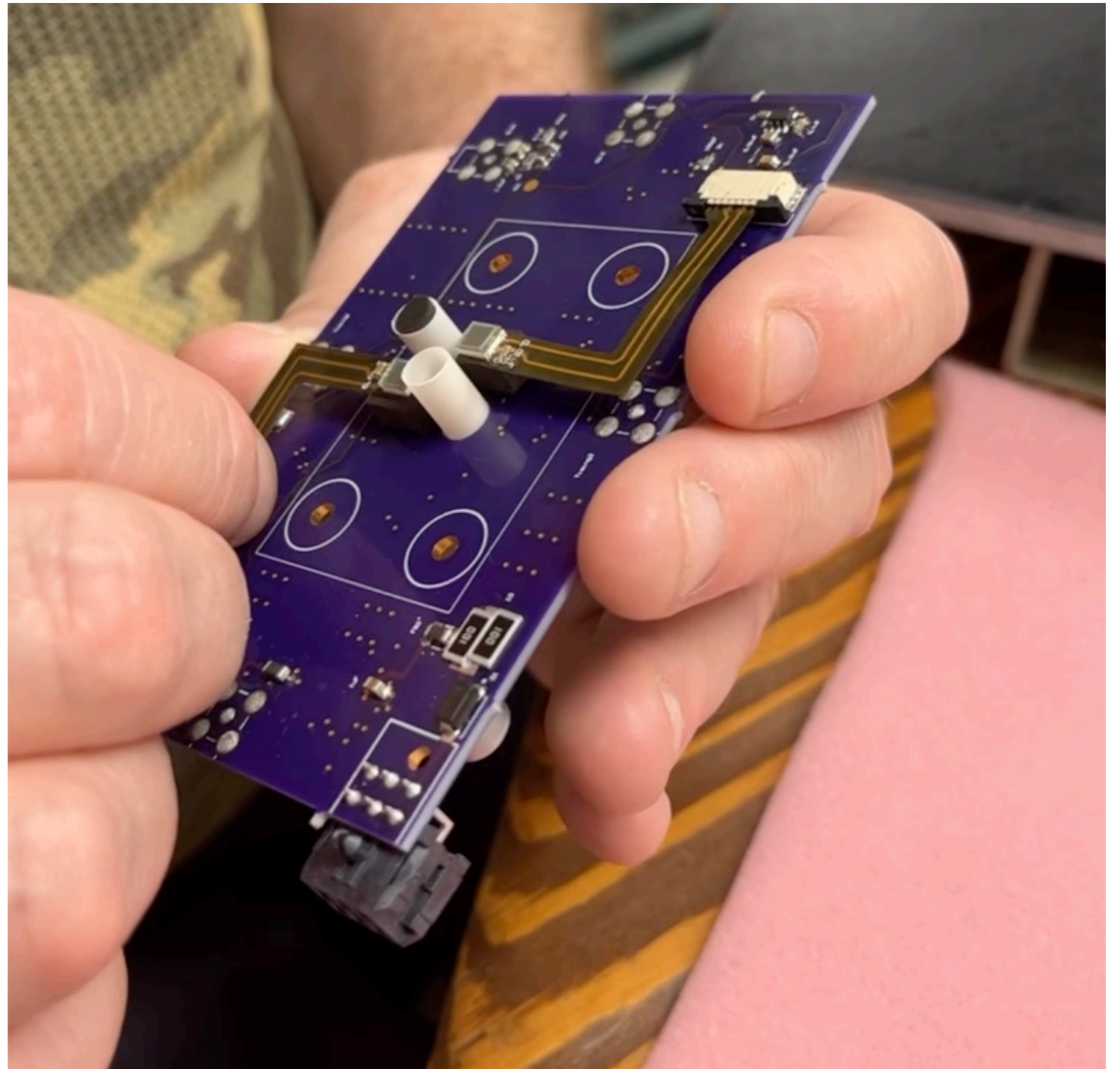
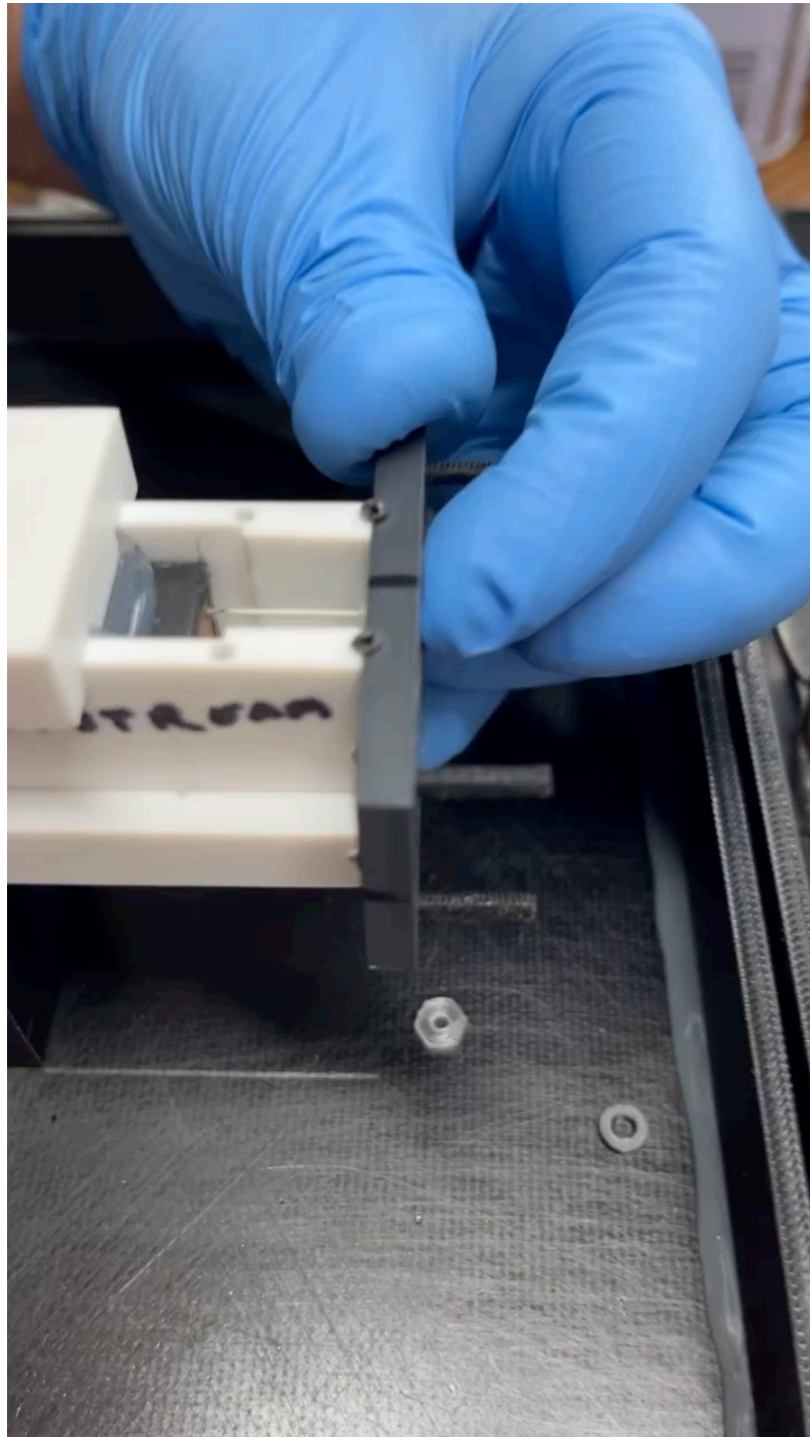
Preparing the Capillaries

P. Debbins at FNAL

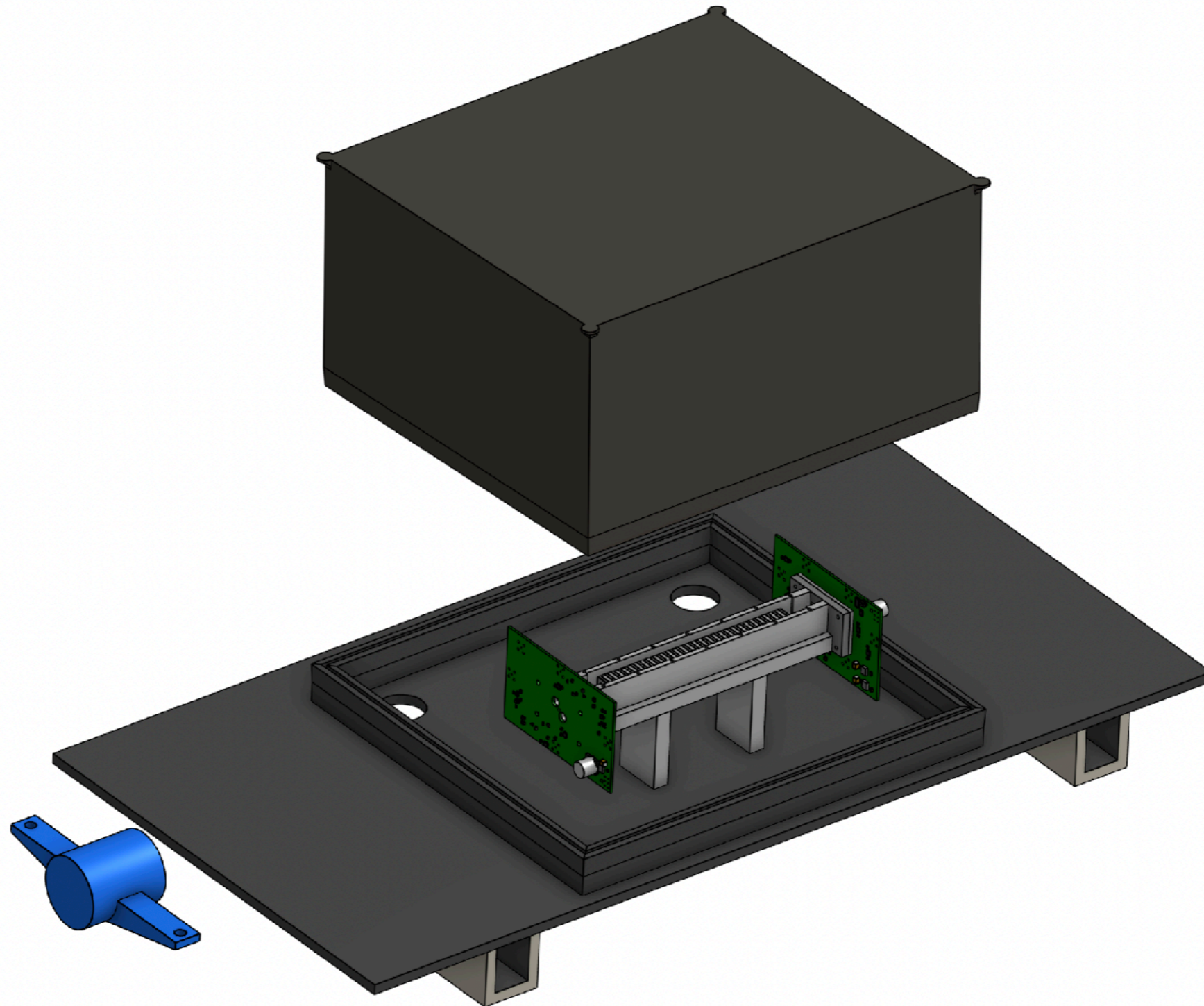


Preparing the Capillaries

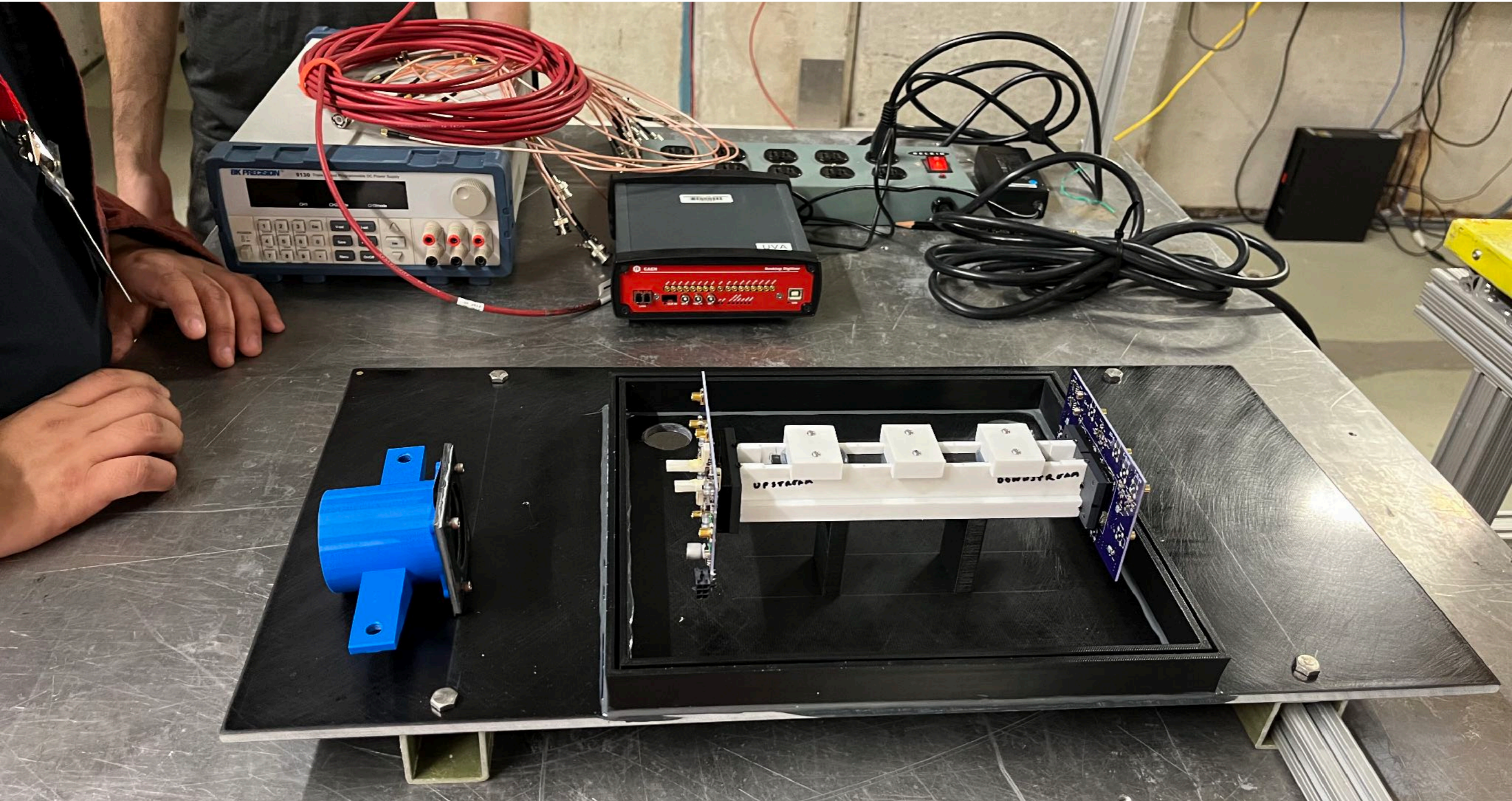
P. Debbins at FNAL



RADiCAL at Fermilab



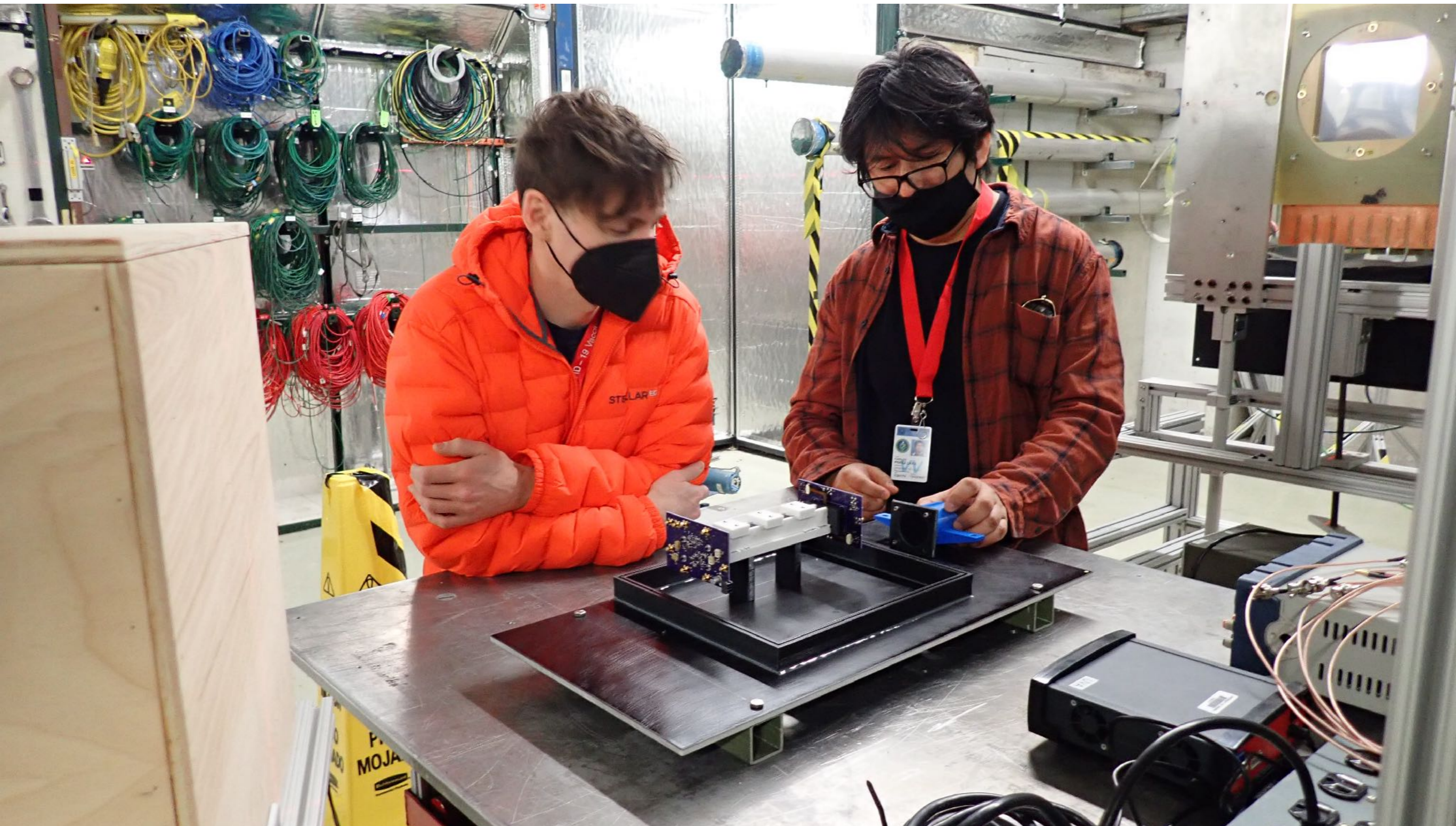
RADiCAL at Fermilab

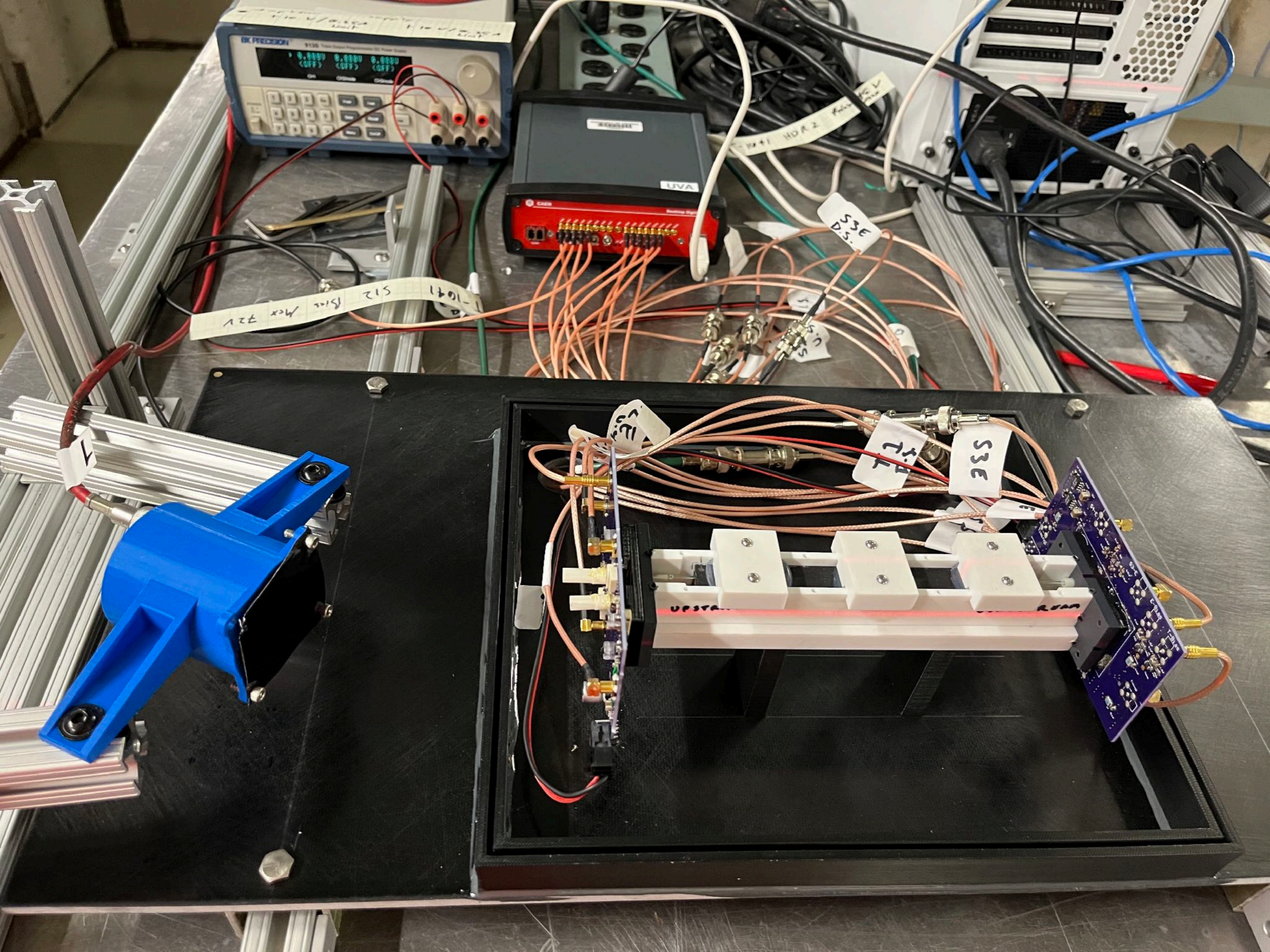


RADiCAL at Fermilab



RADiCAL at Fermilab





BK PRECISION
9100 True-RMS Programmable DC Power Supply
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
(OFF) (OFF) (OFF)
ON CHMODE CHMODE

RENDERER
LVA
CAEN
DAQ

S12 Bias Max 72V

W41 HDK 2

S3E D.S.

S1

S3E

S3E

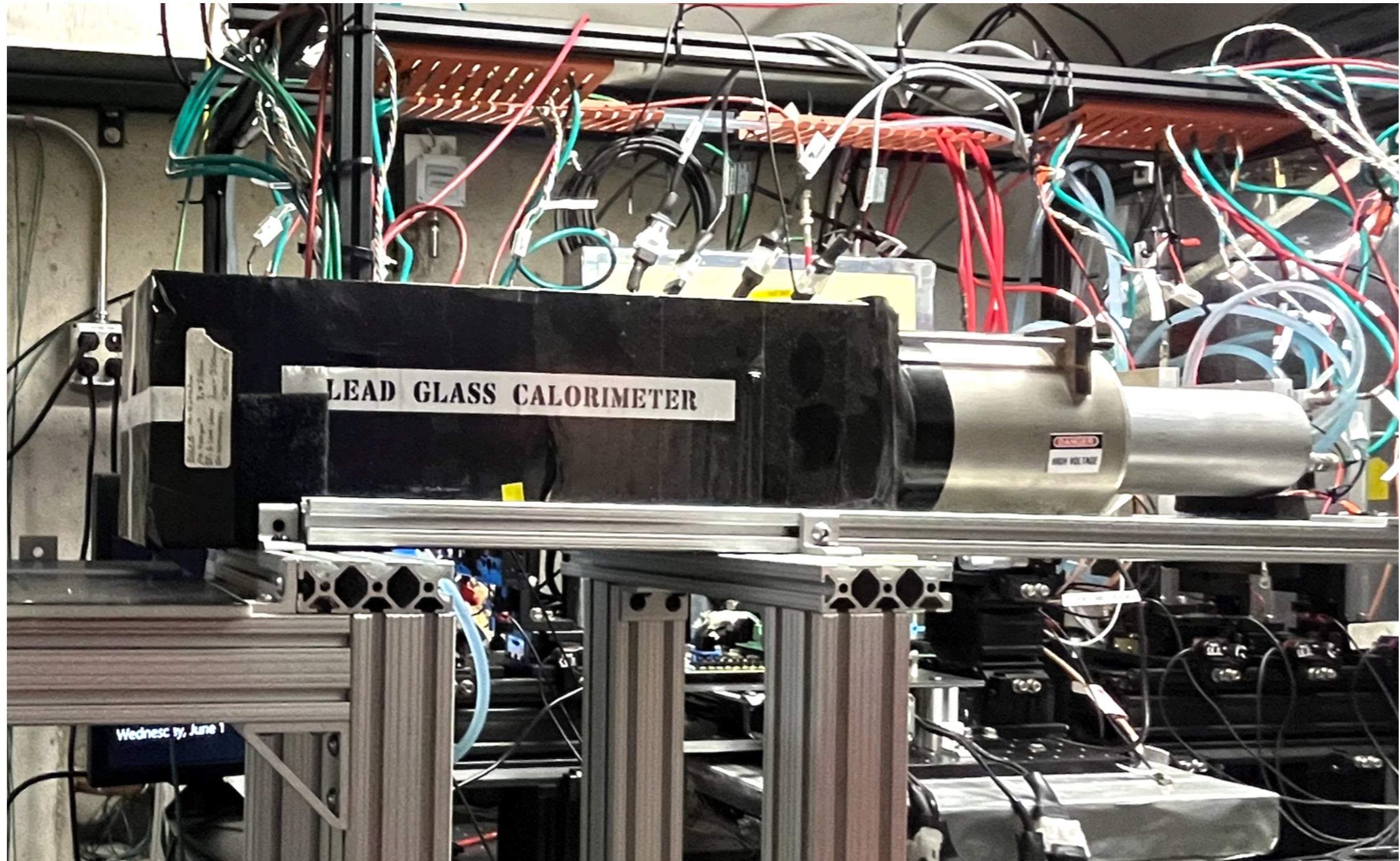
S3E

S1

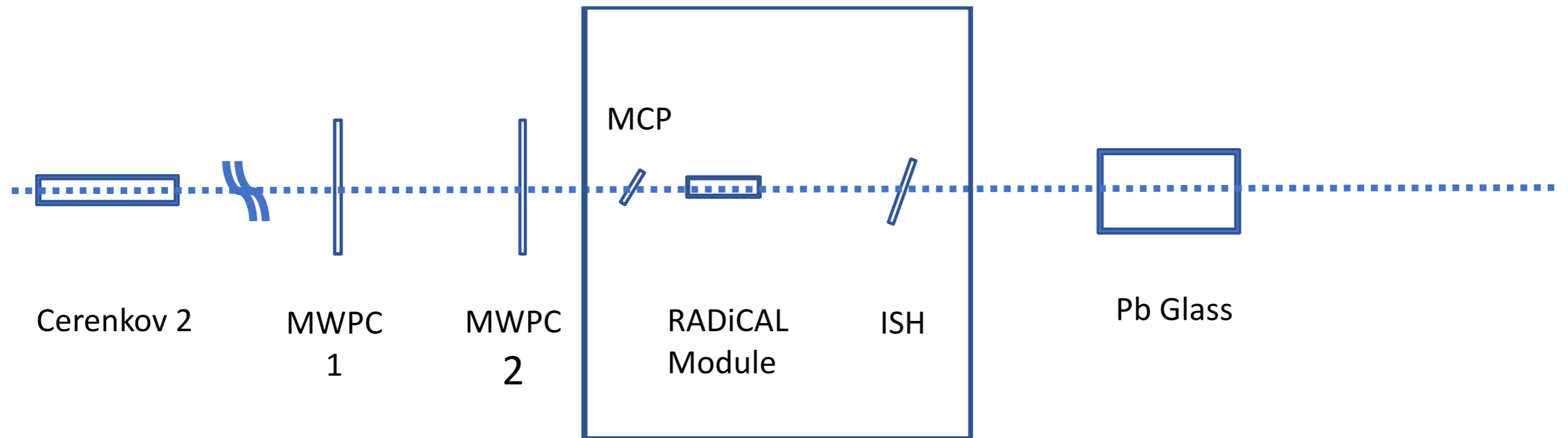
UPSTAN

PCB components and connectors

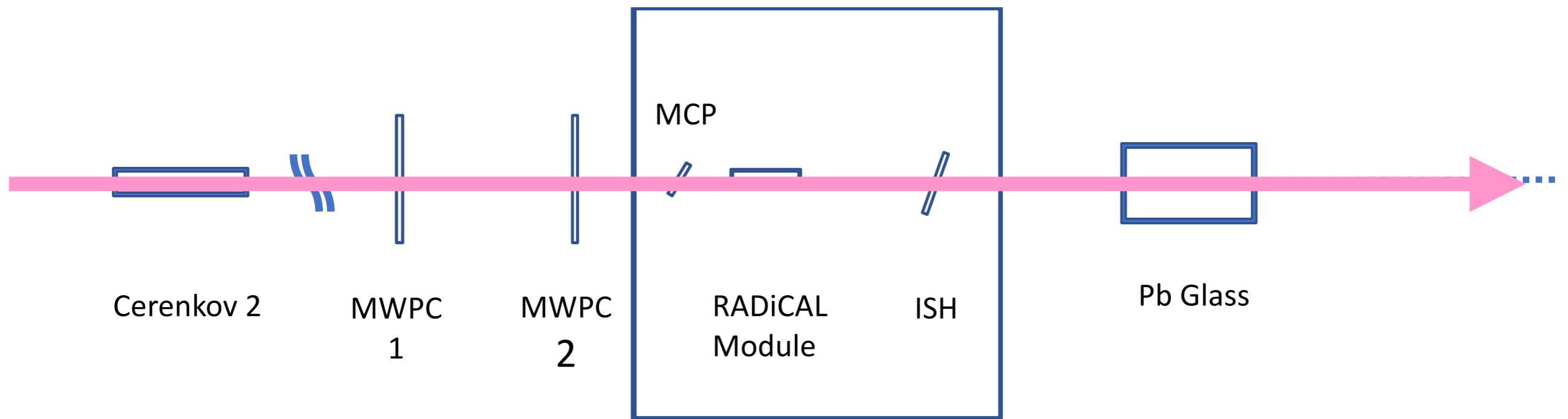
RADiCAL at Fermilab



RADiCAL at Fermilab

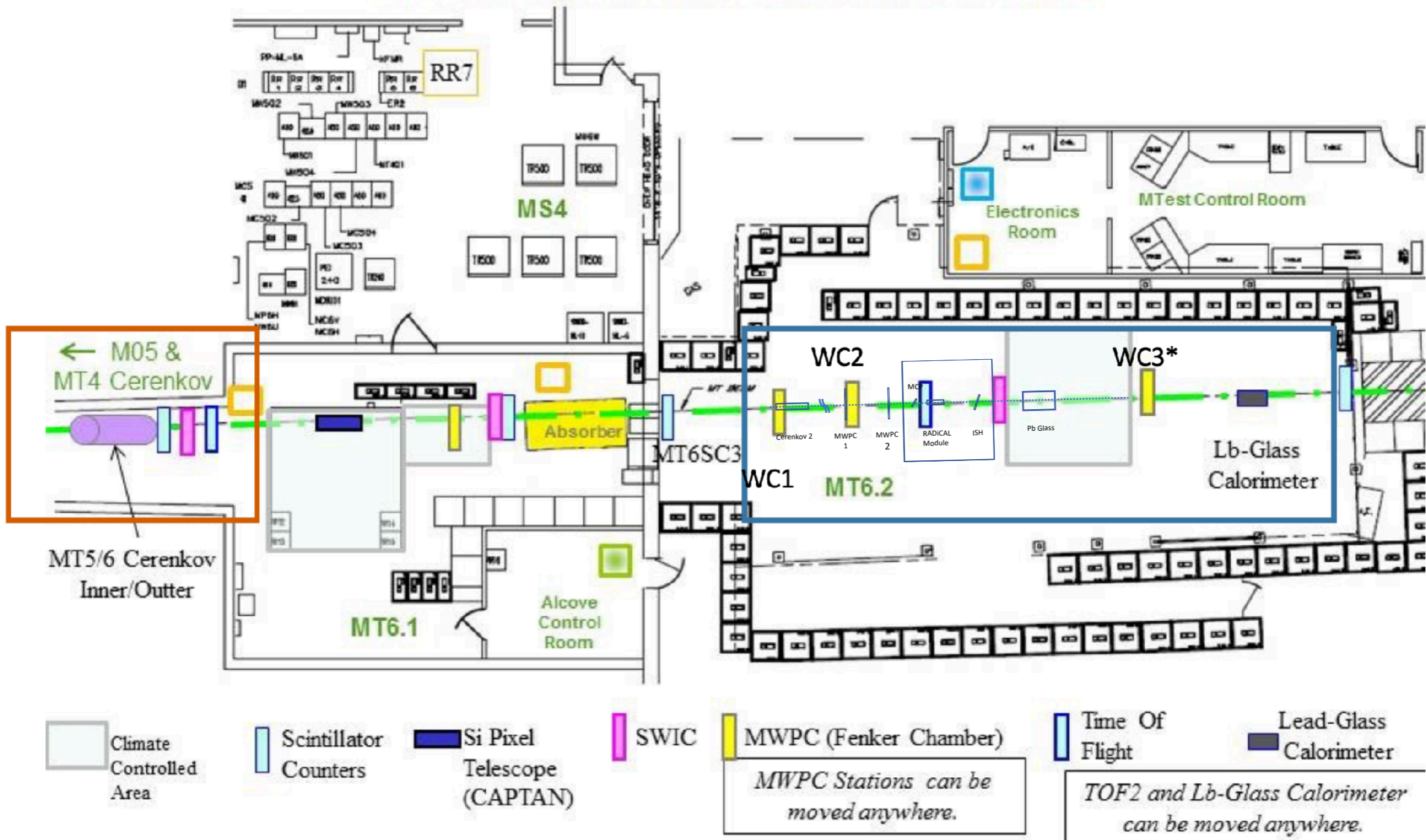


RADiCAL at Fermilab

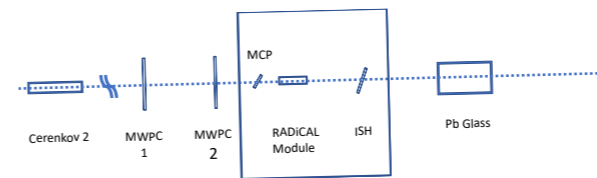


RADiCAL at Fermilab

MTest Beam line Instrumentation



RADiCAL at Fermilab

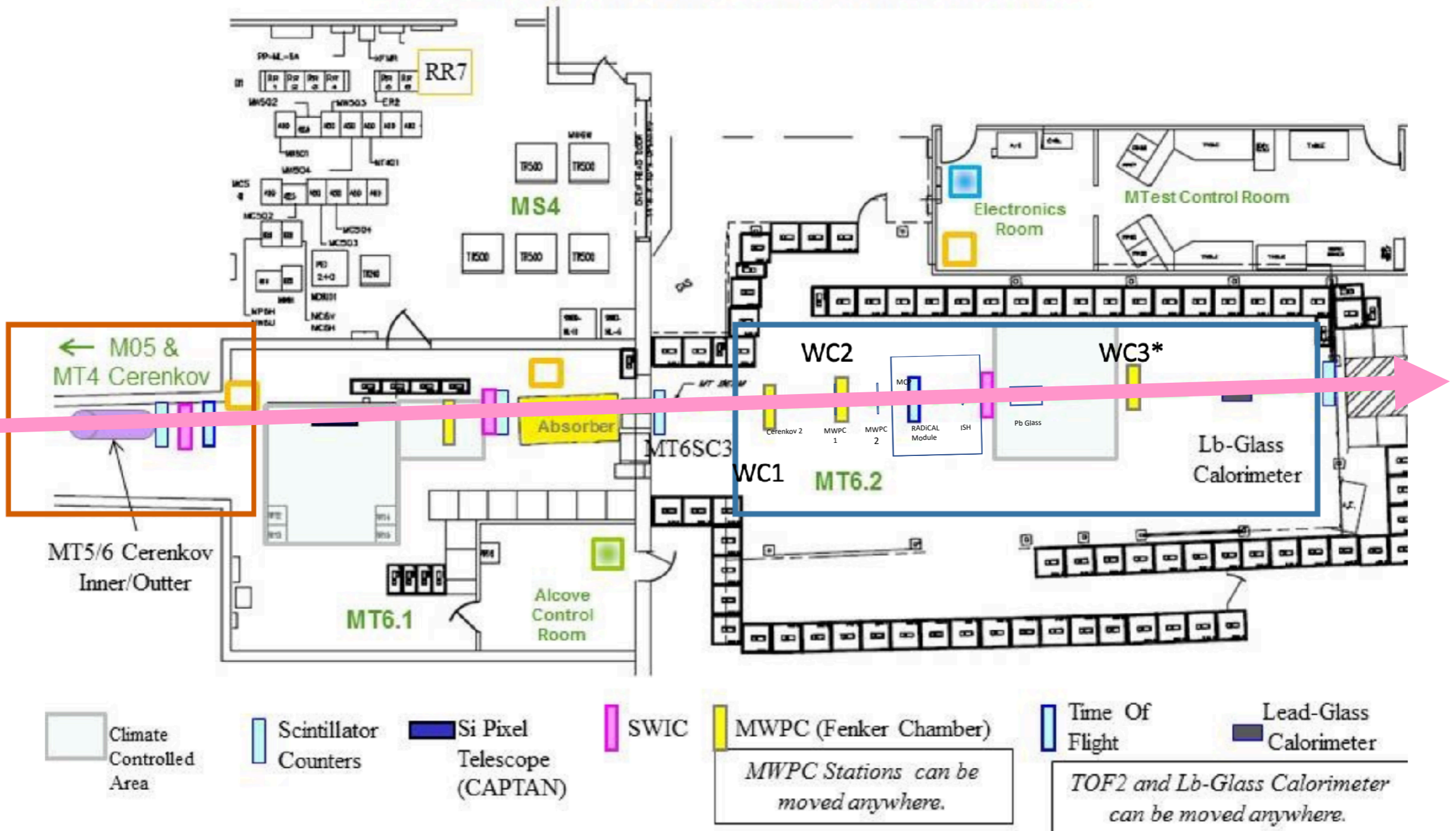


RADiCAL at Fermilab

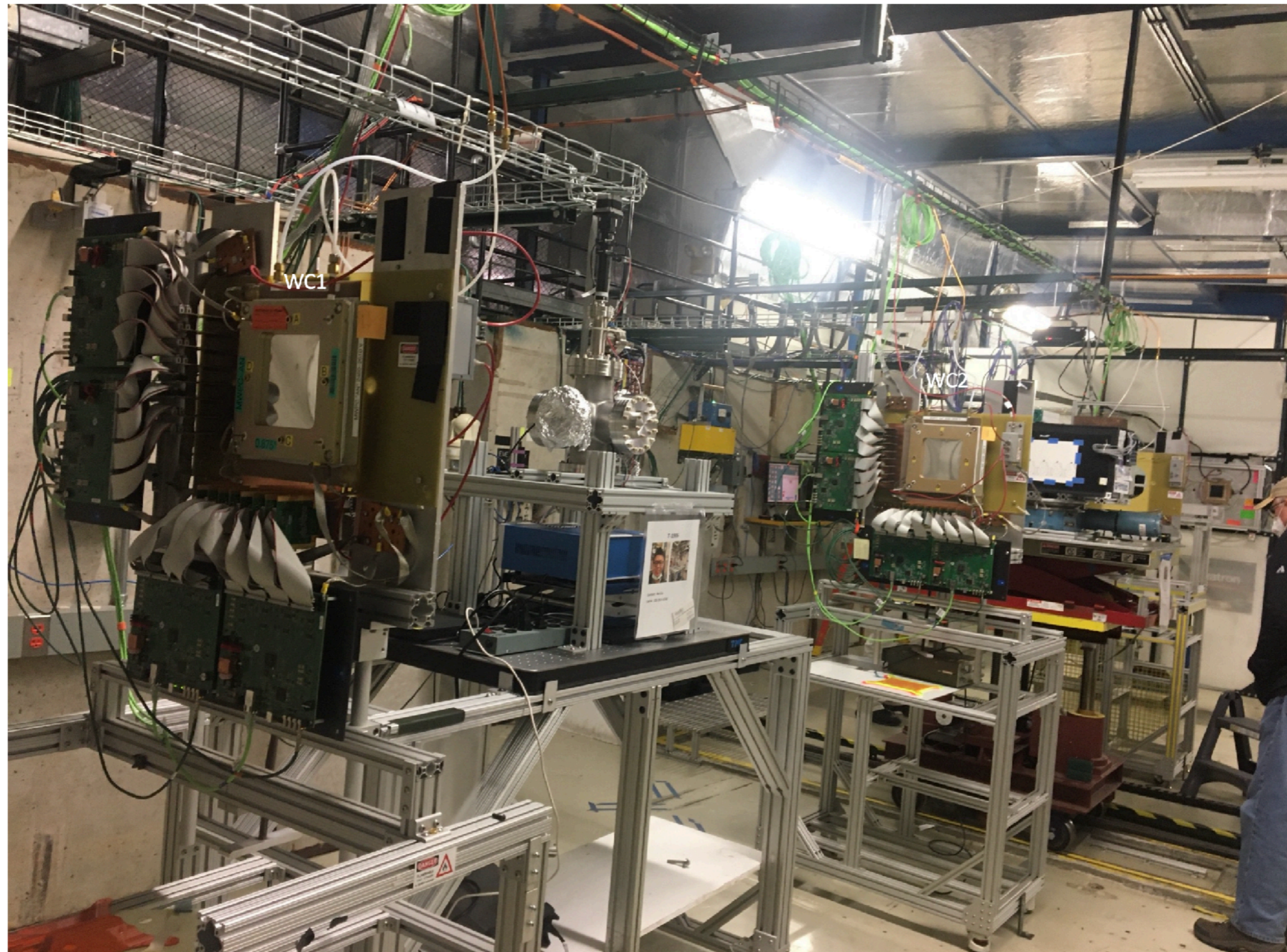


RADiCAL at Fermilab

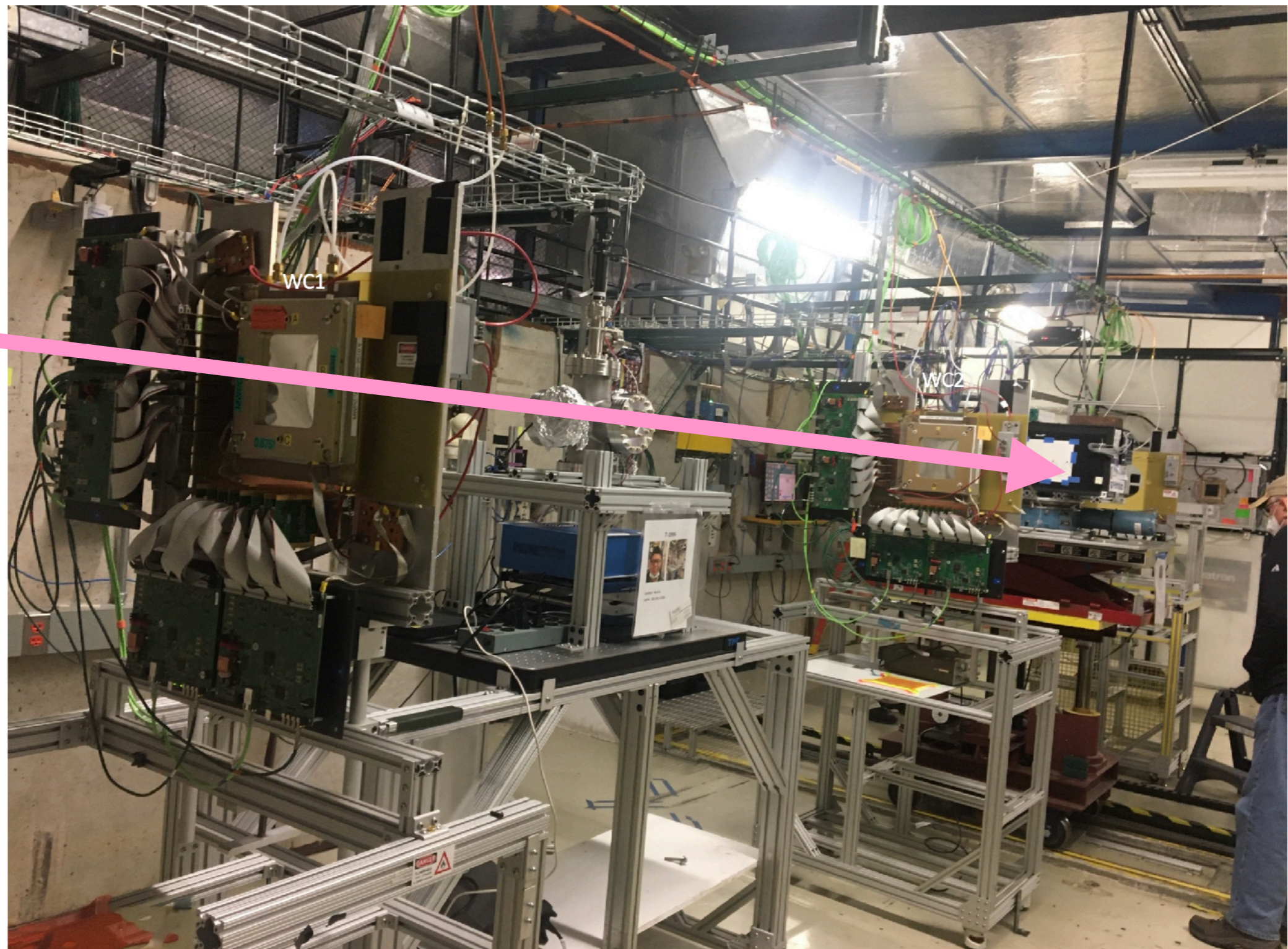
MTest Beam line Instrumentation



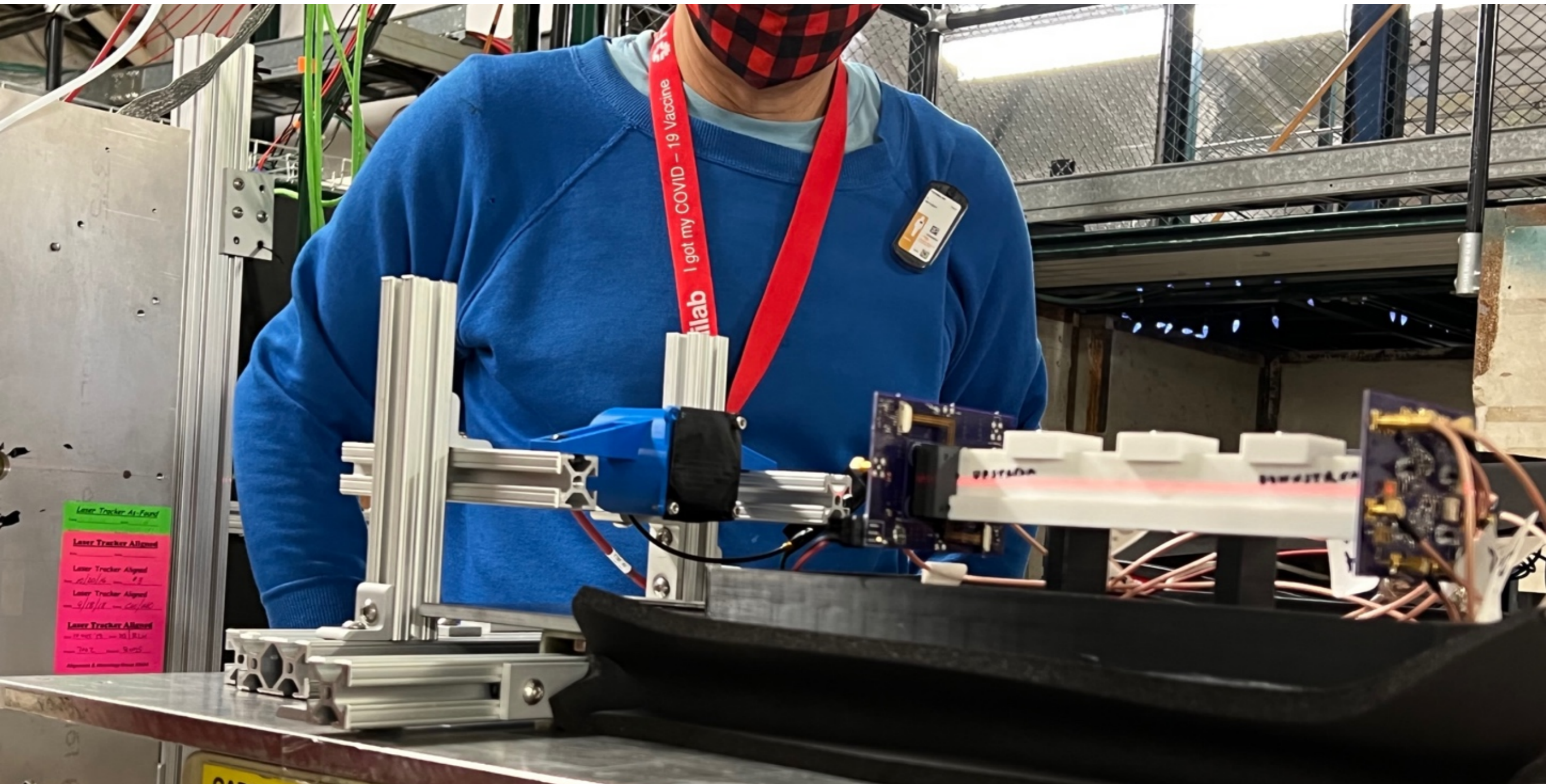
RADiCAL at Fermilab



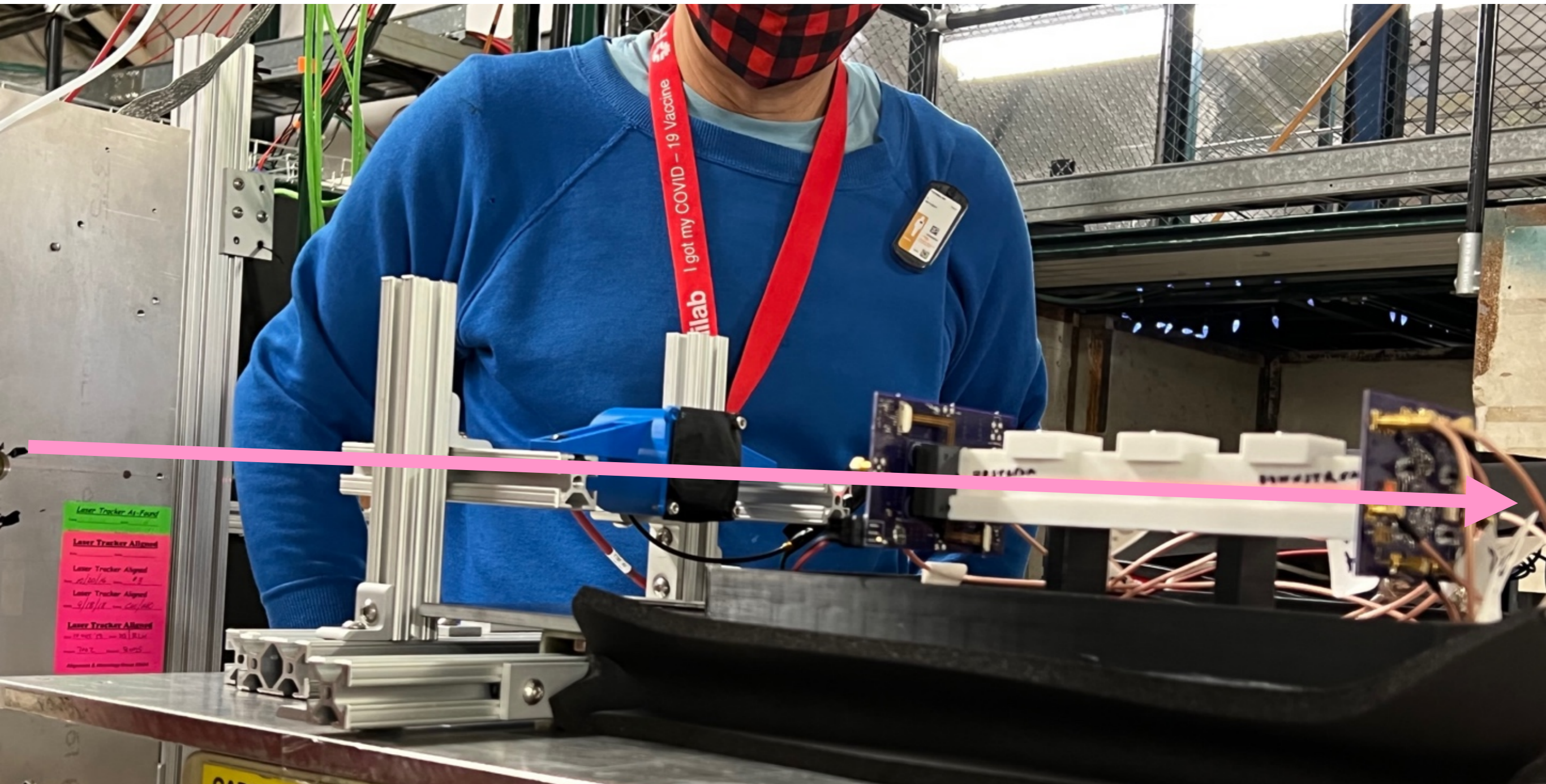
RADiCAL at Fermilab



RADiCAL at Fermilab

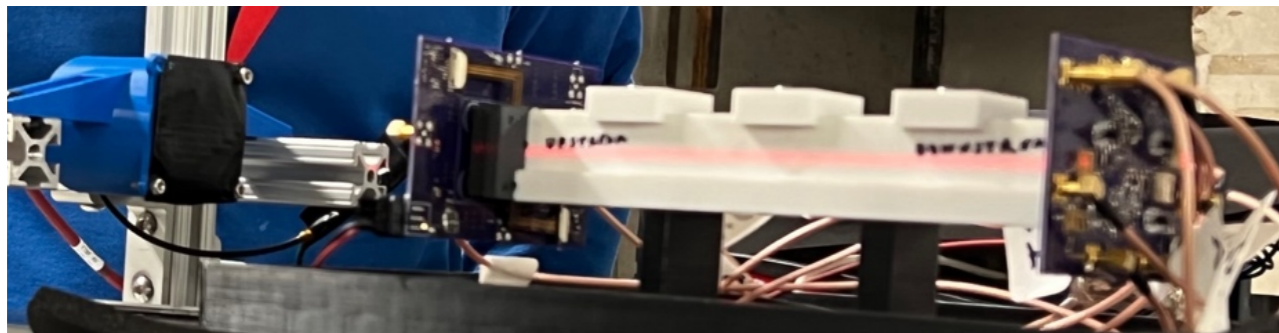


RADiCAL at Fermilab



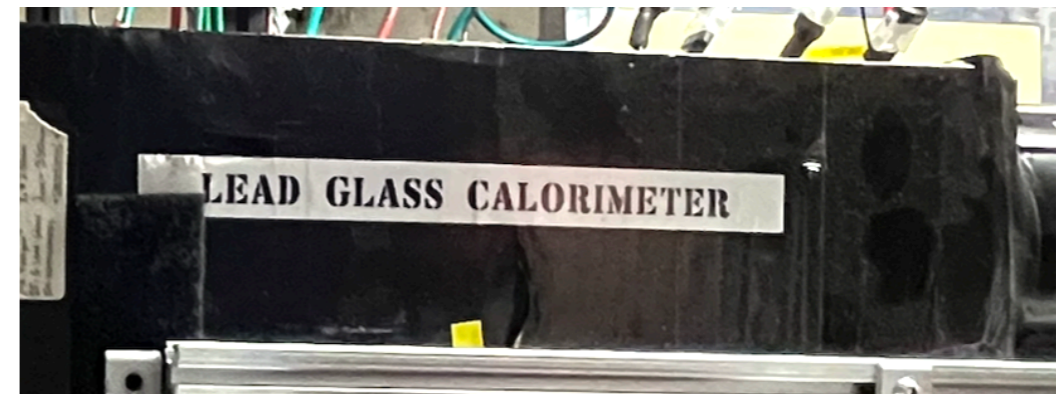
RADiCAL at Fermilab

MCP



RADiCAL

Pb Glass



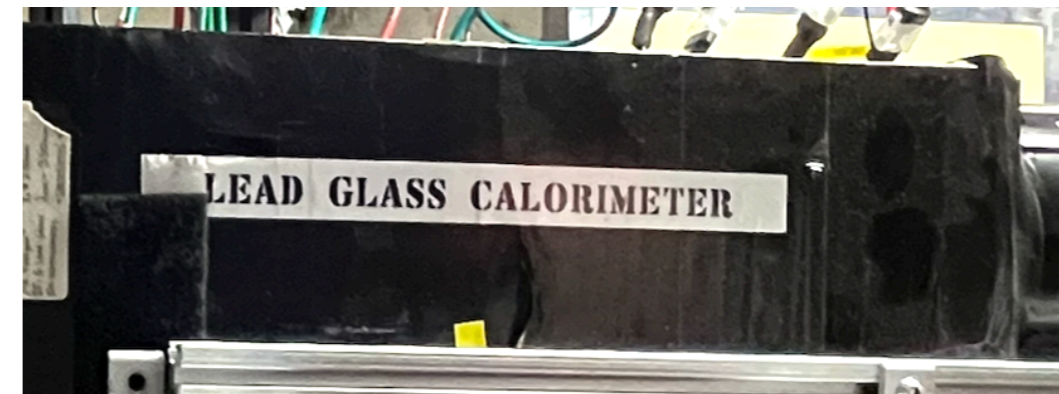
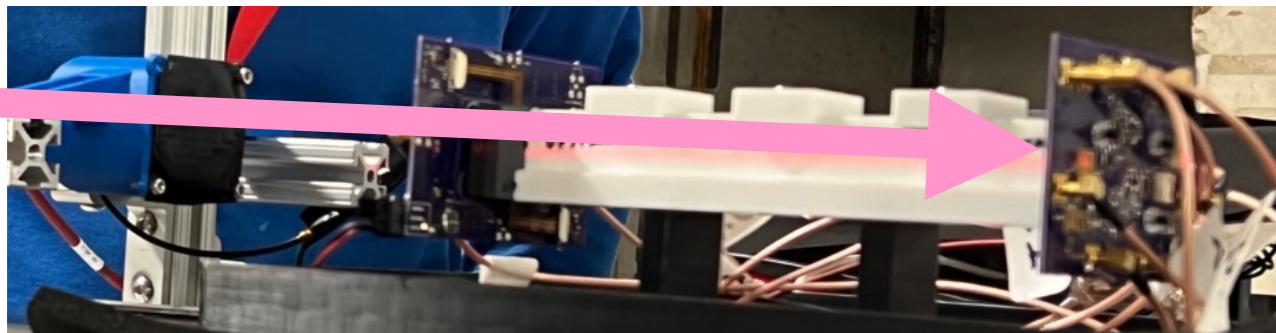
28 GeV e-

RADiCAL at Fermilab

MCP

RADiCAL

Pb Glass



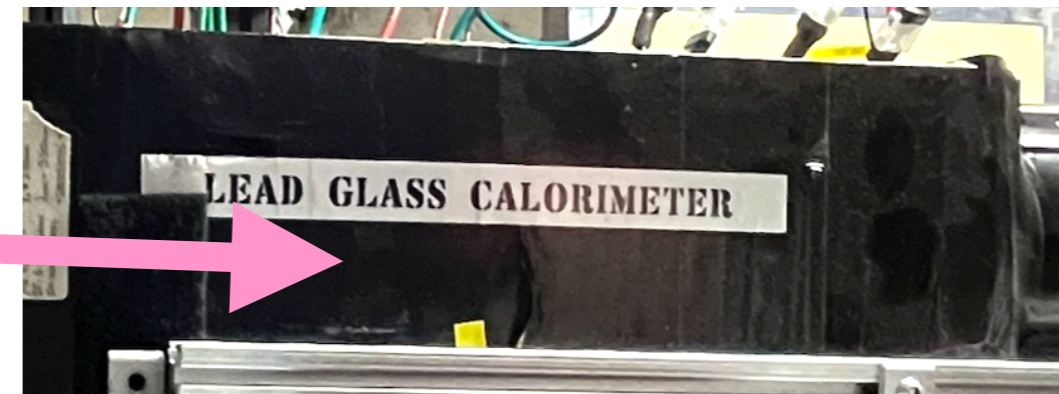
28 GeV e-

RADiCAL at Fermilab

MCP

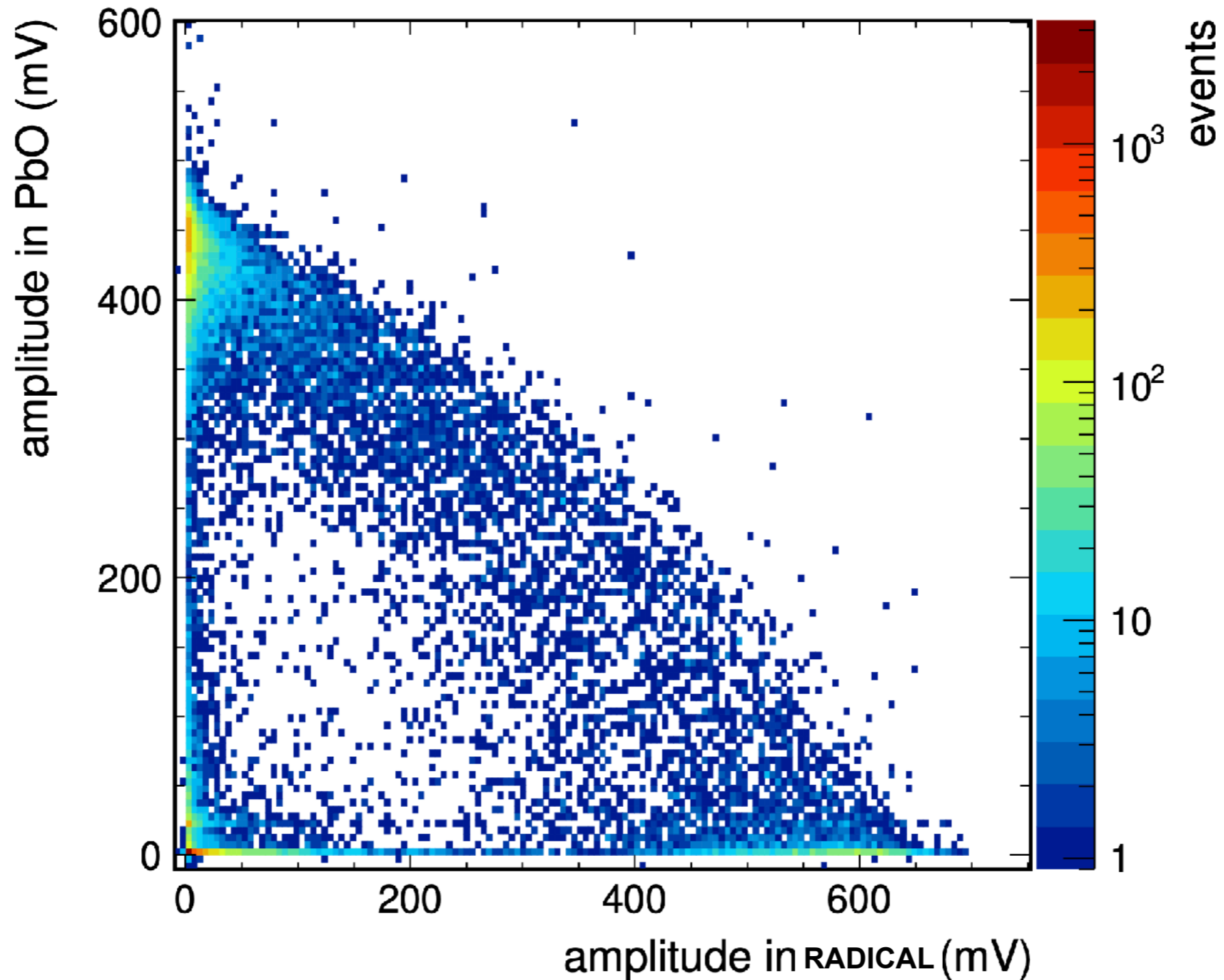
RADiCAL

Pb Glass

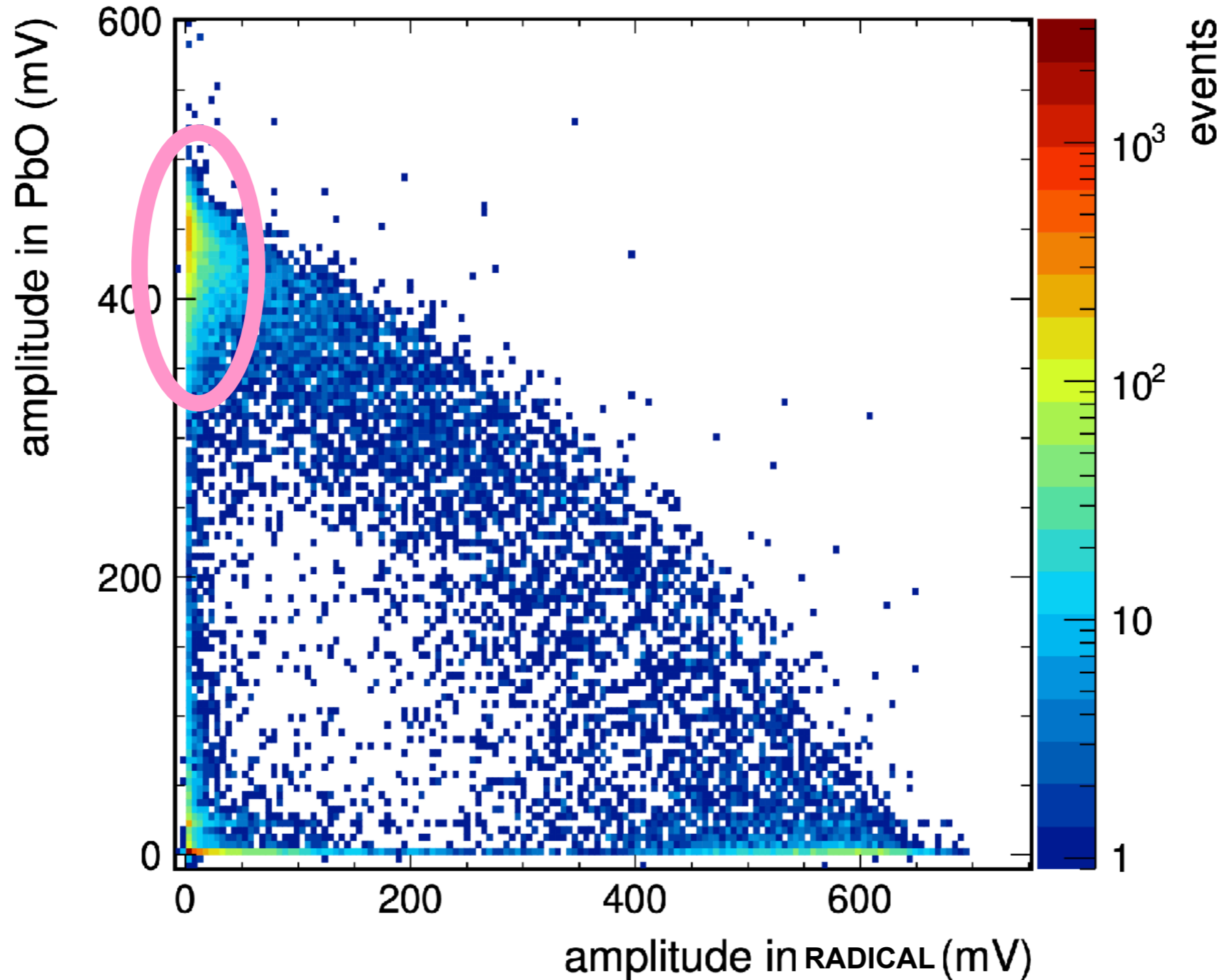


28 GeV e-

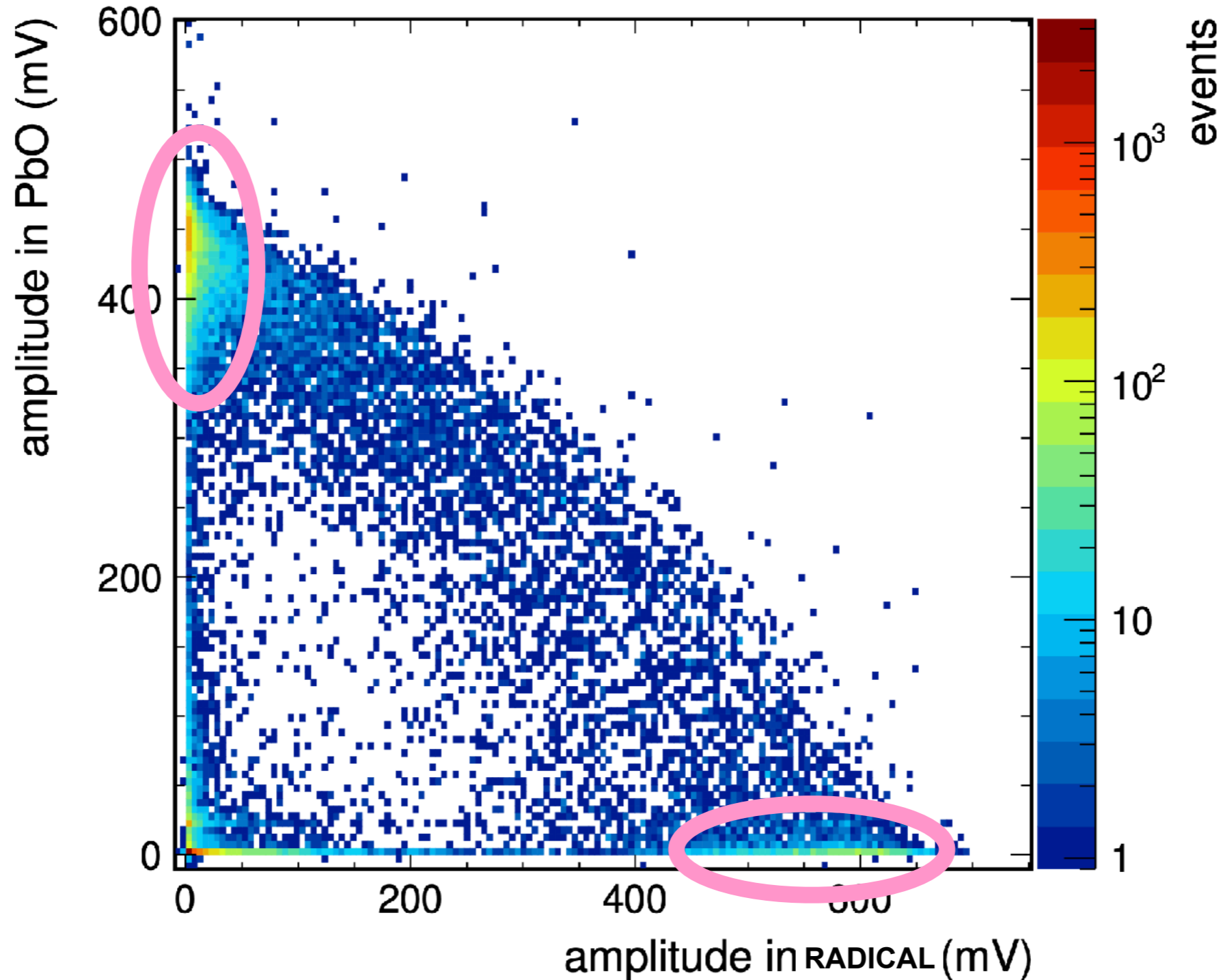
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV



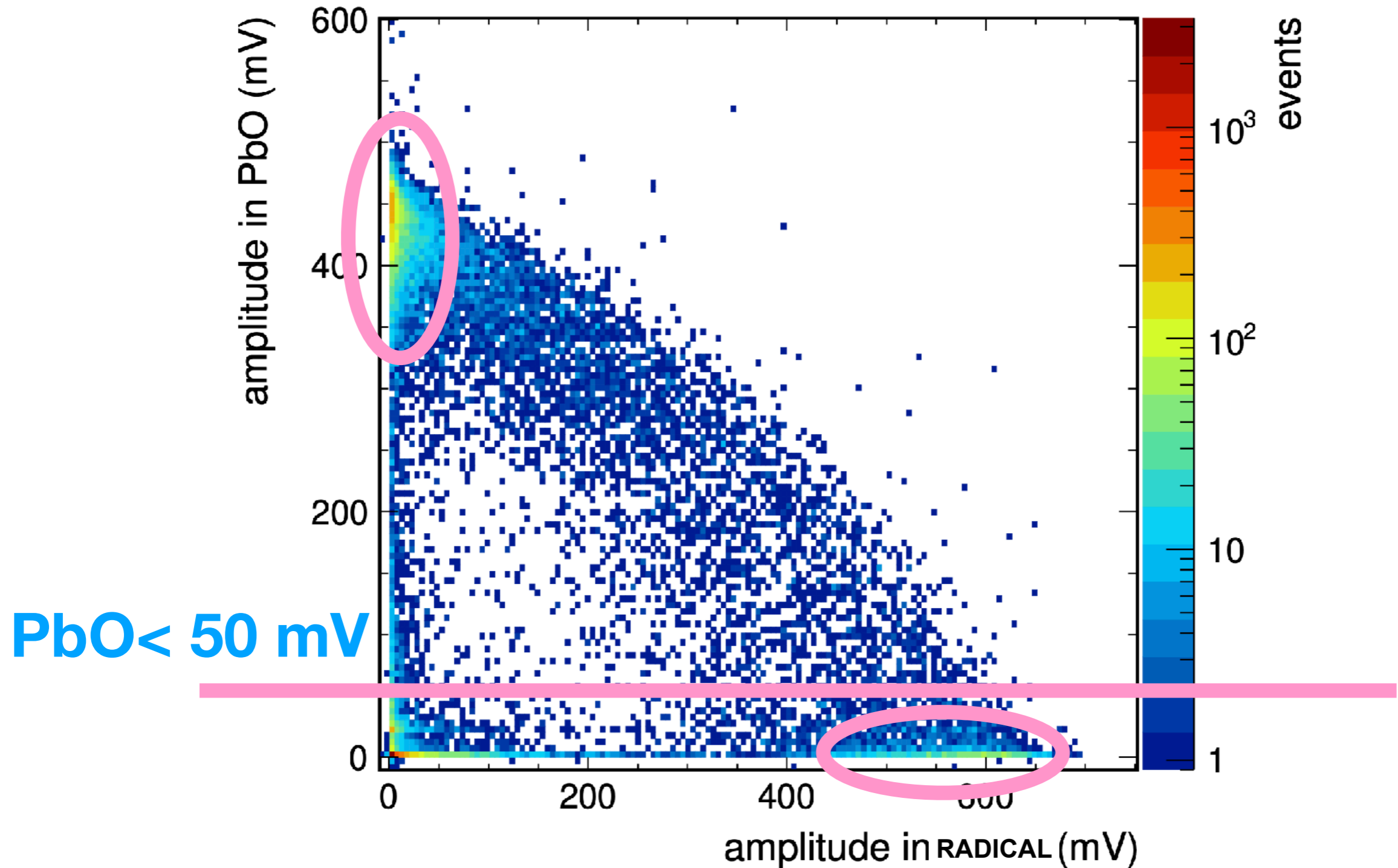
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV



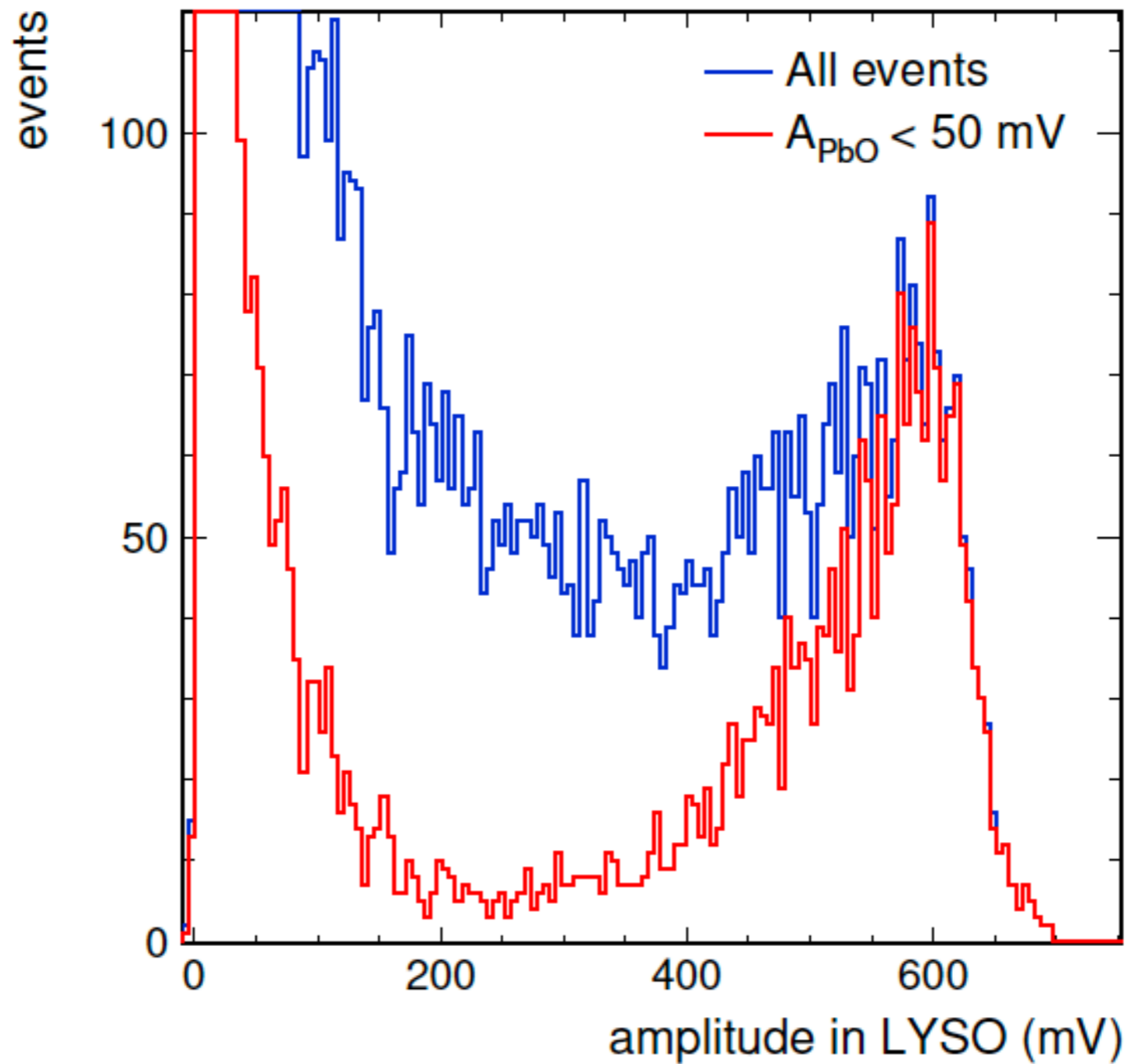
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV



RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV

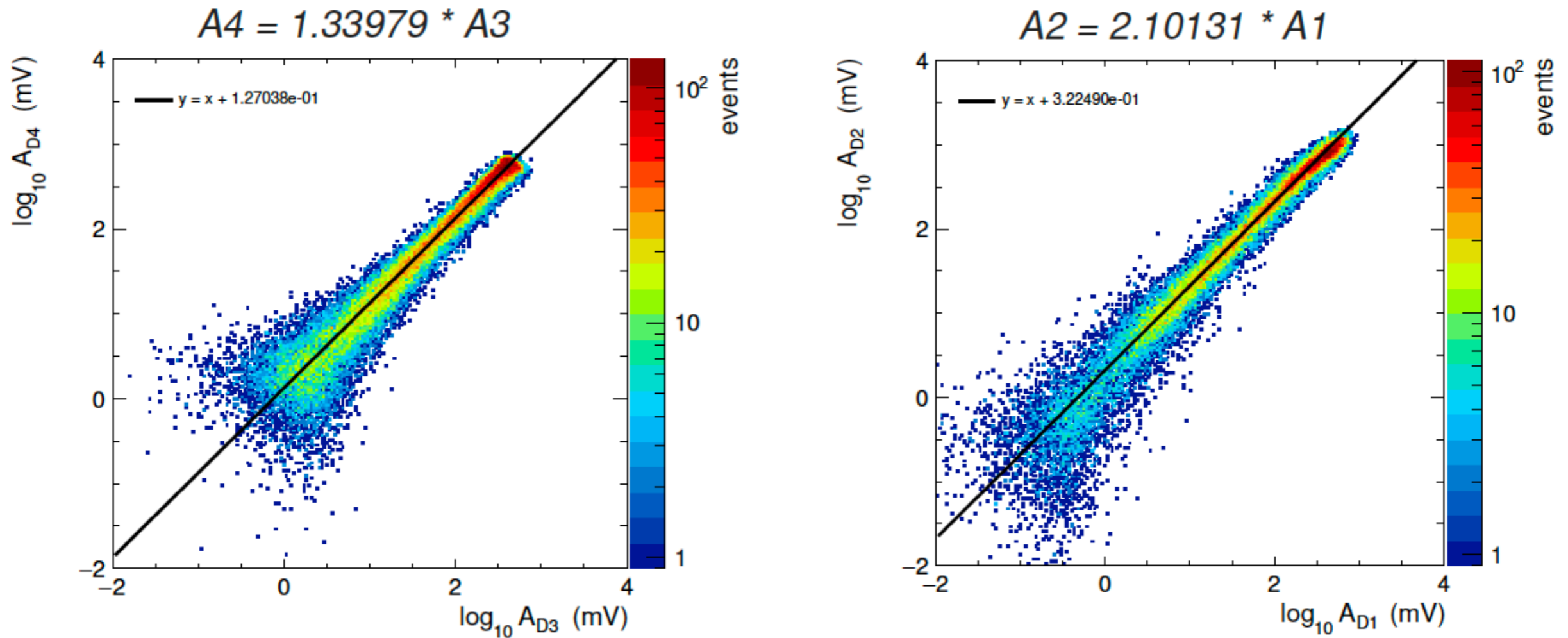


RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV



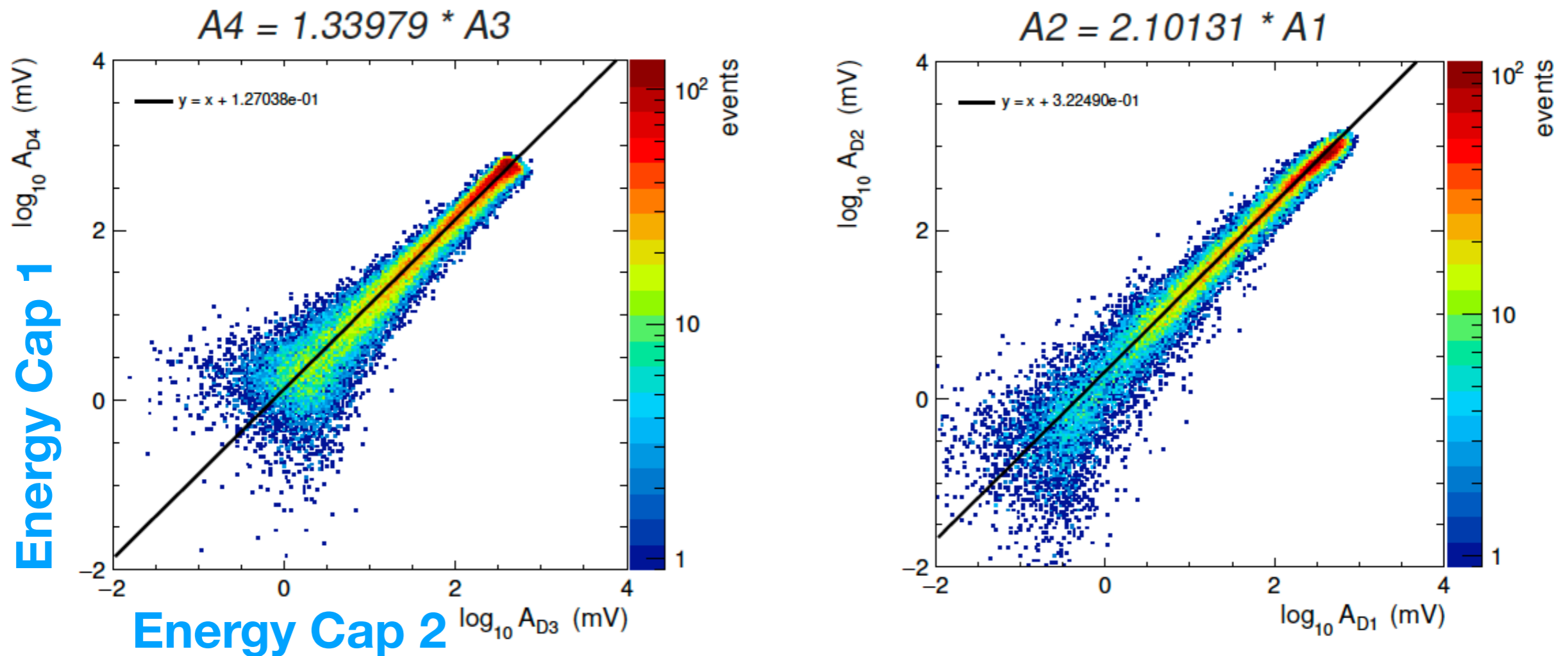
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV

Signal equalization between diagonal fibers



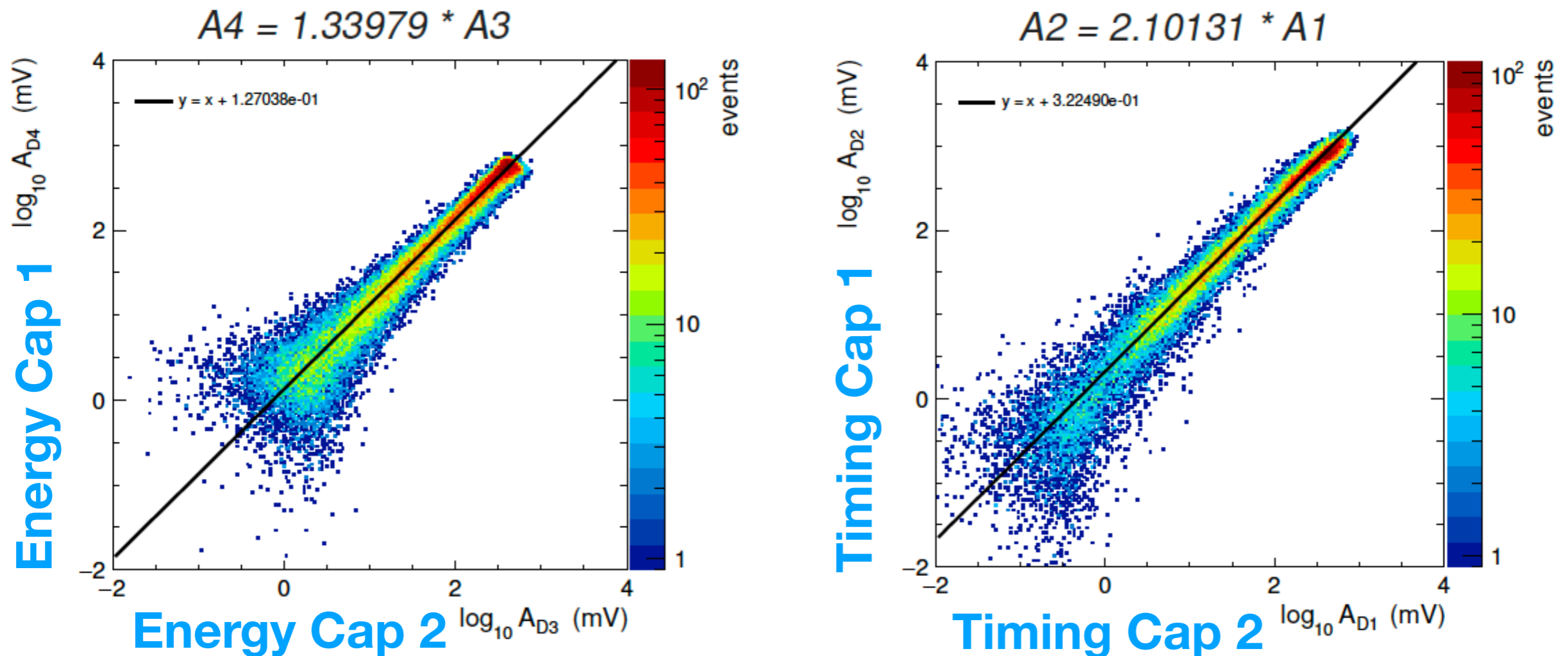
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV

Signal equalization between diagonal fibers



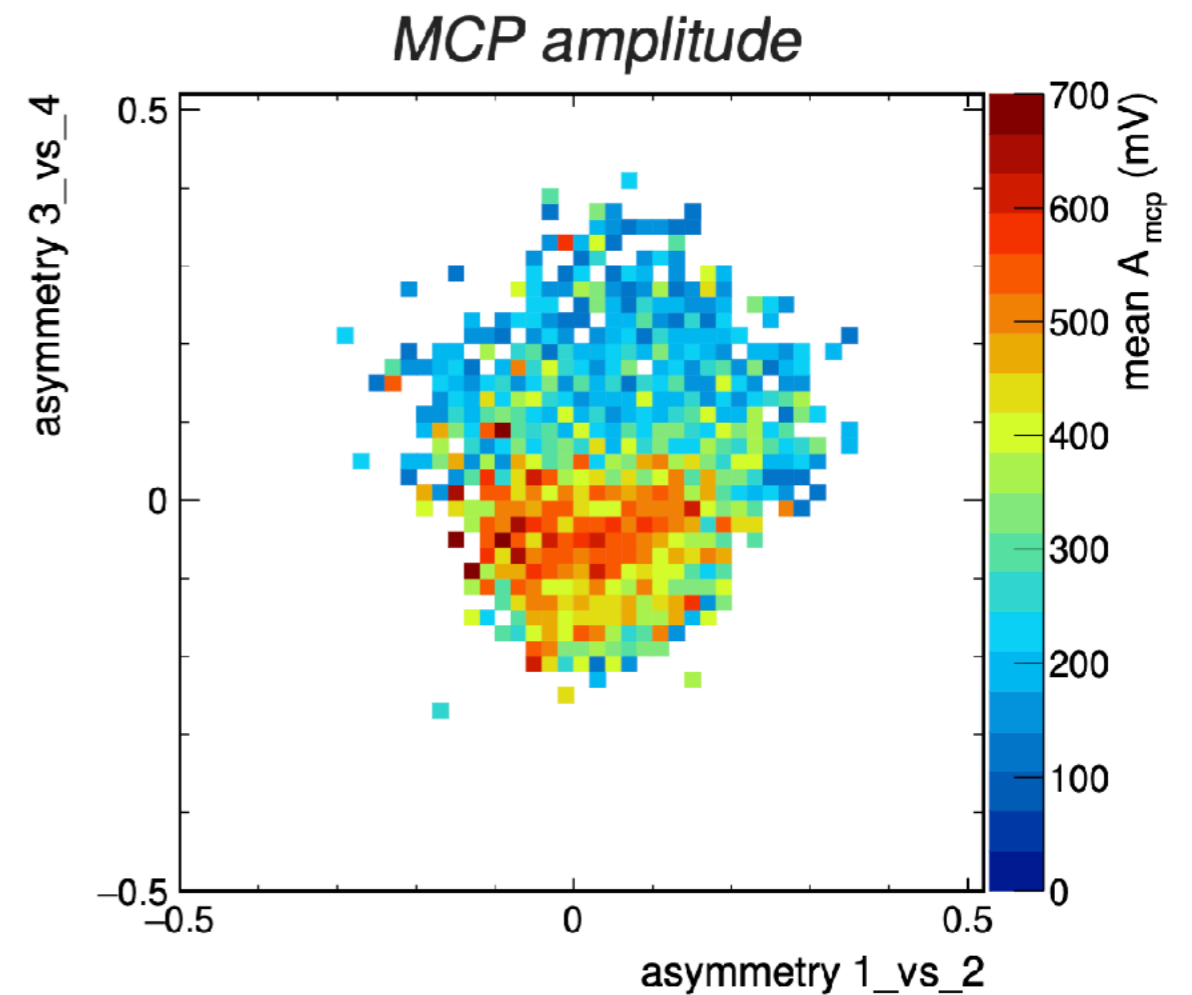
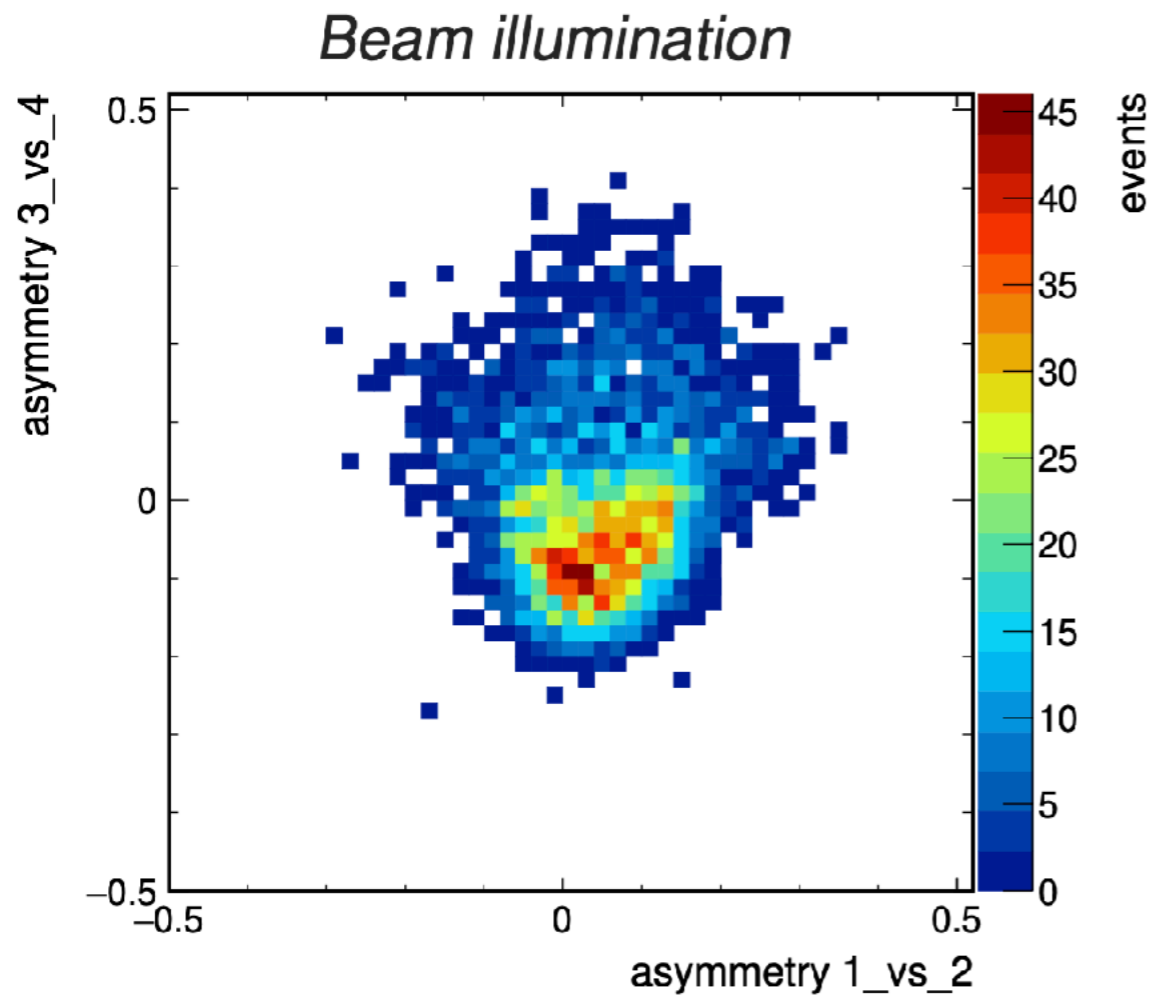
RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV

Signal equalization between diagonal fibers



RADiCAL at Fermilab 28 GeV

Beam Localization by Relative Signal Amplitude



Results thus far

Results thus far

- The results so far demonstrate:

Results thus far

- The results so far demonstrate:
 - The RADiCAL concept is an effective calorimeter.

Results thus far

- The results so far demonstrate:
 - The RADiCAL concept is an effective calorimeter.
 - The RADiCAL concept has potential to have 10s of ps timing resolution.

Results thus far

- The results so far demonstrate:
 - The RADiCAL concept is an effective calorimeter.
 - The RADiCAL concept has potential to have 10s of ps timing resolution.
 - The RADiCAL module is radiation hard.

Future Work

Future Work

- January 2023 Test Beam at Fermilab:

Future Work

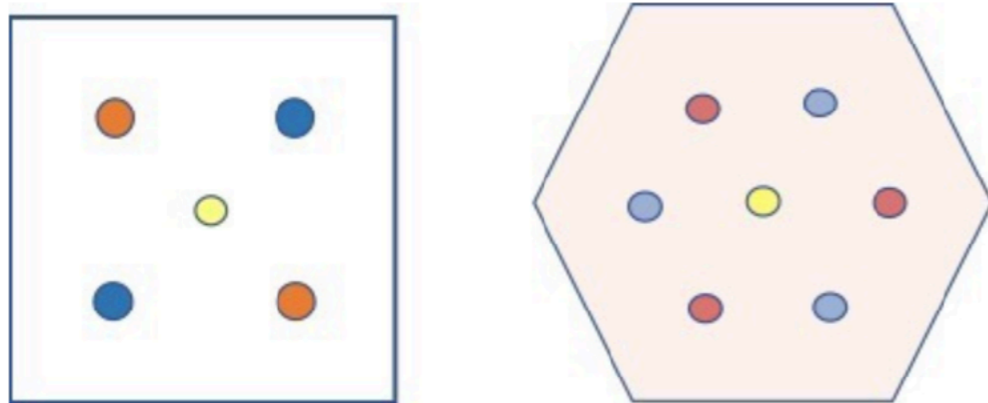
- January 2023 Test Beam at Fermilab:
 - Optimized electronics to reach sub-60 ps timing resolution.

Future Work

- January 2023 Test Beam at Fermilab:
 - Optimized electronics to reach sub-60 ps timing resolution.
 - Study spatial resolution of EM shower position reconstructed in the RADiCAL module vs incoming beam position with precise tracking.

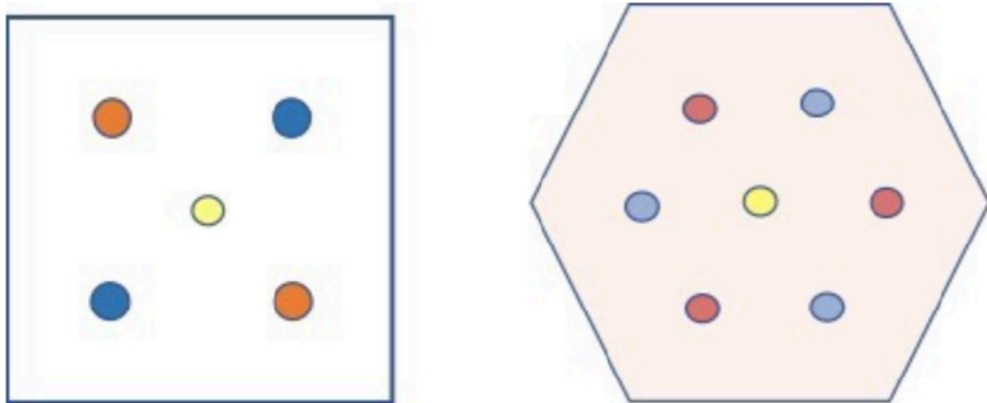
Future Work

- January 2023 Test Beam at Fermilab:
 - Optimized electronics to reach sub-60 ps timing resolution.
 - Study spatial resolution of EM shower position reconstructed in the RADiCAL module vs incoming beam position with precise tracking.
- Simulate different geometries:



Future Work

- January 2023 Test Beam at Fermilab:
 - Optimized electronics to reach sub-60 ps timing resolution.
 - Study spatial resolution of EM shower position reconstructed in the RADiCAL module vs incoming beam position with precise tracking.
- Simulate different geometries:



- Conduct Advanced Rad-hard Photosensor R&D

IOWA

Caltech



UNIVERSITY OF
NOTRE DAME



UNIVERSITY
of VIRGINIA

In Conclusion

Work Supported by in part by:

U. S. Department of Energy: DE-SC0017810.006

U. S. National Science Foundation: NSF-PHY-1914059

University of Notre Dame: Resilience and Recovery Grant Program



In Conclusion

- RADiCAL concept has been tested at the Fermilab Test Beam Facility and demonstrates its potential as an effective rad hard EM calorimeter.

Work Supported by in part by:

U. S. Department of Energy: DE-SC0017810.006

U. S. National Science Foundation: NSF-PHY-1914059

University of Notre Dame: Resilience and Recovery Grant Program



Thank You!

